

The SANAP Cosmic-Ray Neutron Monitor Programme

Harm Moraal

North-West University
Potchefstroom



NORTH-WEST UNIVERSITY
YUNIBESITI YA BOKONE-BOPHIRIMA
HOORDWES-UNIVERSITEIT

SANAP Symposium, 4-5 June 2014

Our group

1. Harm Moraal - PI
2. Helena Krüger - Co-I
3. Gert Benadé – electronics engineer
4. Anne Mans – data and station manager
5. Godfrey Mosotho – M.Sc. student
6. Renier Fuchs – M.Eng. student
7. Ruan Nel – M.Eng. student
8. Henrdik Krüger – expedition member SANAЕ

Pieter Stoker – Emeritus and founder

Cosmic Rays

- Charged particles - 90% protons, 5% He nuclei, 3% heavier atomic nuclei, 2% electrons
- Characterised by very high energies (10^6 - 10^{20} eV)

One particle = cricket ball at 140 km per hour.

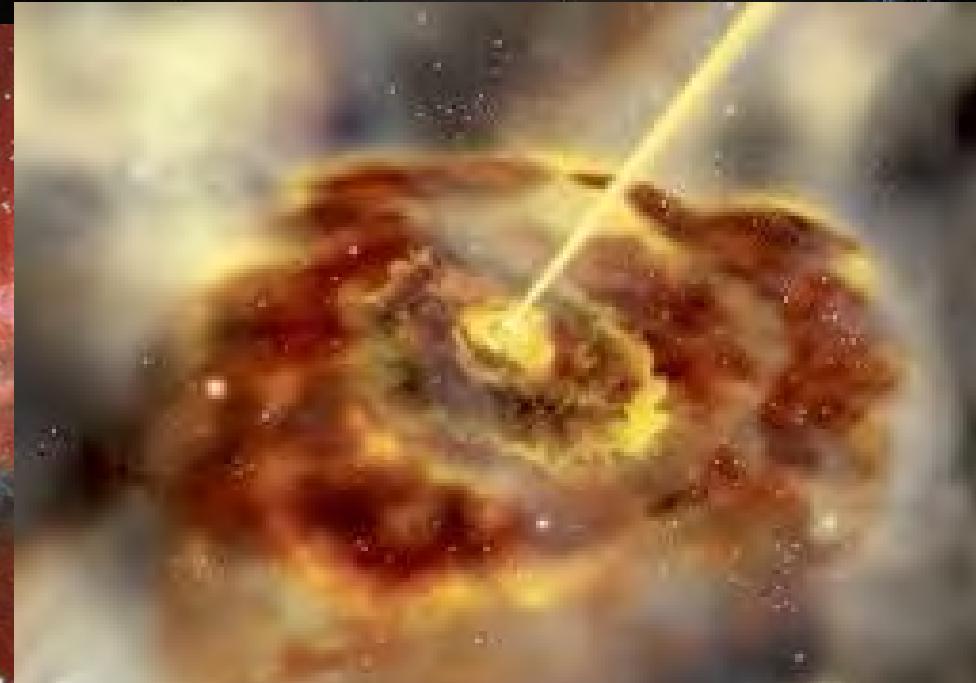
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Come from the Cosmos

