



Landscape genetics of a springtail endemic to Marion Island

Daniela Monsanto

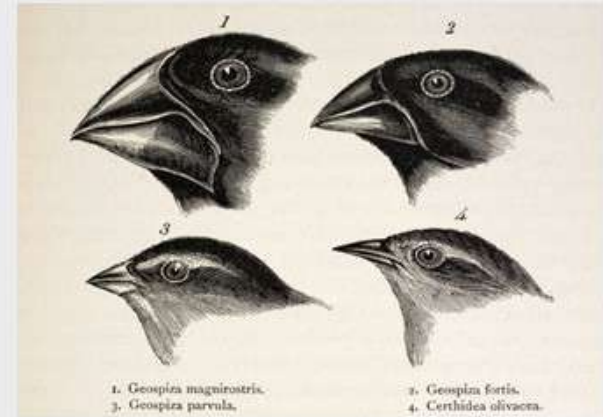
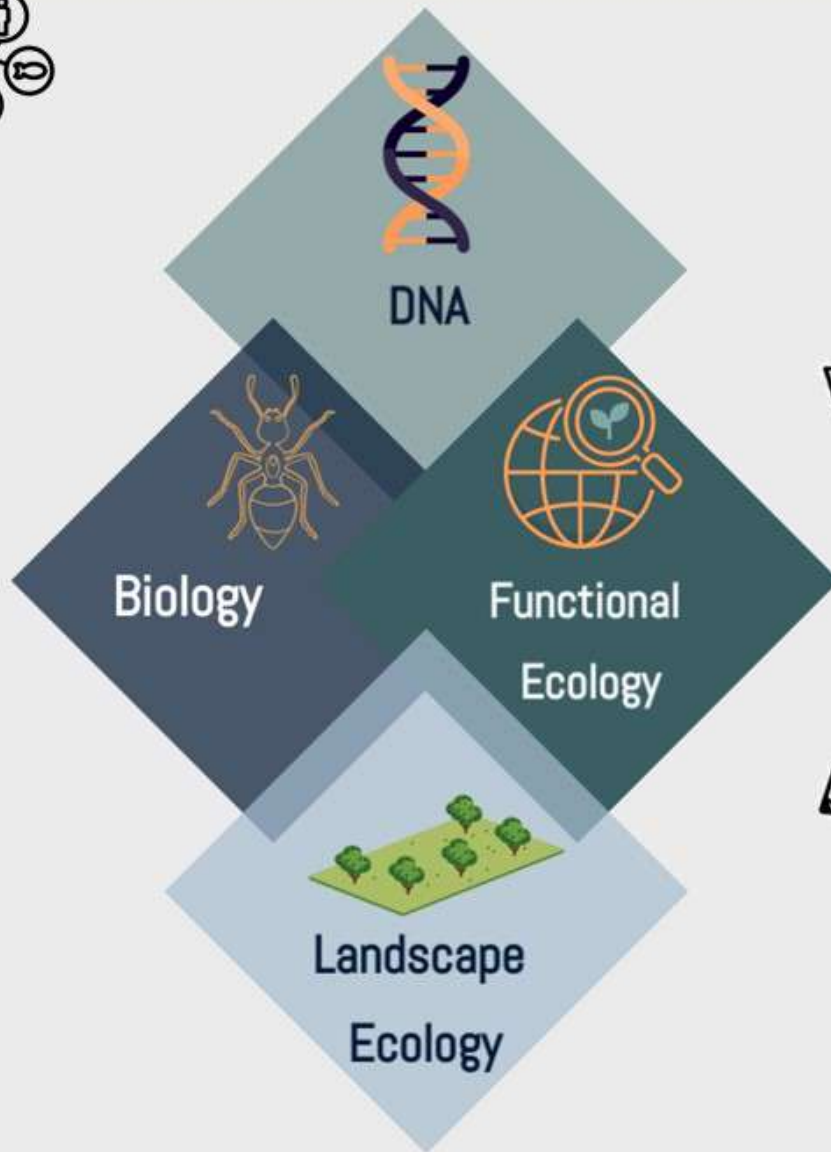
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Peter Teske, Bettine van Vuuren

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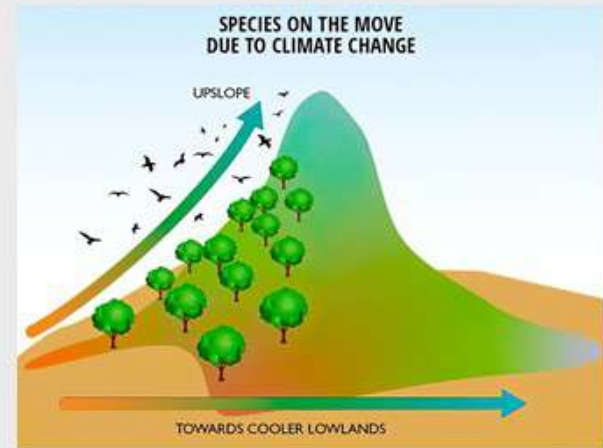


National
Research
Foundation

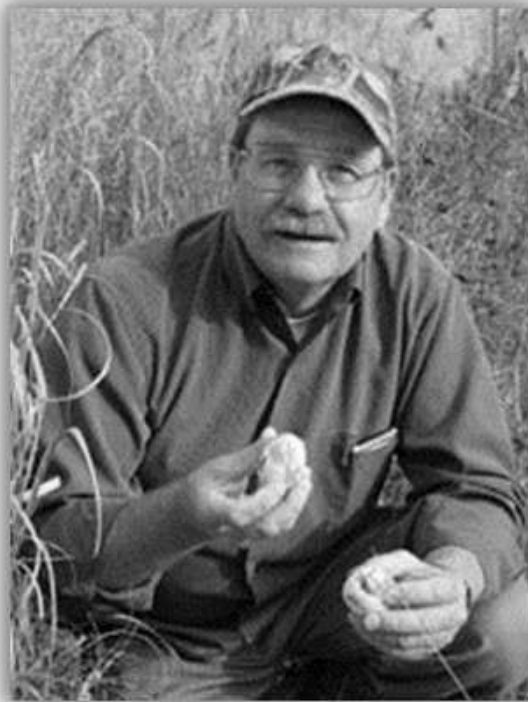




Historical (past speciation)



Contemporary (climate change)



“

Landscape ecology is the study of the **pattern and interaction between ecosystems** within a region of interest, and the way the **interactions affect ecological processes**, especially the unique **effects of spatial heterogeneity** on these interactions.

William Clark (Prof Emeritus, Iowa State University)
Principles of Landscape Ecology, Nature Education Knowledge, 2010

”



Interior habitat

Edge habitat



White-plumed Honeyeater (Amos et al., 2012, 2014)



Eastern Fox Snake (Row et al., 2010)