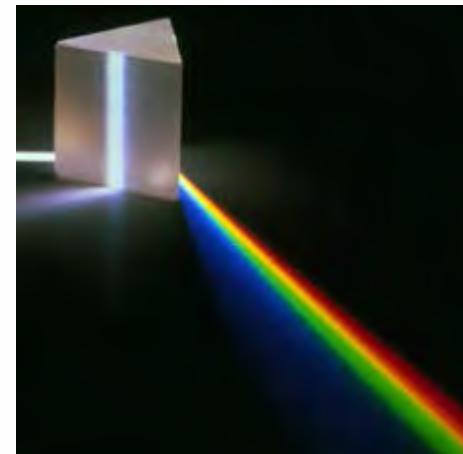


Particle vs. Photon Astronomy

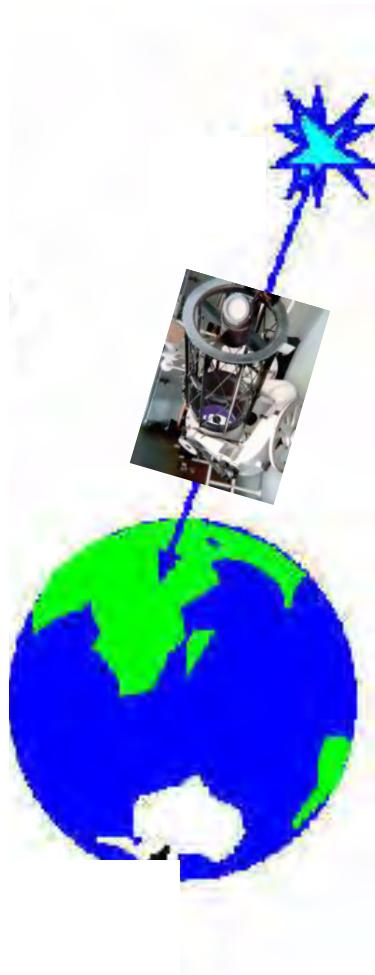


Photons

1. Where
2. How bright
3. Colour

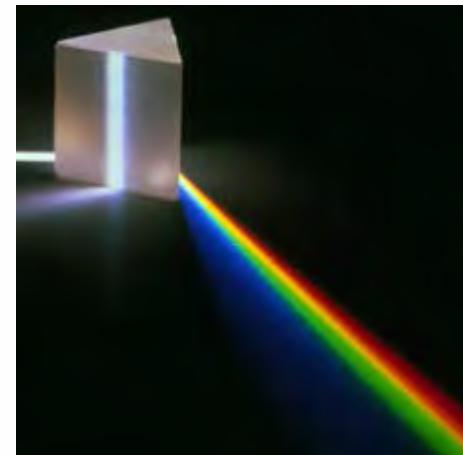


Particle vs. Photon Astronomy



Photons

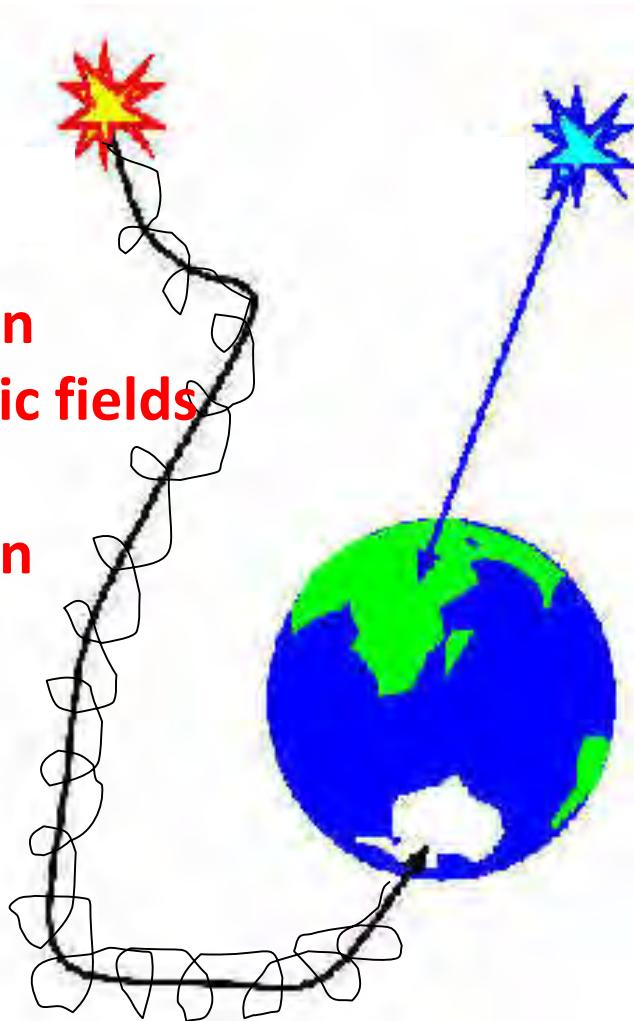
1. Where
2. How bright
3. Colour



Particle vs. Photon Astronomy

Particles:
No such information
Because of magnetic fields

.....like a bead on an
elastic band



Photons

1. Where
2. How bright
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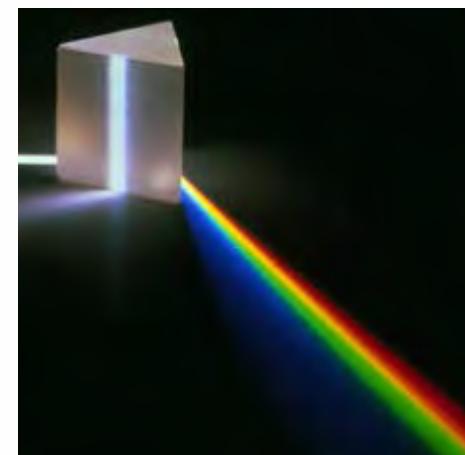


Particle vs. Photon Astronomy



Photons

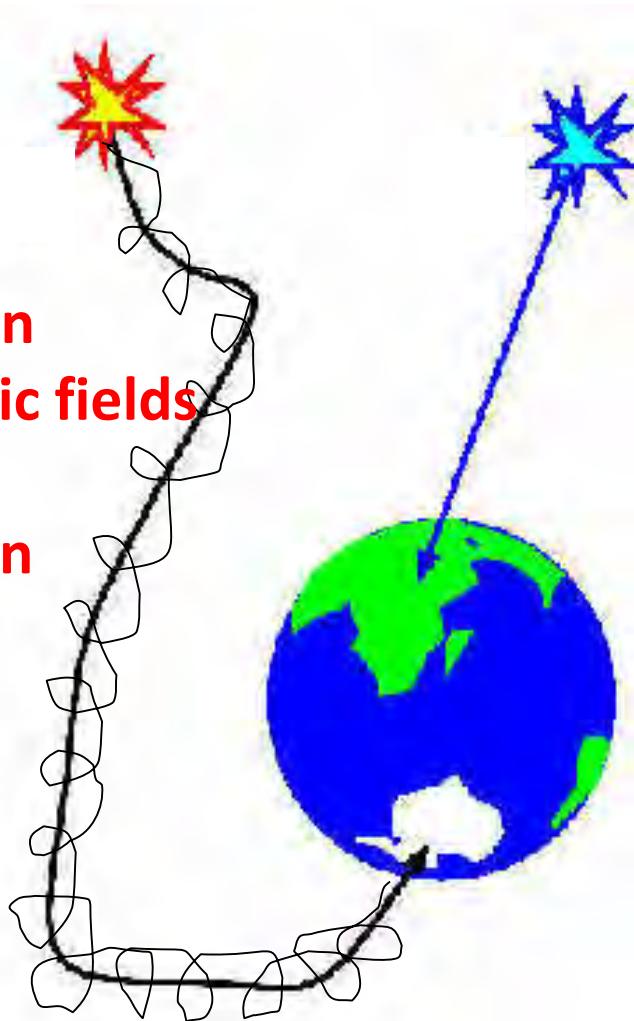
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Particle vs. Photon Astronomy

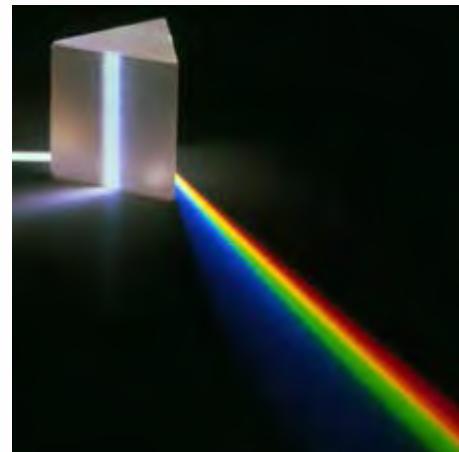
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No such information
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Photons

1. Where
2. How bright
3. Colour



Victor Hess, 7 August 1912



Victor Hess, 7 August 1912



100 years later (+2)