Landscape heterogeneity

- Inter-habitat distance
- Matrix composition
- Barriers

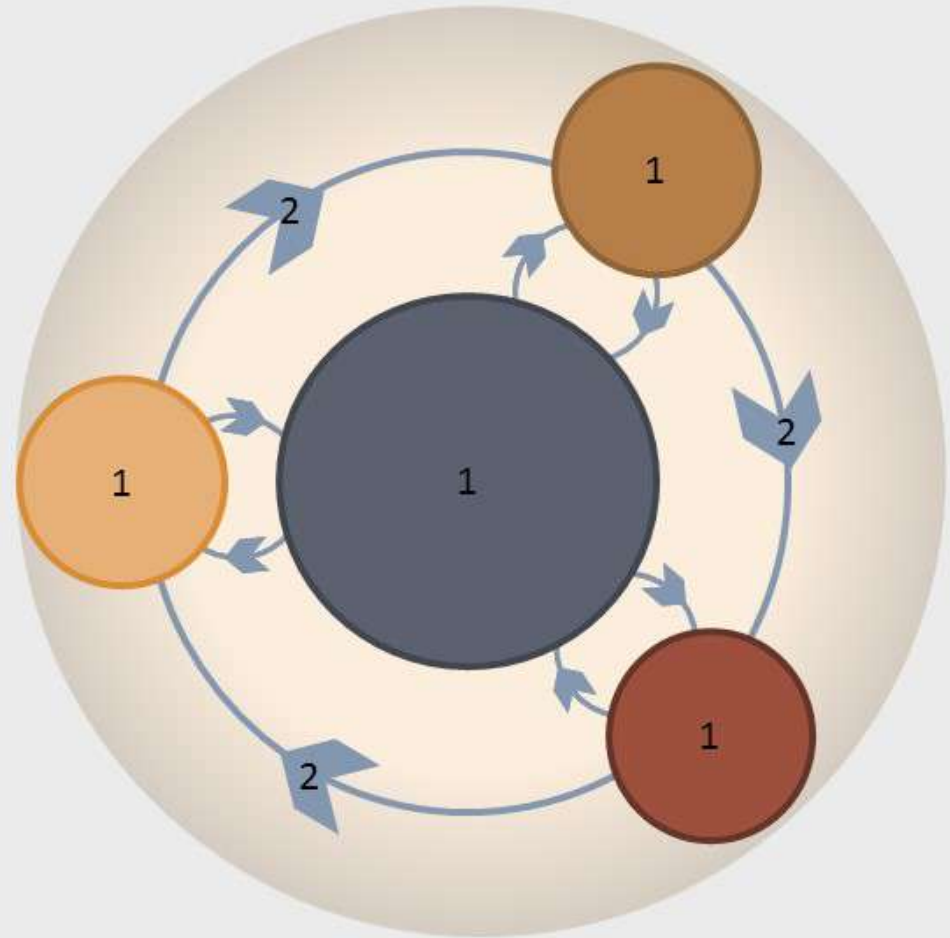


Intrinsic characteristics

- Dispersal strategies
- Vagility through land-cover types
- Male vs female



1 Composition (type) + 2 Function (process) = 3 Structure (pattern)

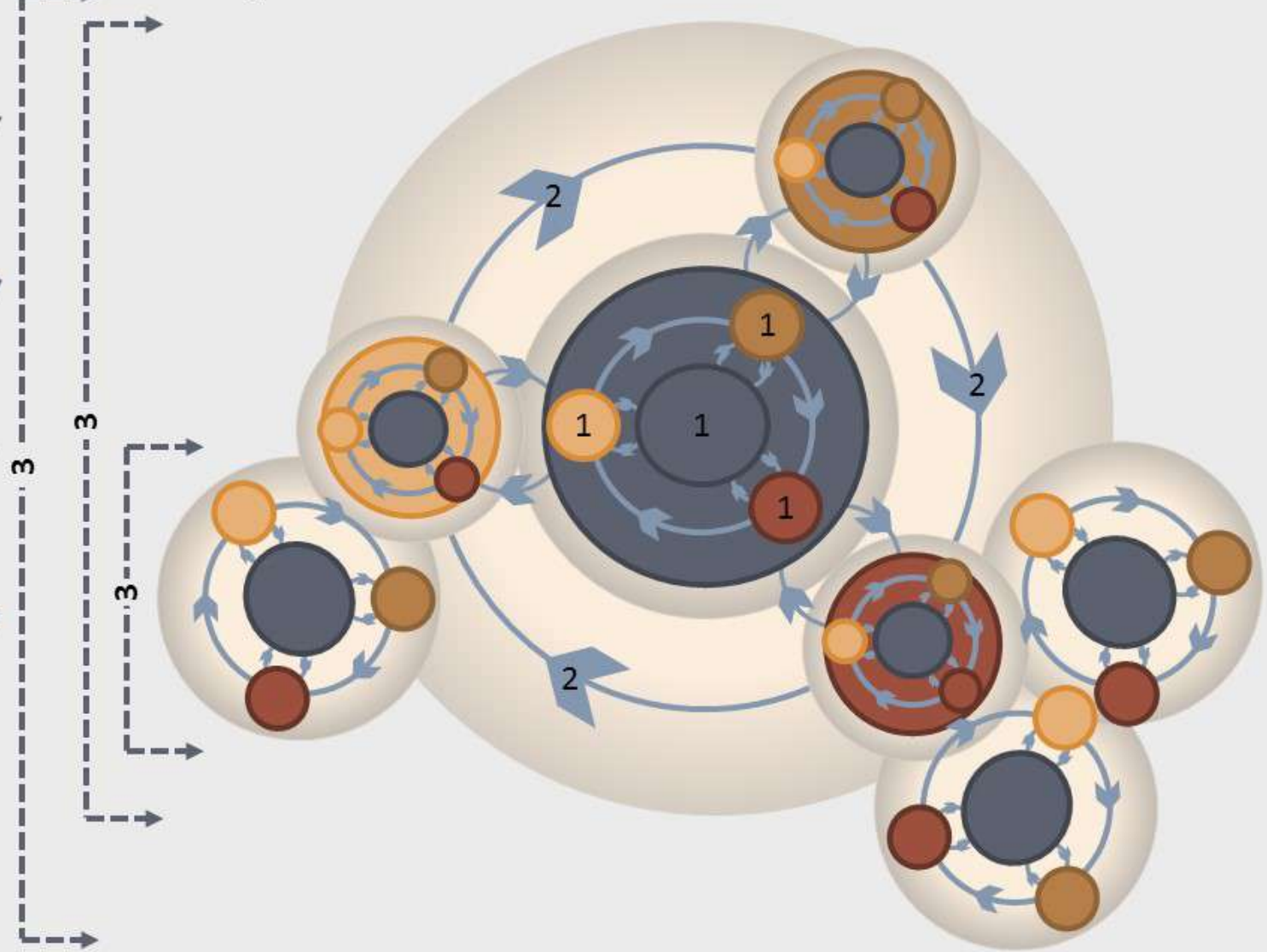
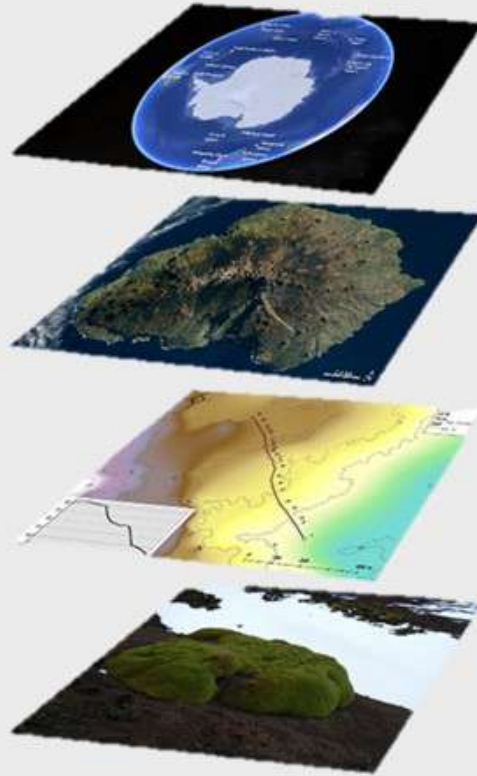


INTRODUCTION

POPULATION DYNAMICS



1 Composition (type) + 2 Function (process) = 3 Structure (pattern)



MacFadyen, 2010



Review

TRENDS in Ecology and Evolution Vol.18 No.4 April 2003

2003

189

Landscape genetics: combining landscape ecology and population genetics

Stéphanie Manel¹, Michael K. Schwartz², Gordon Luikart¹ and Pierre Taberlet¹



Heredity (2007) 98, 128–142