Cosmic Rays in the Heliosphere

Harm Moraal

North-West University

Potchefstroom, South Africa

Bad Saarow, Germany, 8 August 2012

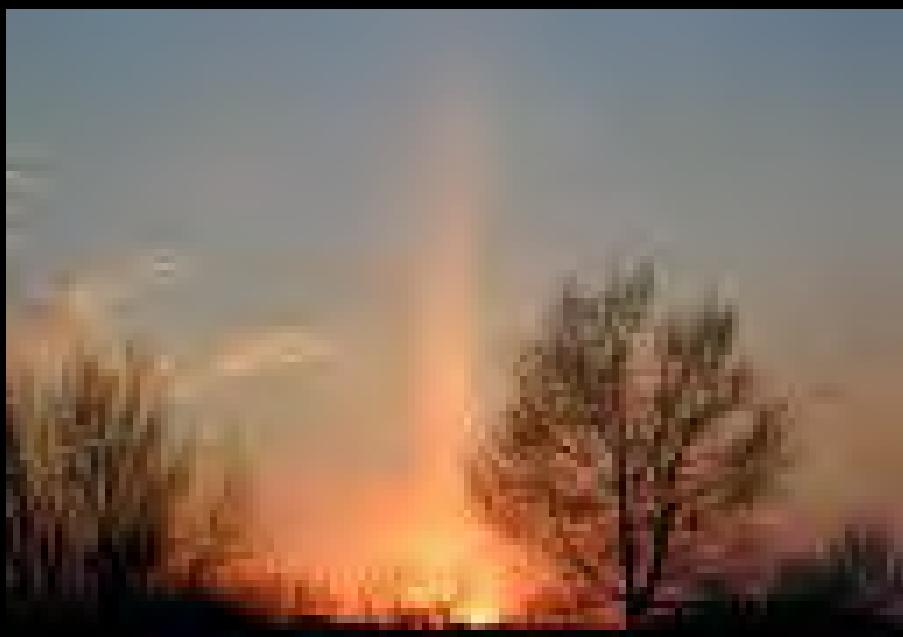


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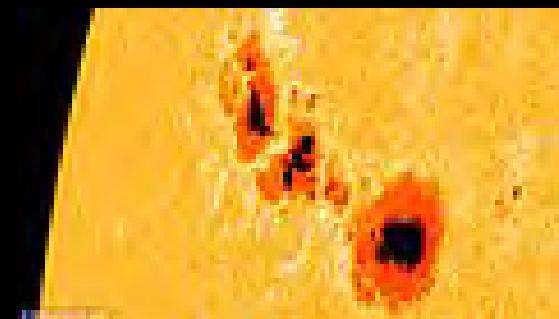
Bad Saarow Railway Station