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www.nature.com/hdy

2007

REVIEW

Putting the 'landscape' in landscape genetics

A Storfer¹, MA Murphy¹, JS Evans², CS Goldberg³, S Robinson³, SF Spear¹, R Dezzani⁴, E Delmelle⁴, L Vierling⁵ and LP Waits³

MOLECULAR ECOLOGY

Molecular Ecology (2010) 19, 3496–3514

2010

doi: 10.1111/j.1365-294X.2010.04691.x

Landscape genetics: where are we now?

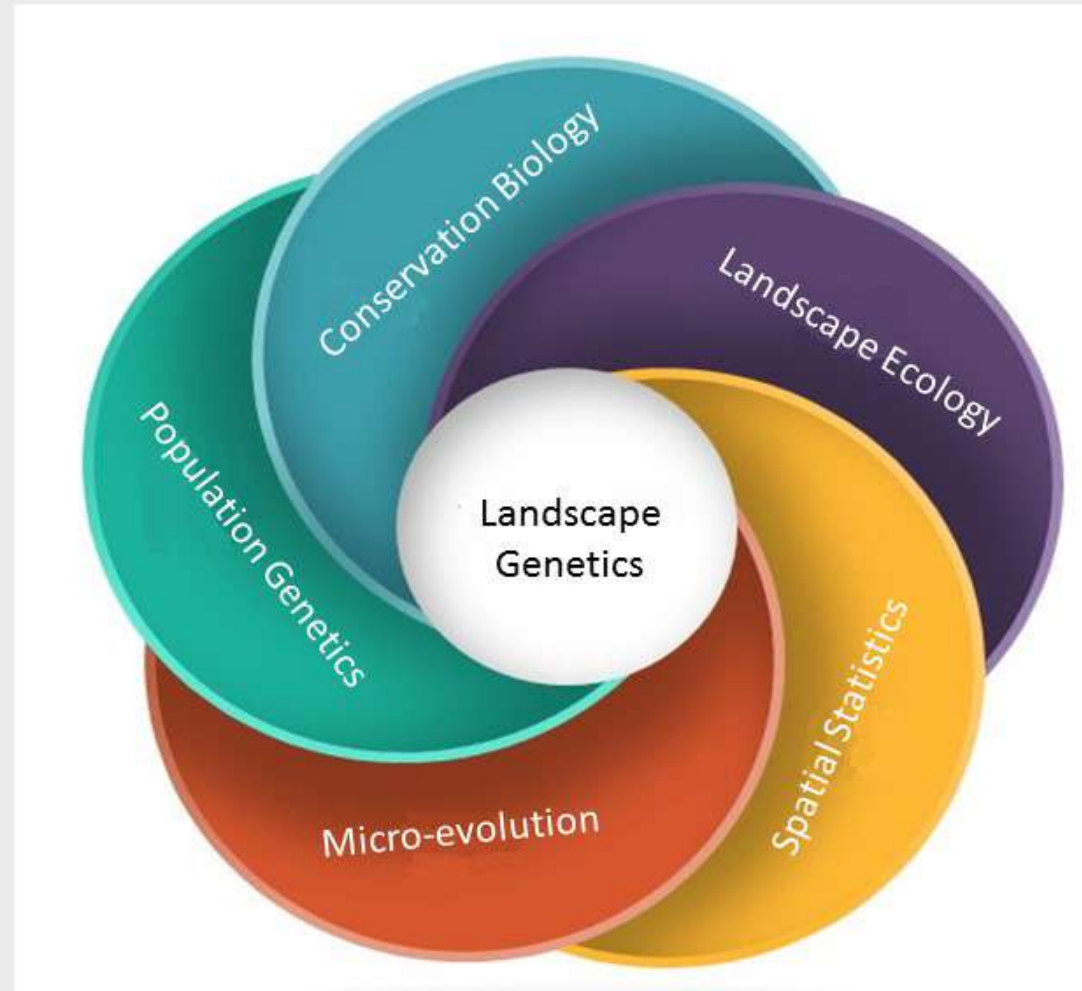
ANDREW STORFER,* MELANIE A. MURPHY,† STEPHEN F. SPEAR,‡§ ROLF HOLDEREGGER* and LISETTE P. WAITS§

Review

2013

Ten years of landscape genetics

Stéphanie Manel^{1,2} and Rolf Holderegger^{3,4}



Adapted from Murphy and Evans, 2011

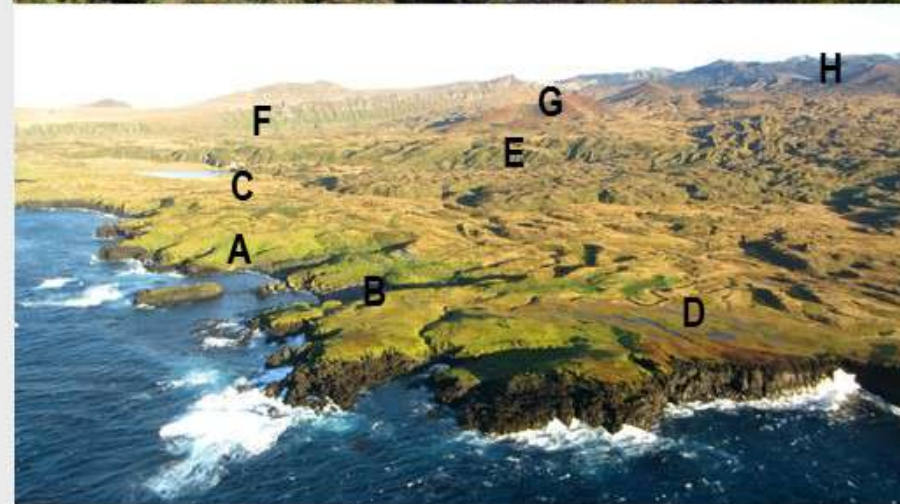
WHAT SHAPES BIODIVERSITY PATTERNS ON MARION ISLAND?