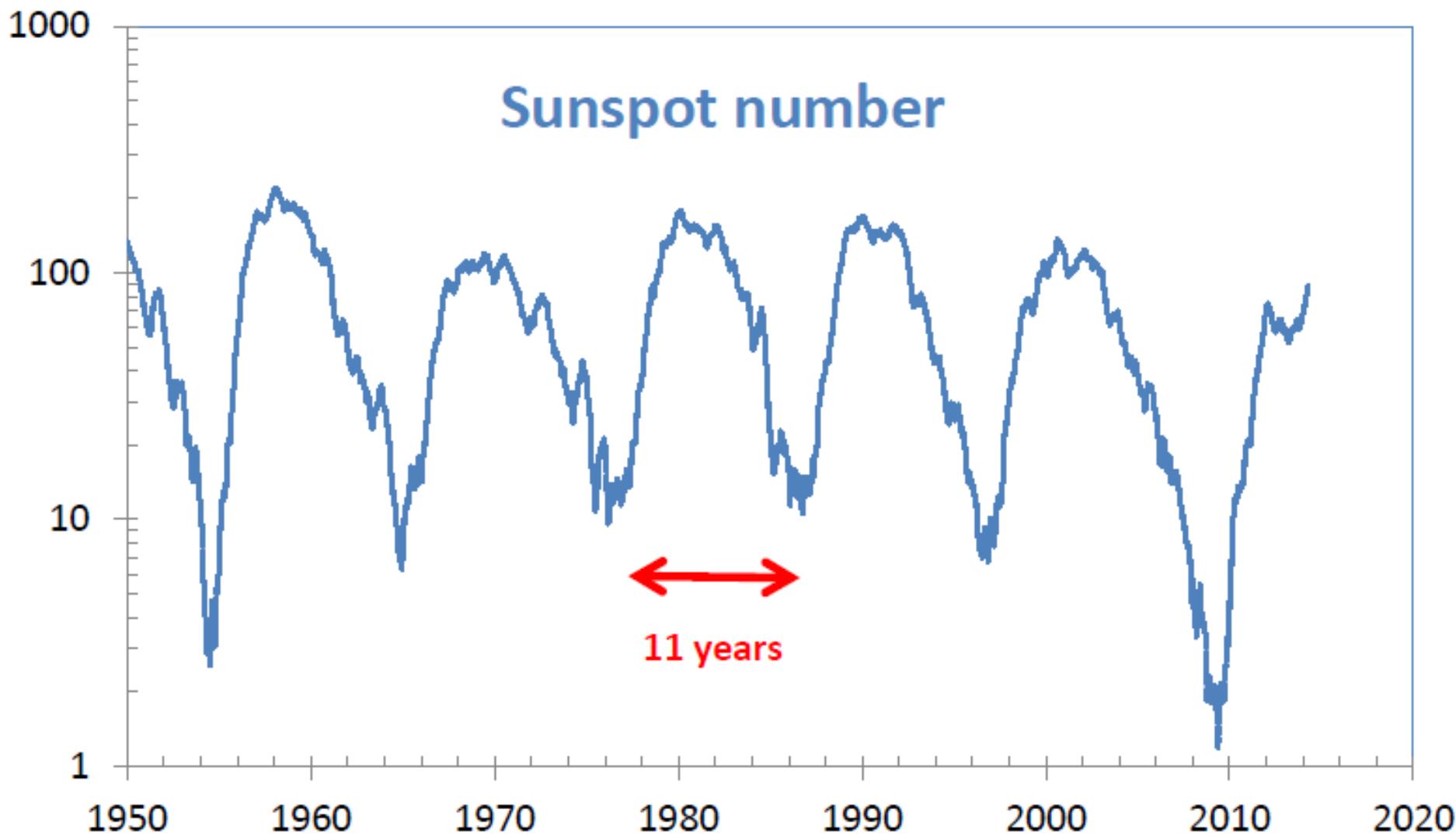
The Sun



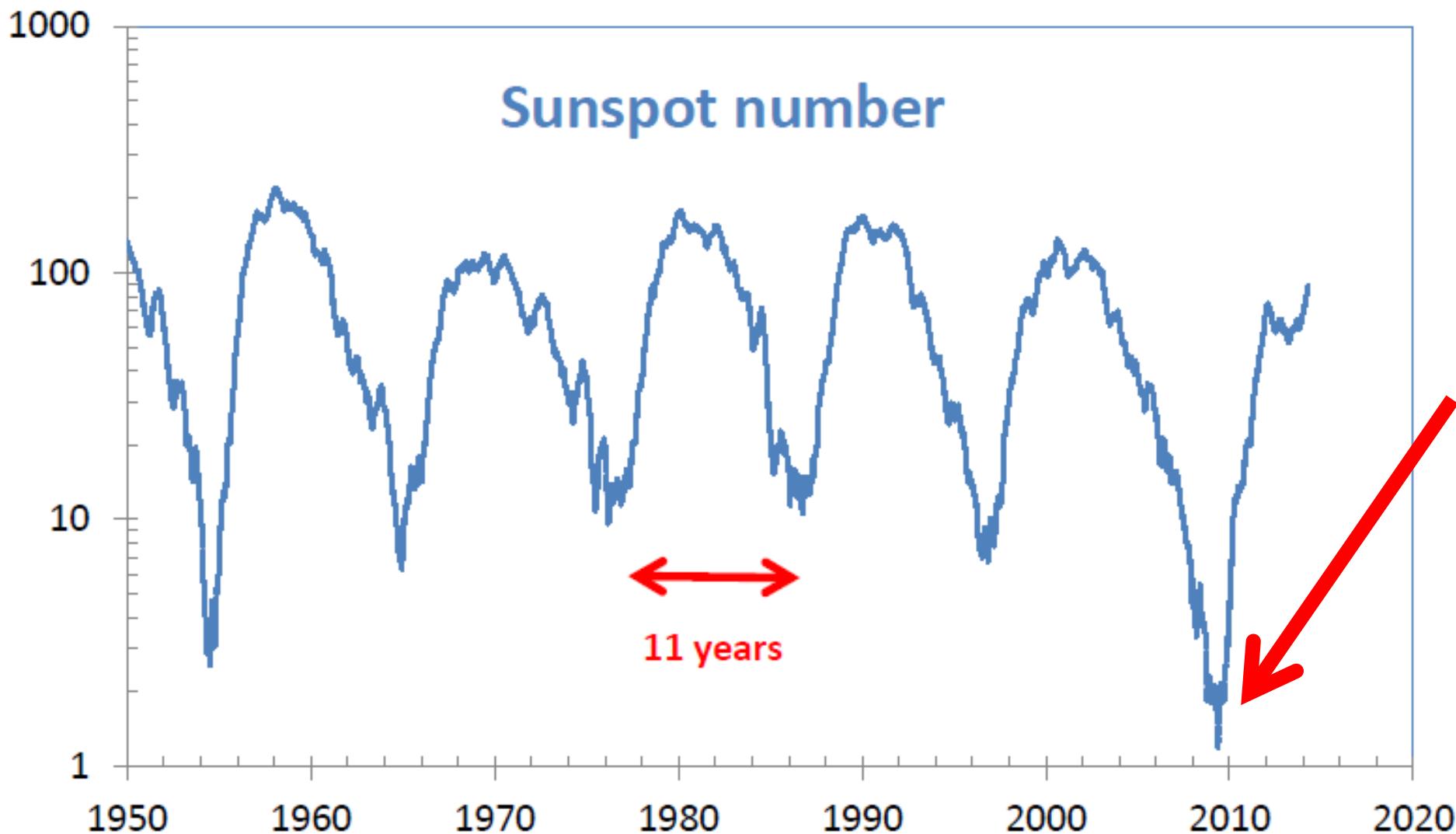