1. Island history
2. Climate
3. Heterogeneous landscape
4. The organism



Cryptopygus antarcticus travei



- A – ST 1 sub-Antarctic Coastal Vegetation
- B – ST 2 sub-Antarctic Biotic Herbfield and Grassland
- C – ST 3 sub-Antarctic Mire
- D – ST 4 sub-Antarctic Drainage Line and Spring Vegetation
- E – ST 5 sub-Antarctic Fernbrake Vegetation
- F – ST 6 sub-Antarctic Fellfield
- G – ST 7 sub-Antarctic Cinder Cone Vegetation
- H – PD 1 sub-Antarctic Polar Desert

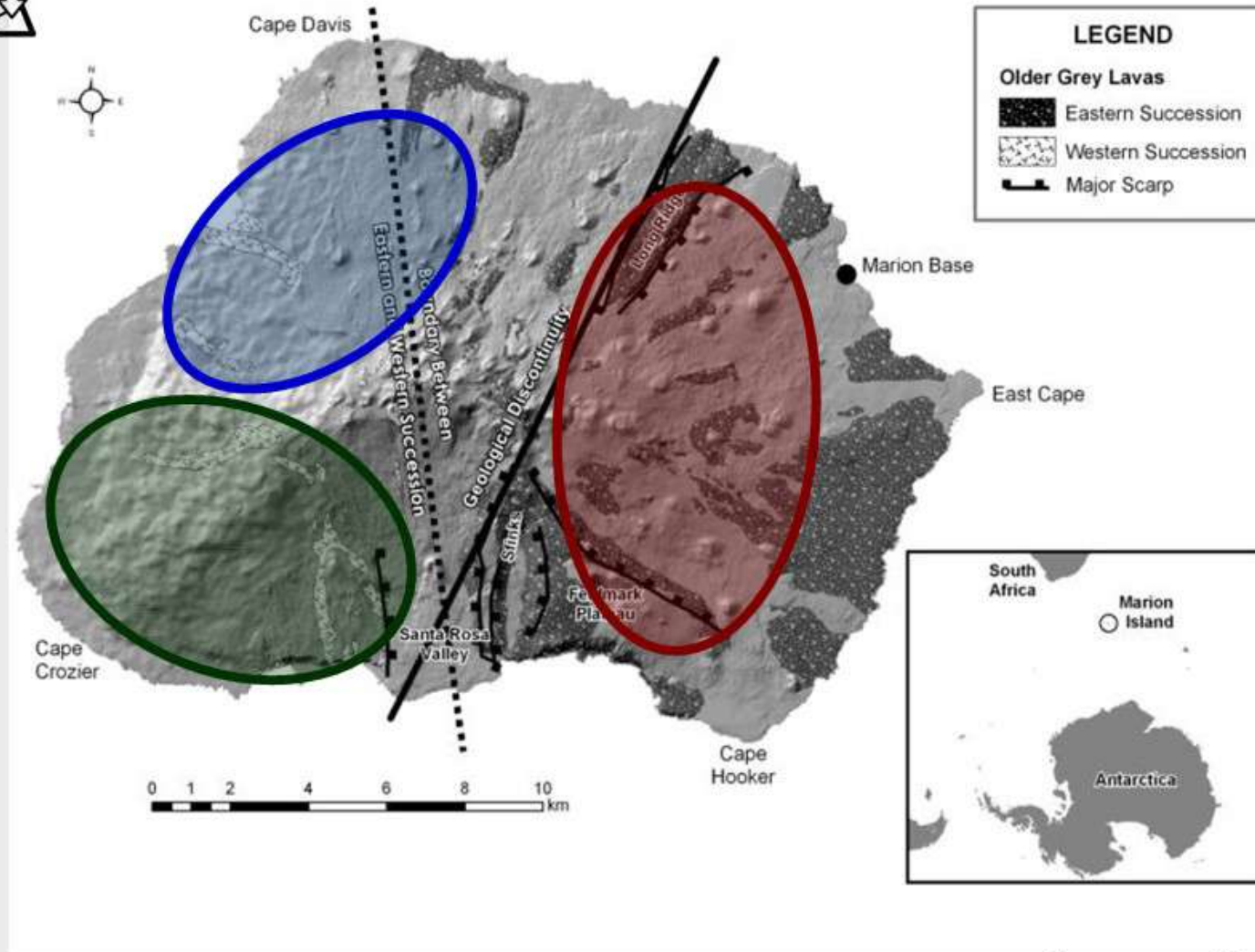
INTRODUCTION

SCALE

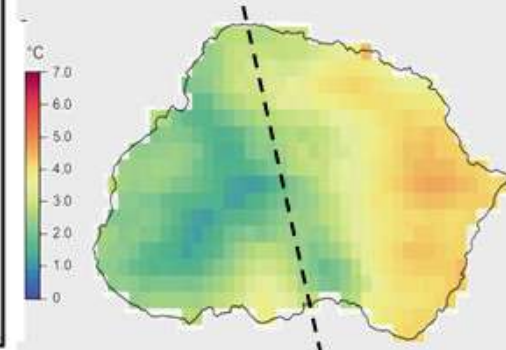


INTRODUCTION

PREVIOUS RESEARCH - LARGE SPATIAL SCALES



Pringleophaga marioni



Groenewald, unpublished; Leihy et al., 2018



MOLECULAR ECOLOGY

Molecular Ecology (2012) 21, 184–194

doi: 10.1111/j.1365-294X.2011.05372.x

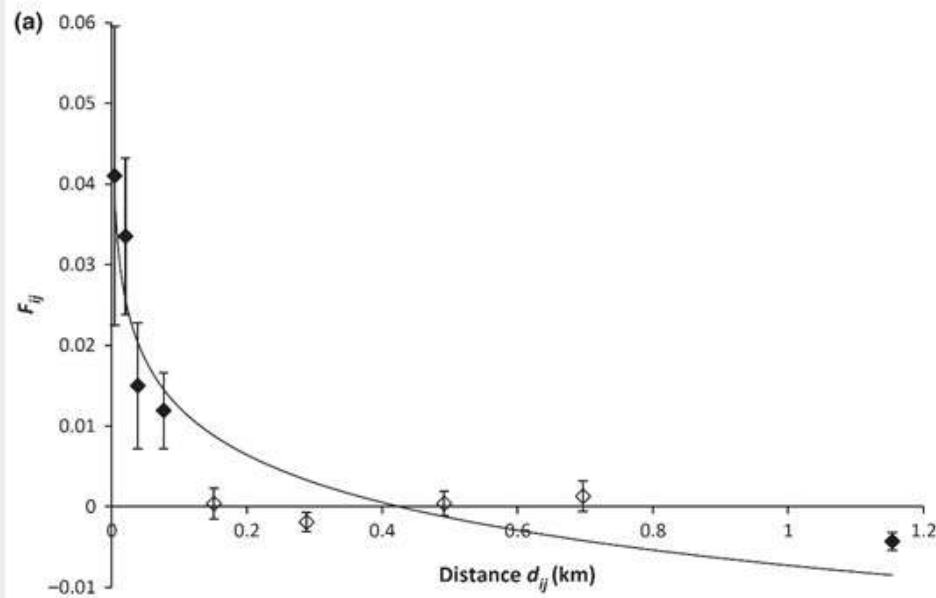
Plant dispersal in the sub-Antarctic inferred from anisotropic genetic structure

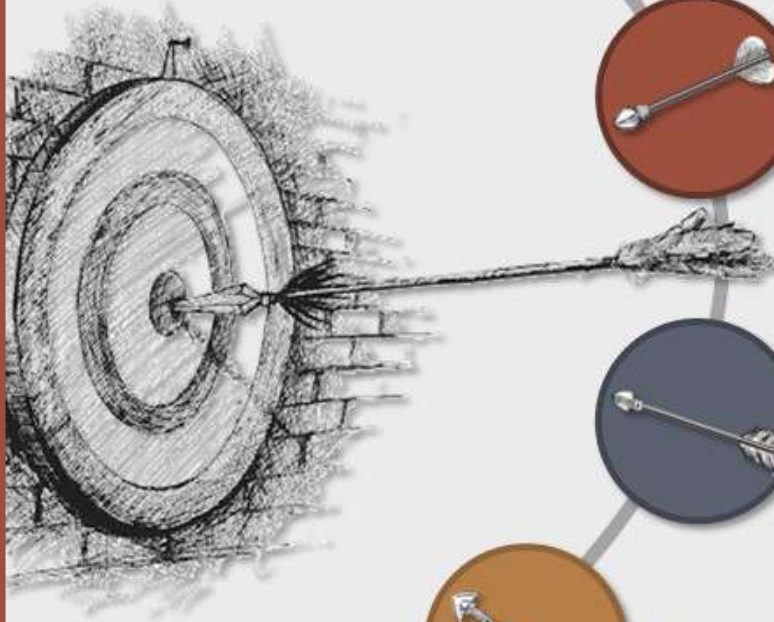
CÉLINE BORN,* PETER C. LE ROUX,† COLIN SPOHR,* MELODIE A. McGEOCH,‡ and BETTINE JANSEN VAN VUUREN*,†

*Evolutionary Genomics Group, Department of Botany and Zoology, Stellenbosch University, Private Bag XI, Matieland 7602, South Africa, †Centre for Invasion Biology, Department of Botany and Zoology, Stellenbosch University, Private Bag XI, Matieland 7602, South Africa, ‡Cape Research Centre, South African National Parks, PO Box 216, Steenberg 7947, South Africa



Azorella selago





1. Explore genetic structure of a springtail endemic to Marion Island



2. Identify landscape features that facilitate or impede gene flow

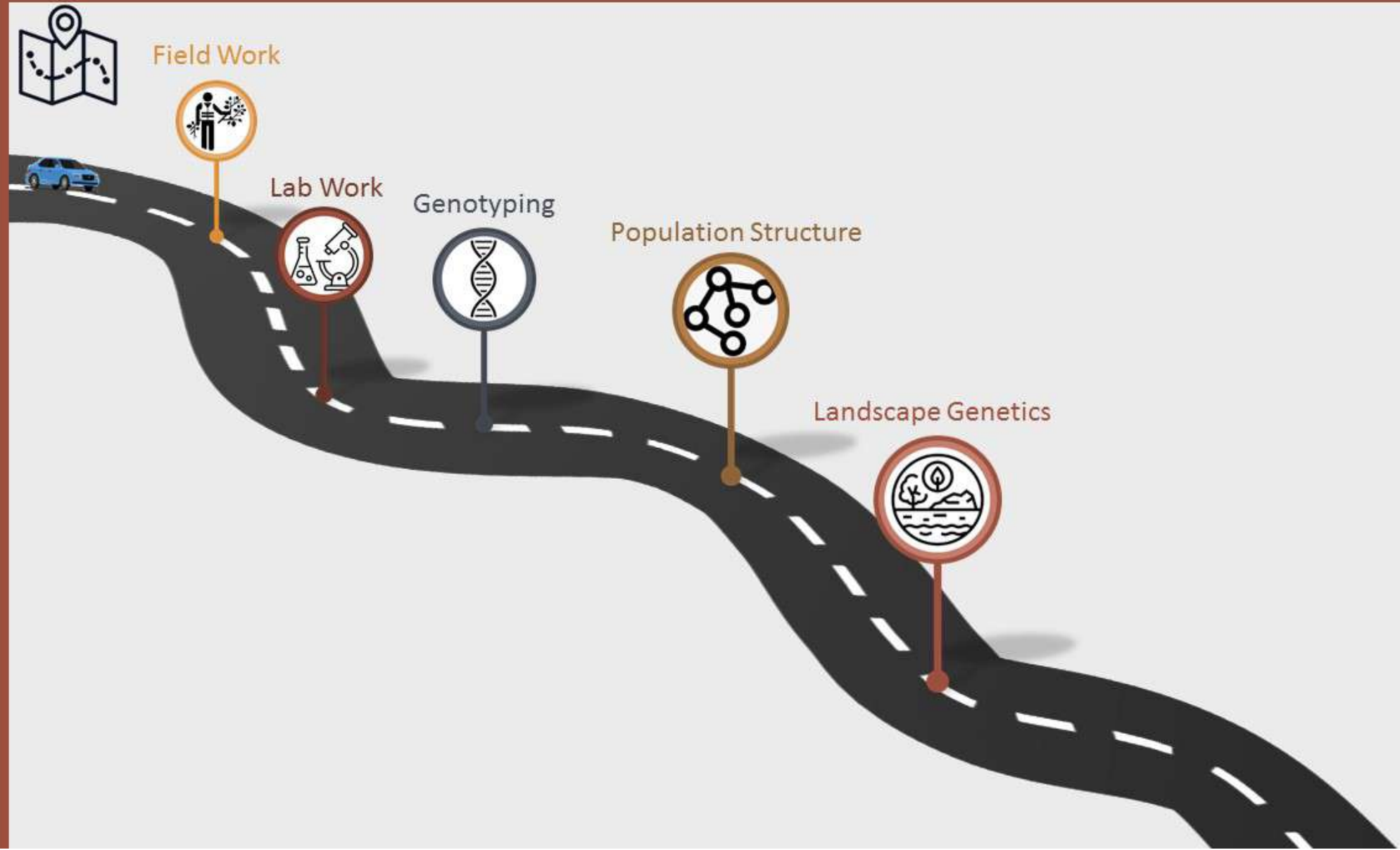


3. Identify the role that the environment plays in shaping genetic structure

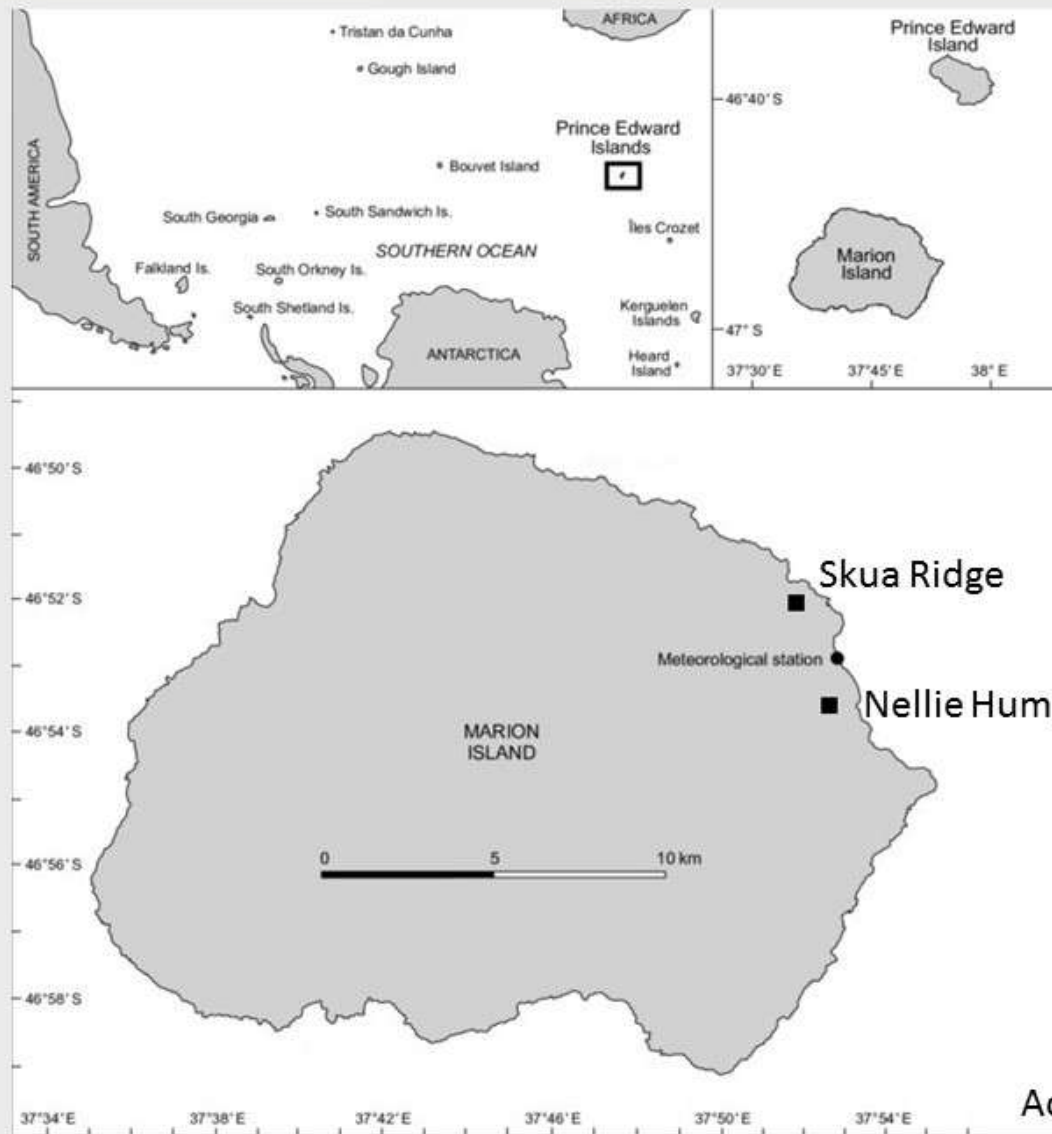


4. Determine the direction and drivers of gene flow

CURRENT STUDY - WORKFLOW

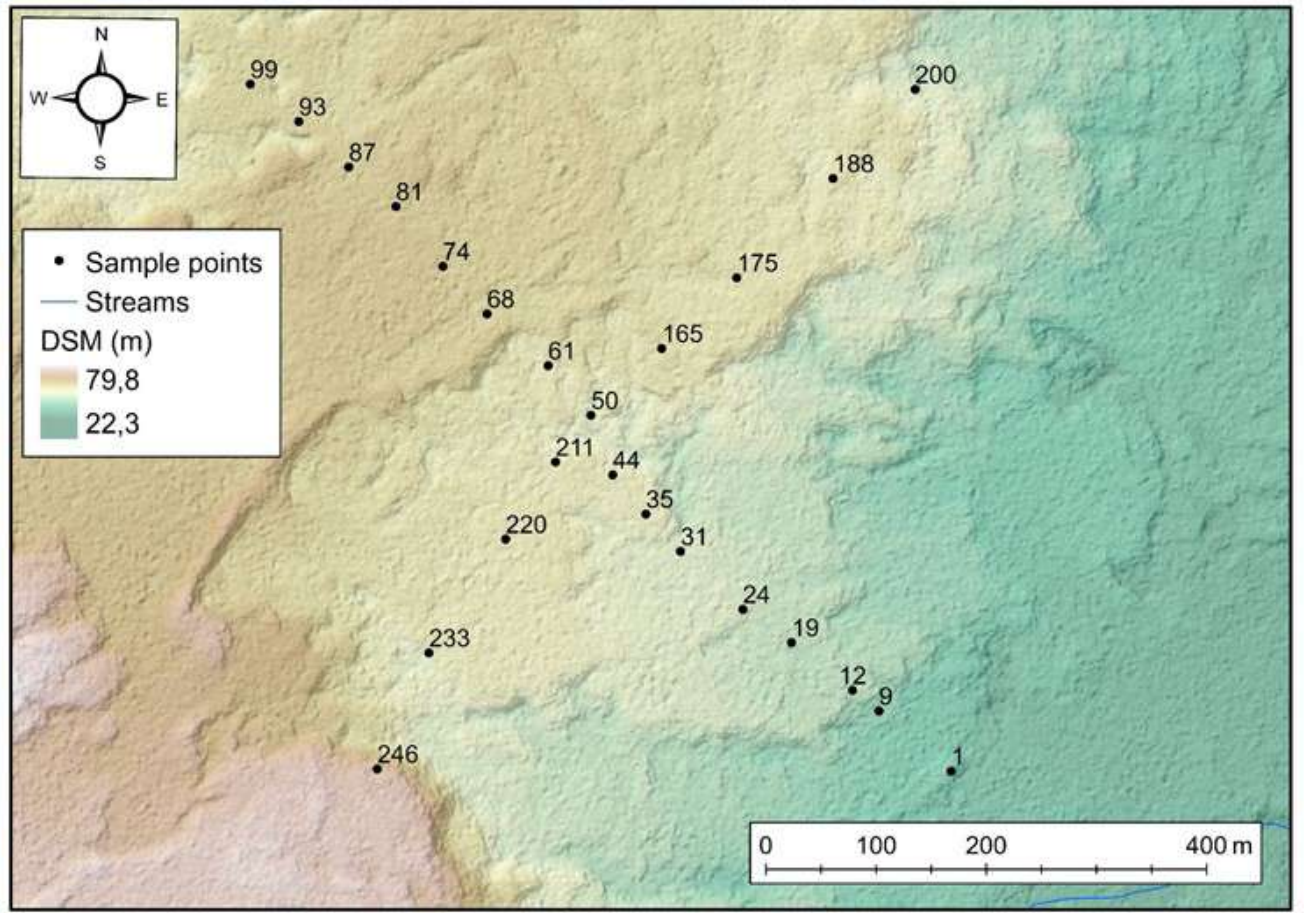
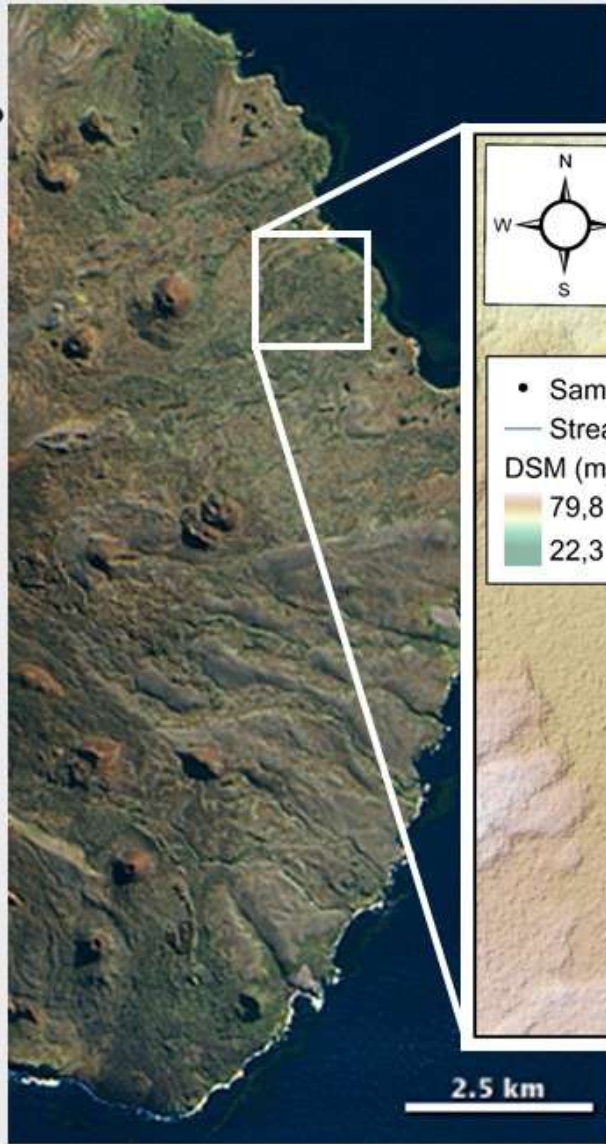