Sunspots



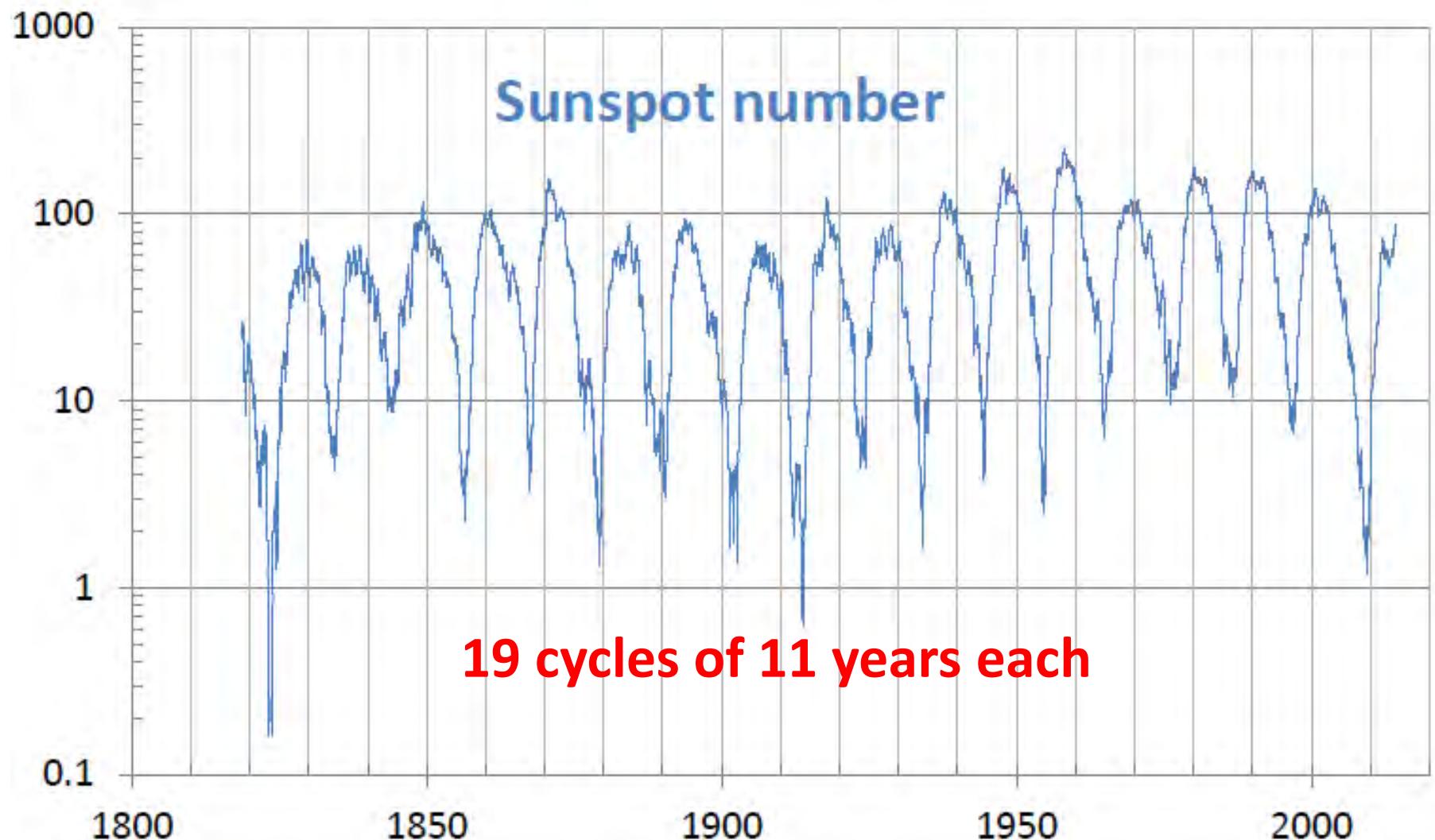
Sunspots