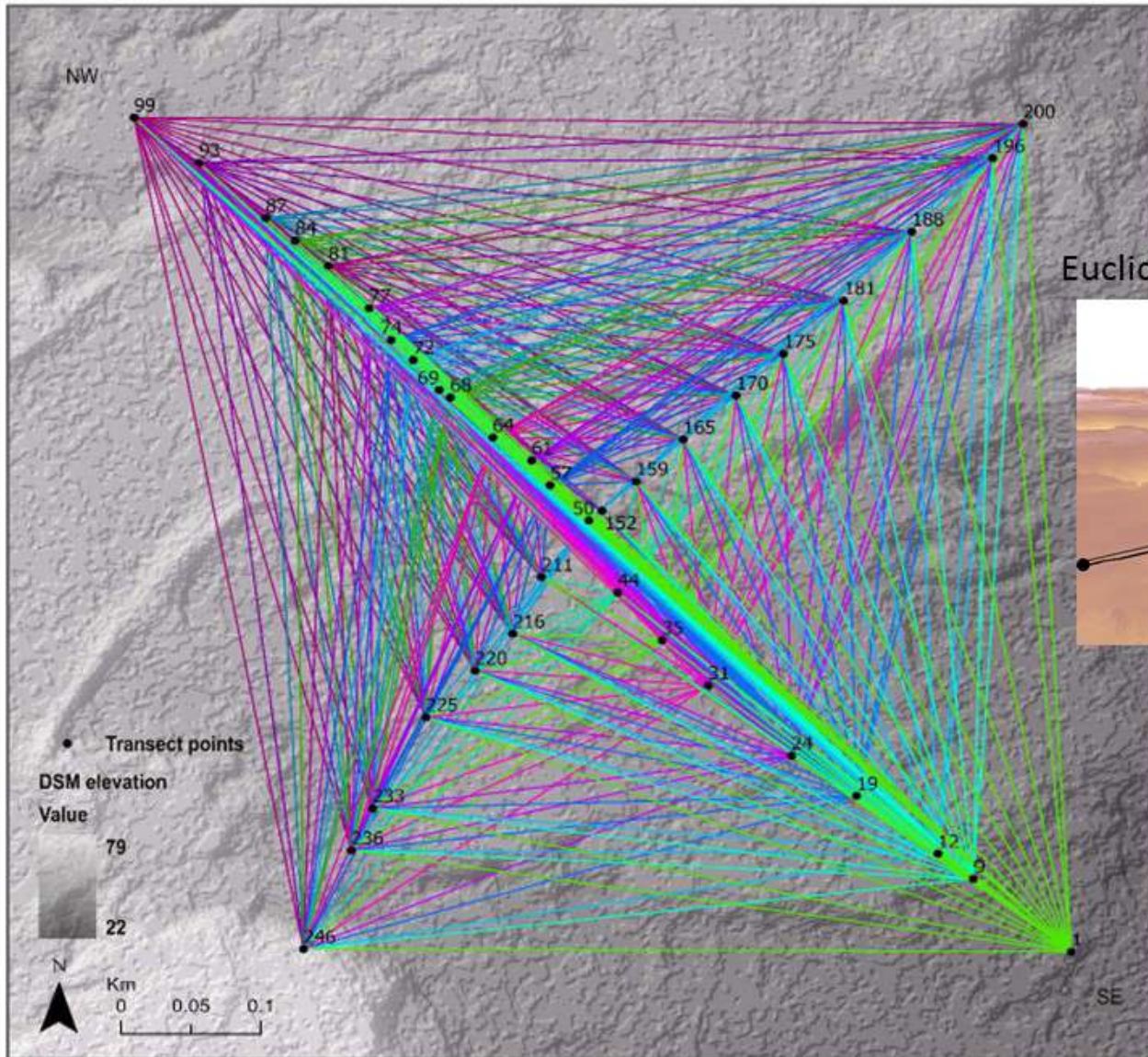
STUDY SITES



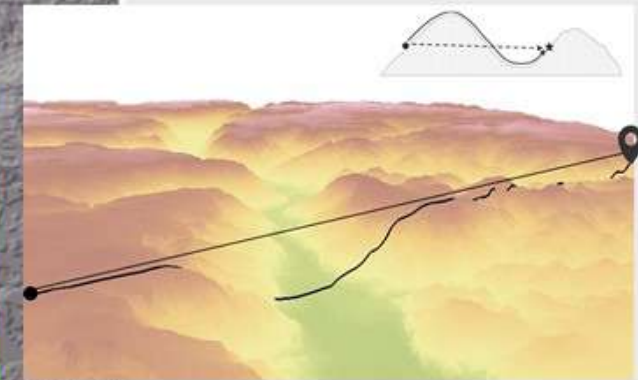
Adapted from Pistorius et al., 2011

NELLIE HUMPS TRANSECT



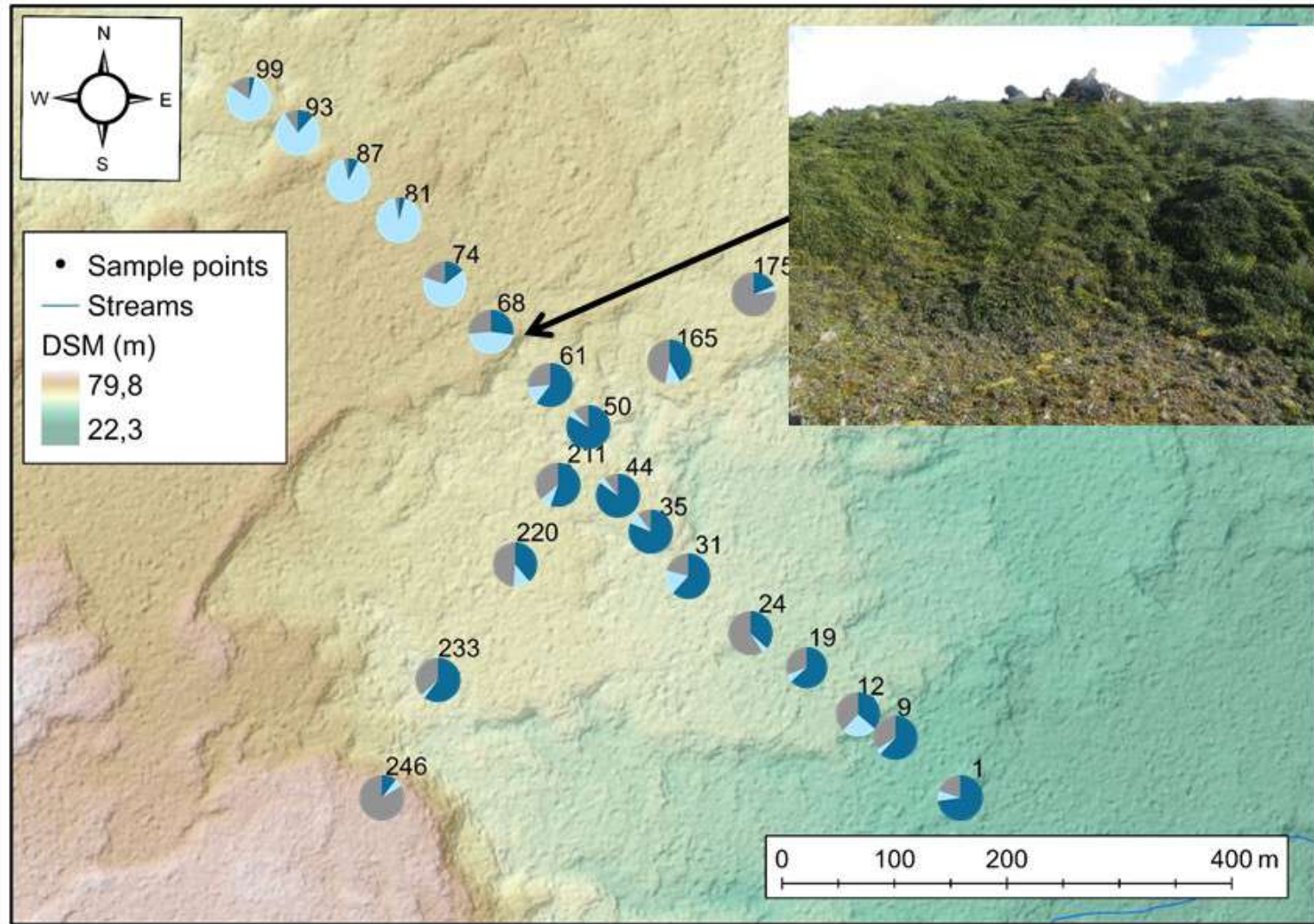


Euclidean distance vs surface distance



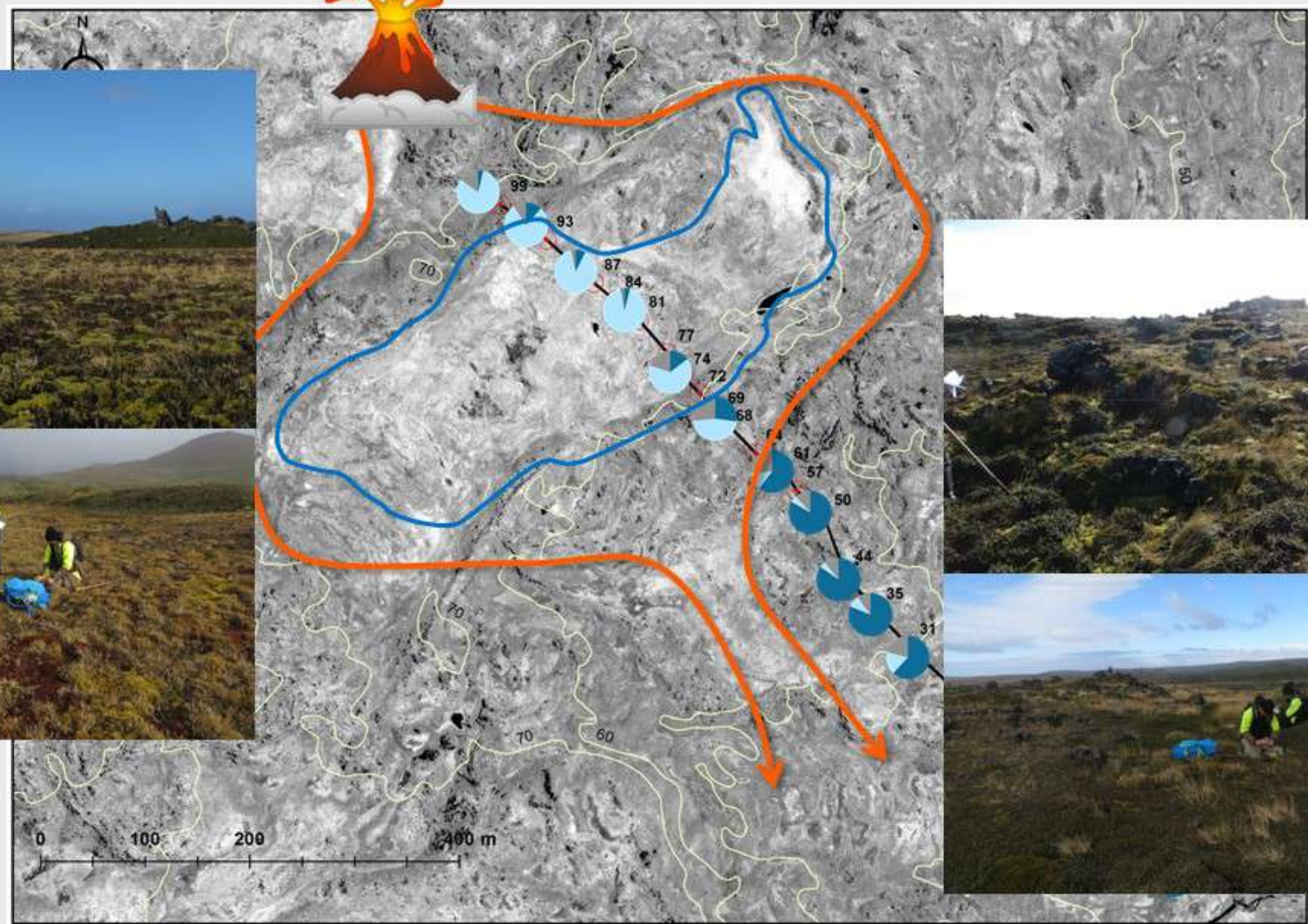
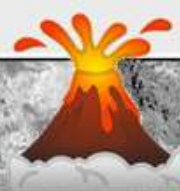
RESULTS