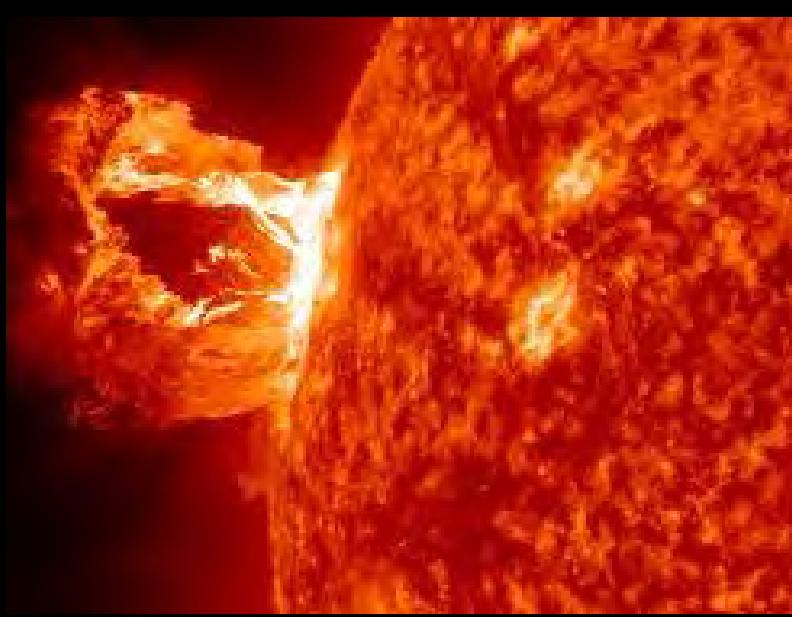
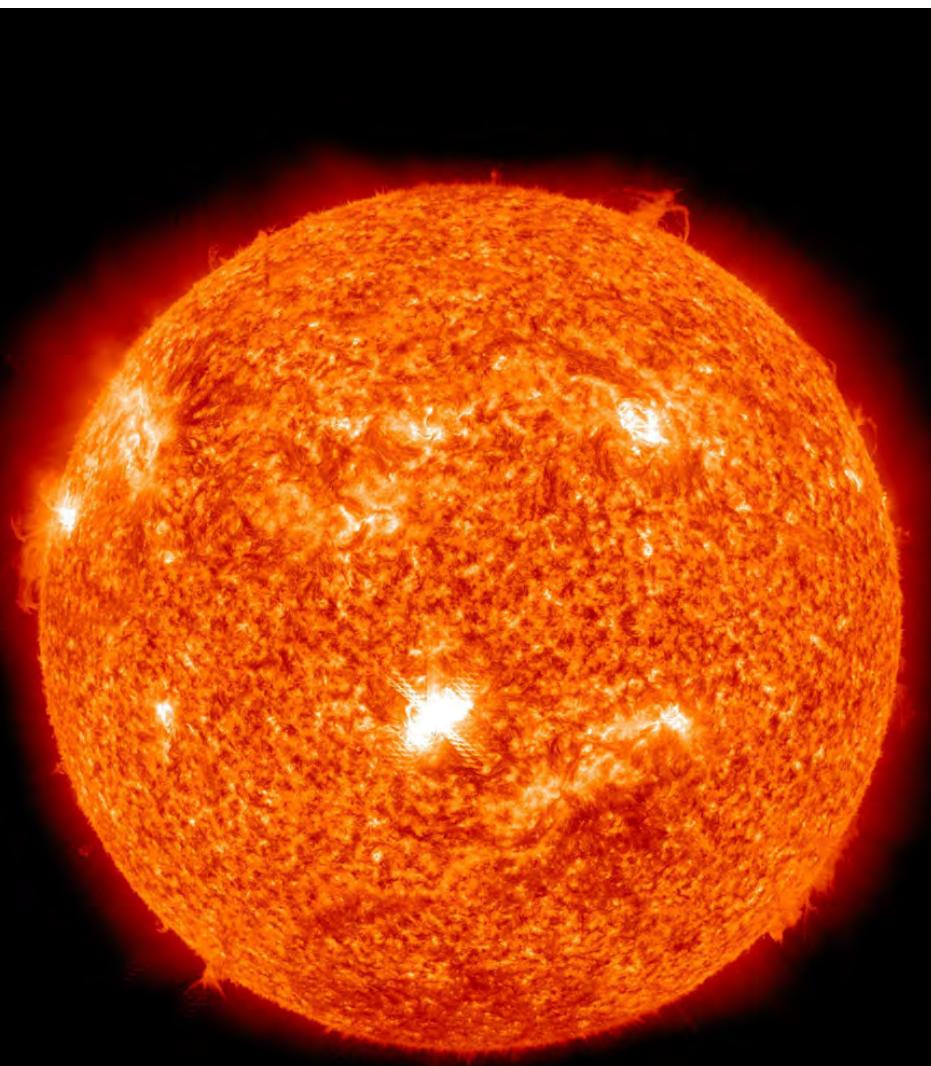
Sunspots