NELLIE HUMPS TRANSECT

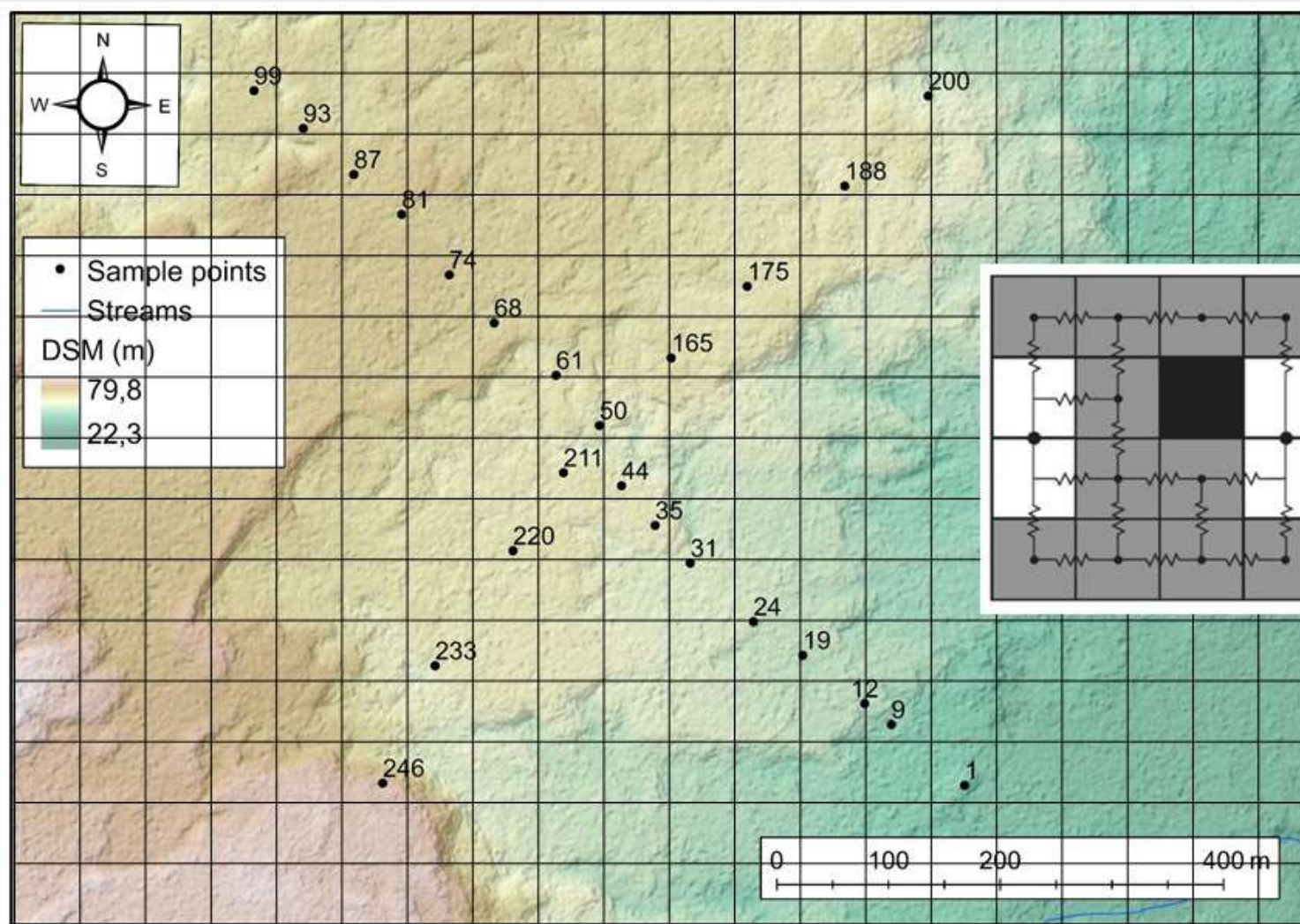


RESULTS

NELLIE HUMPS TRANSECT



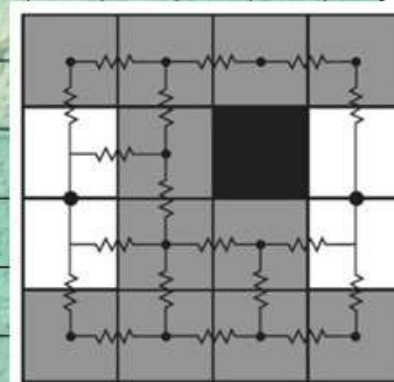
NELLIE HUMPS TRANSECT



Terrain roughness = resistance

↑ High resistance
↓ Low resistance

- Sample points
- Streams
- DSM (m)
79,8
22,3



- Resistor
- Node
- Finite resistance
- Infinite resistance
- Zero resistance

RESULTS

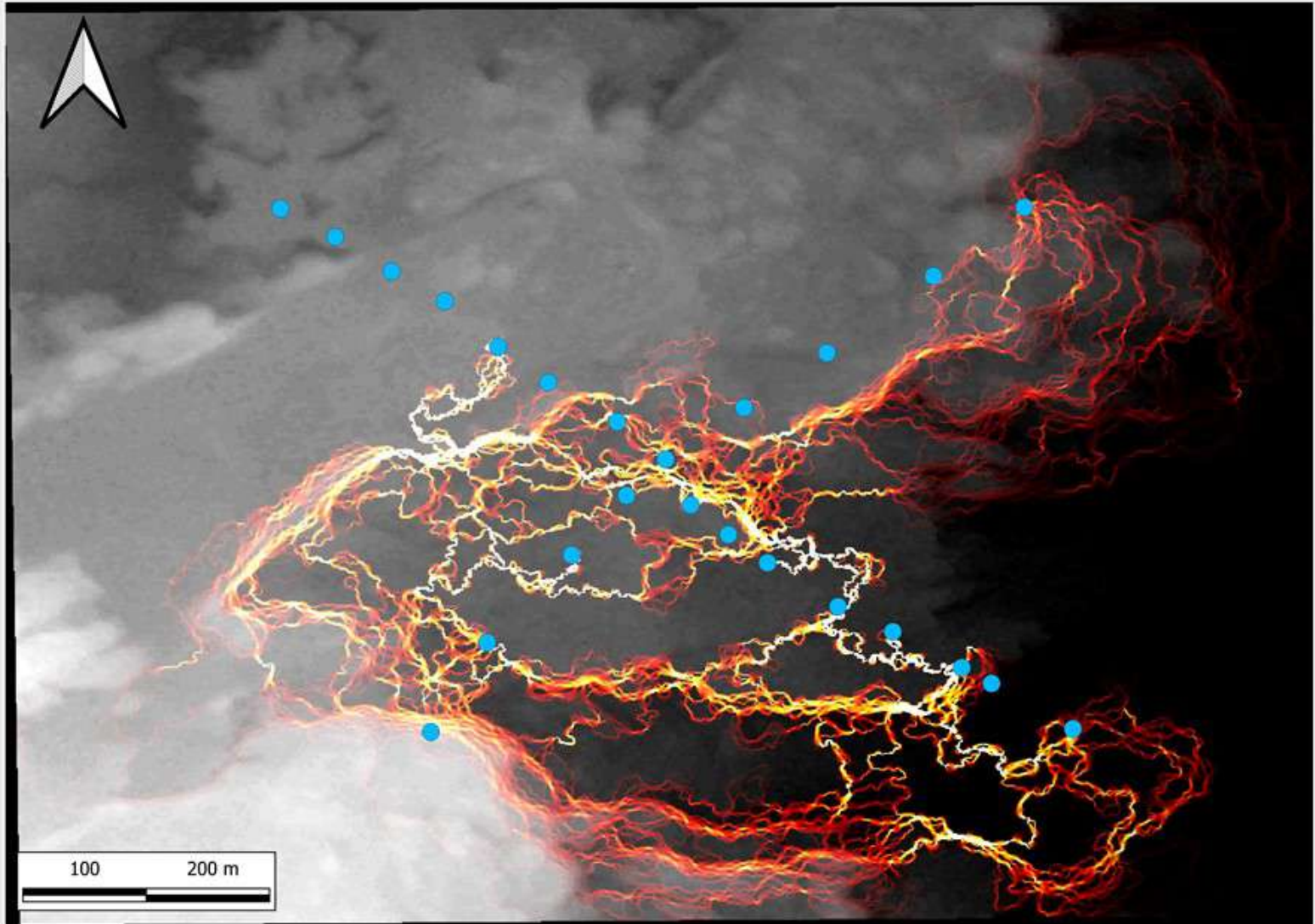
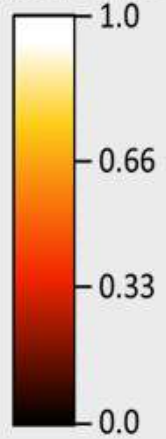
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DSM (m)



Resistance



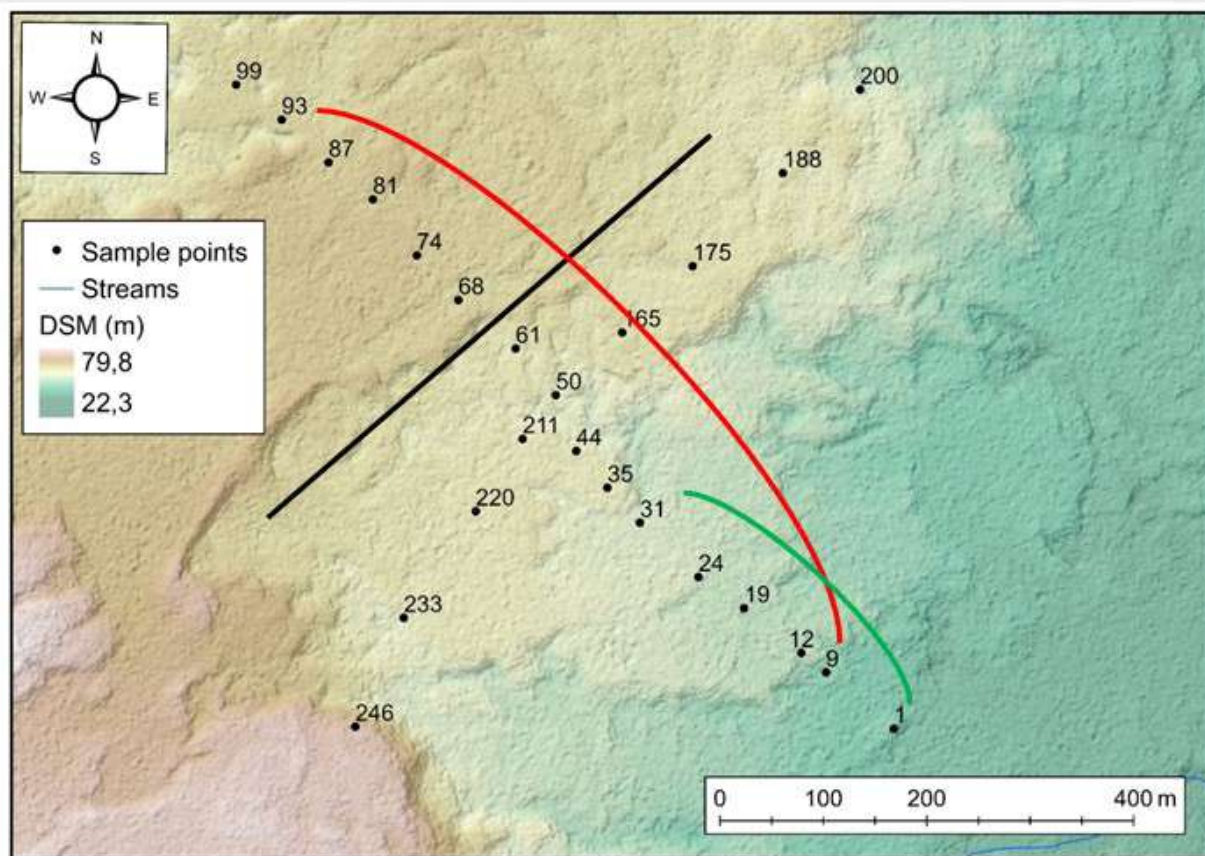
NELLIE HUMPS TRANSECT





Binary variable:

0 – No Barrier

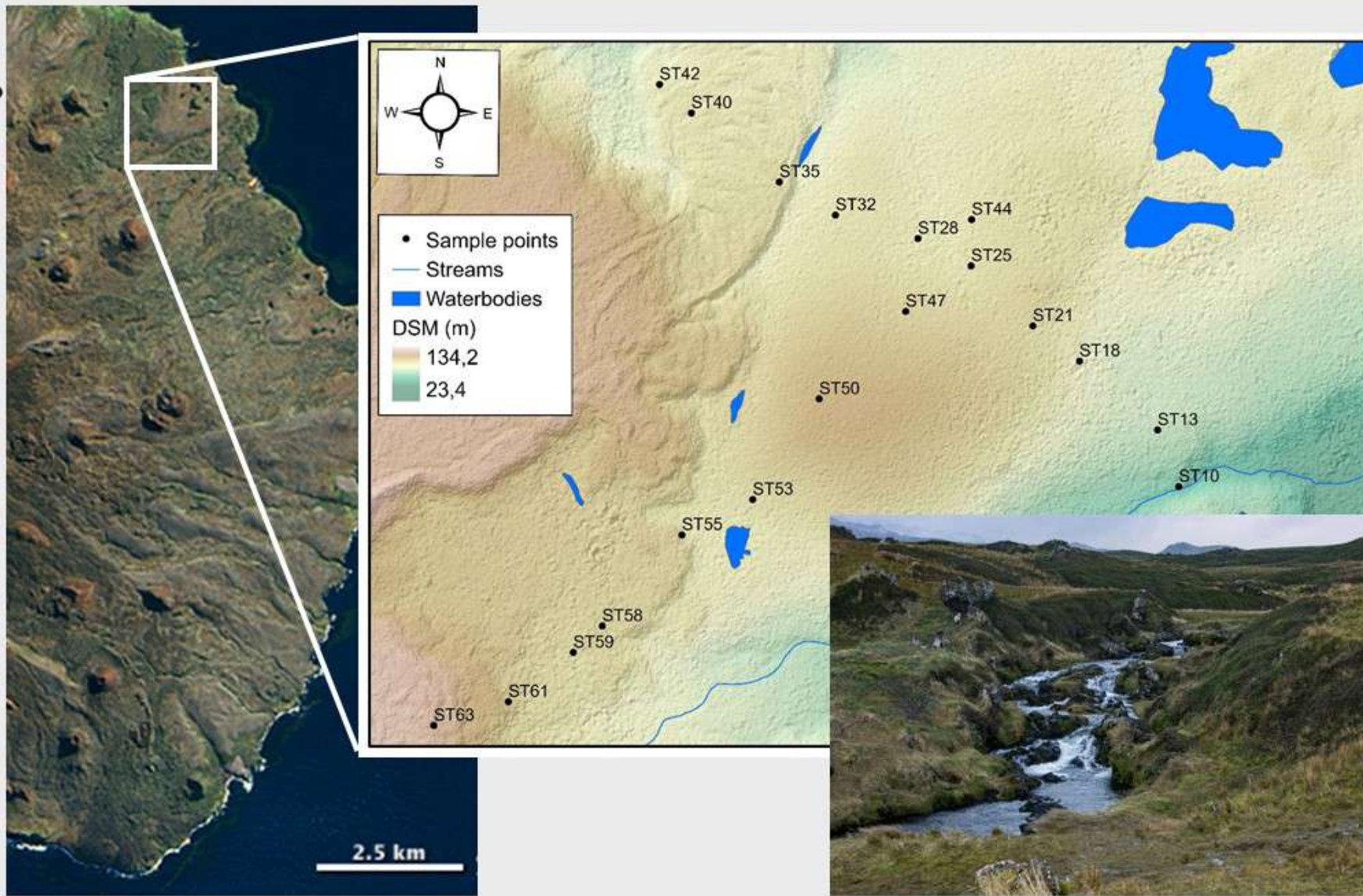
1 – Barrier



Generalized Linear Models

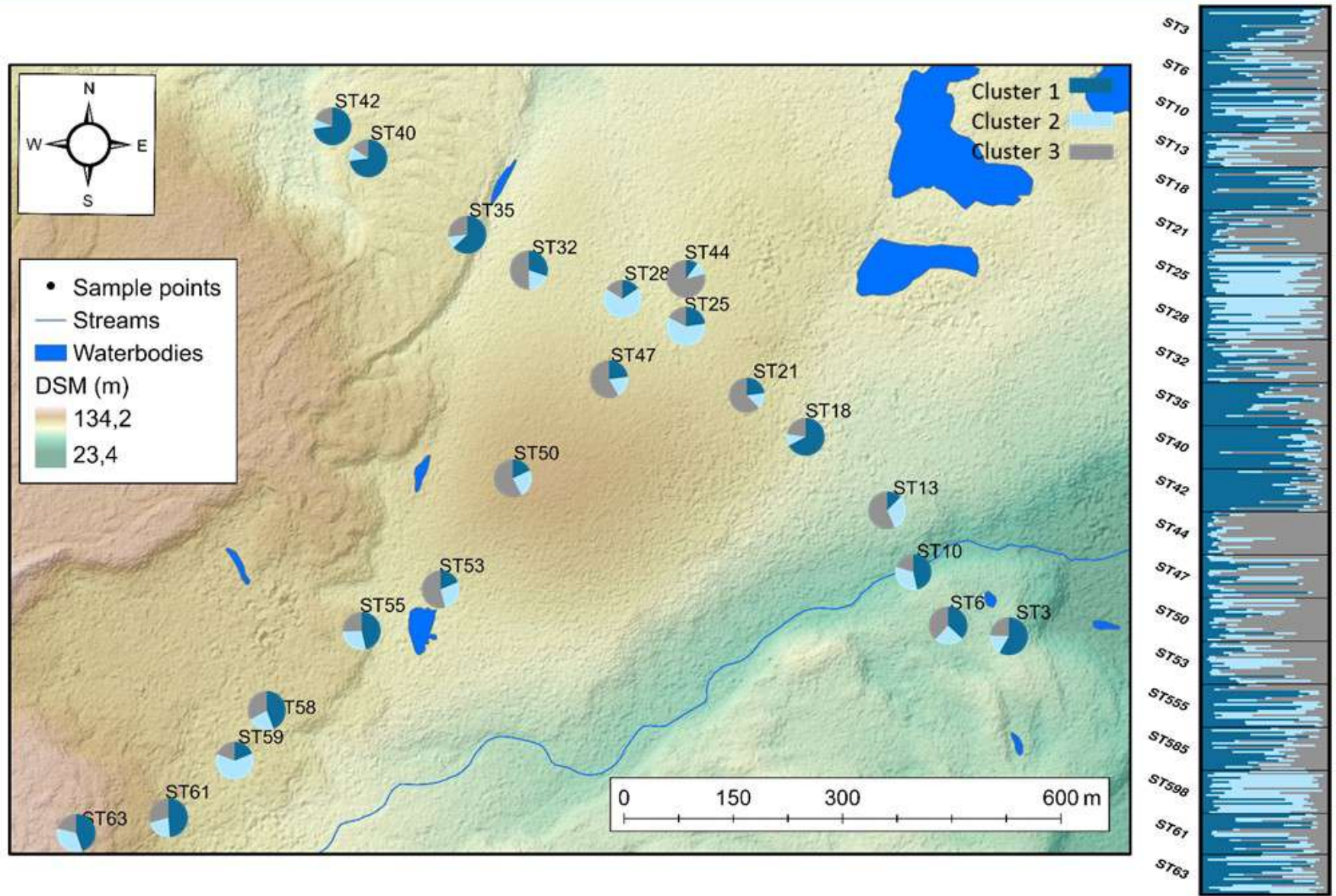
Model	AIC
Fij ~ Euclidean distance	-134232.5
Fij ~ Surface distance	-134232.8
Fij ~ Landscape resistance	-131806.8
Fij ~ barriers	-134090.3
Fij ~ Euclidean distance + Landscape resistance	-134234.6
 Fij ~ Euclidean distance + Barriers	-135153.1
Fij ~ Surface distance + Landscape resistance	-134234.6
 Fij ~ Surface distance + Barriers	-135155.8
Fij ~ Landscape resistance + barriers	-134152.0

SKUA RIDGE TRANSECT



RESULTS

NELLIE HUMPS TRANSECT

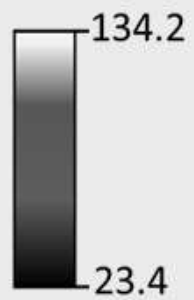


RESULTS

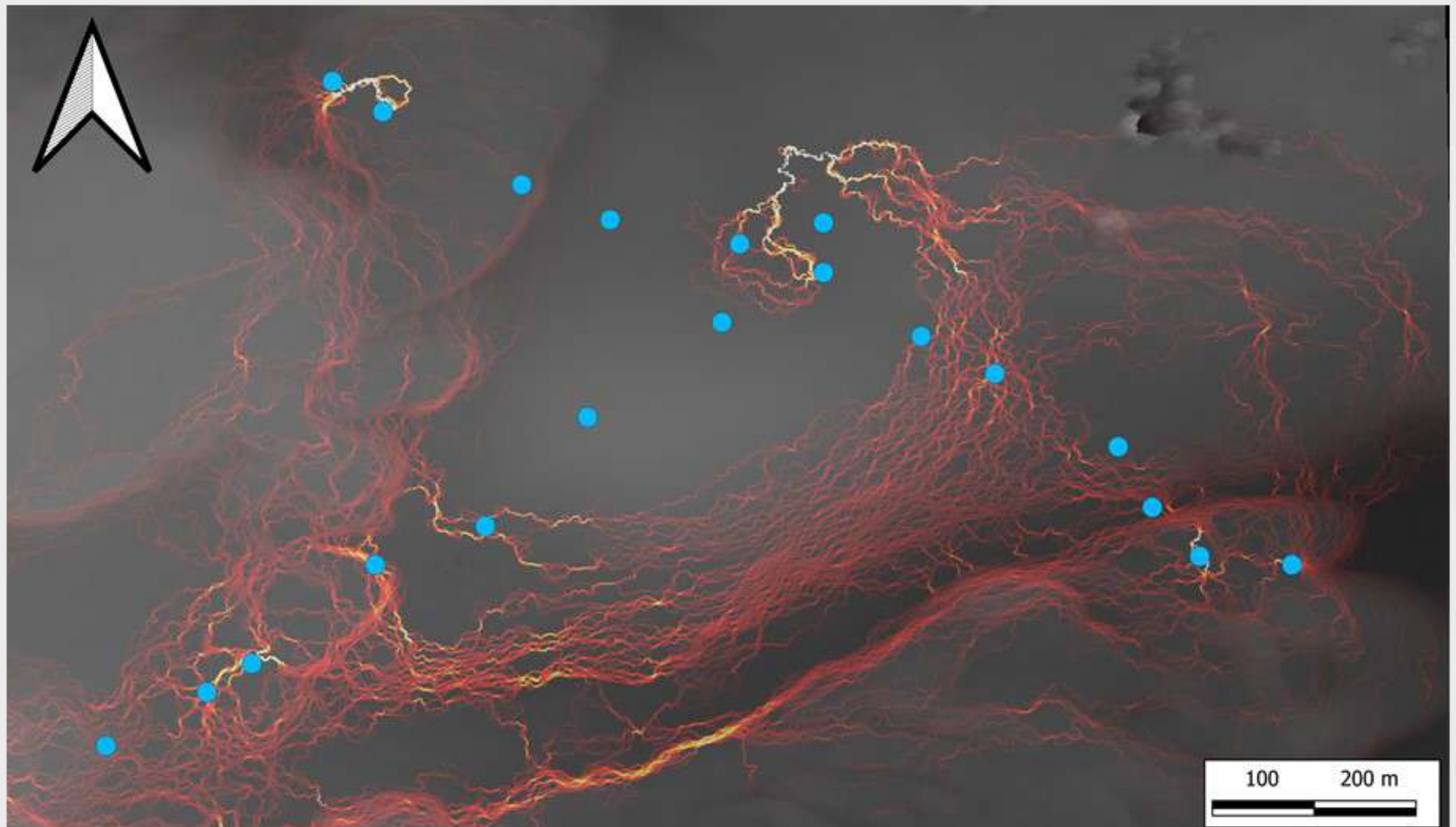
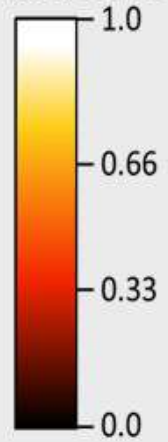
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DSM (m)



Resistance



WHAT'S NEXT?



Field Work



Lab Work



Genotyping



Population Structure



Landscape Genetics



Gene Flow





Ecological Modelling

Volume 464, February 2022, 109827



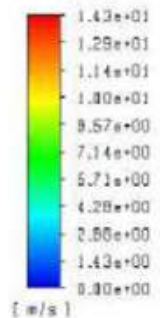
Investigation of ecologically relevant wind patterns on Marion Island using Computational Fluid Dynamics and measured data

K.A. Goddard ^a, K.J. Craig ^a, J. Schoombie ^a, P.C. le Roux ^b

Prevailing Wind (W)



Velocity Magnitude



ANSYS
2019 R3
ACADEMIC

WHAT DOES THIS MEAN?



- ✓ Complex landscape = complex genetic patterns
- ✓ Utility of GIS-based landscapes
- ✓ Landscape distance and barriers shape structure
- ✓ Springtails as proxies to study landscape genetics
- ✓ Fine-scale work can inform us about:
 - Migratory patterns (gene flow)
 - Genetic neighbourhood
 - The biology of the species
 - Conservation



ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

THANK YOU



dmonsanto119@gmail.com



Shilpa Parbhu



Matthew Adair



Ecological Genomics & Wildlife Conservation