Sunspots since 1818



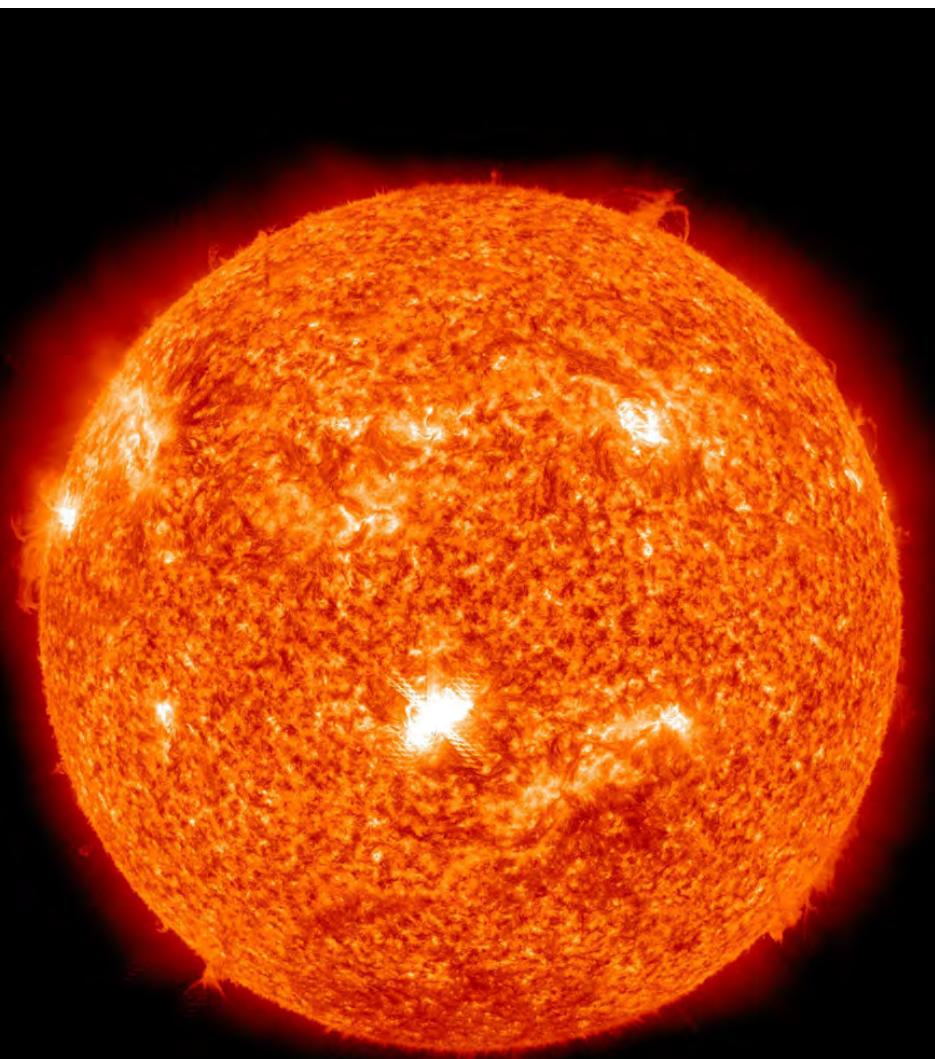
Solar Flare



AIA 304 2011-02-13 17:36:45 UT

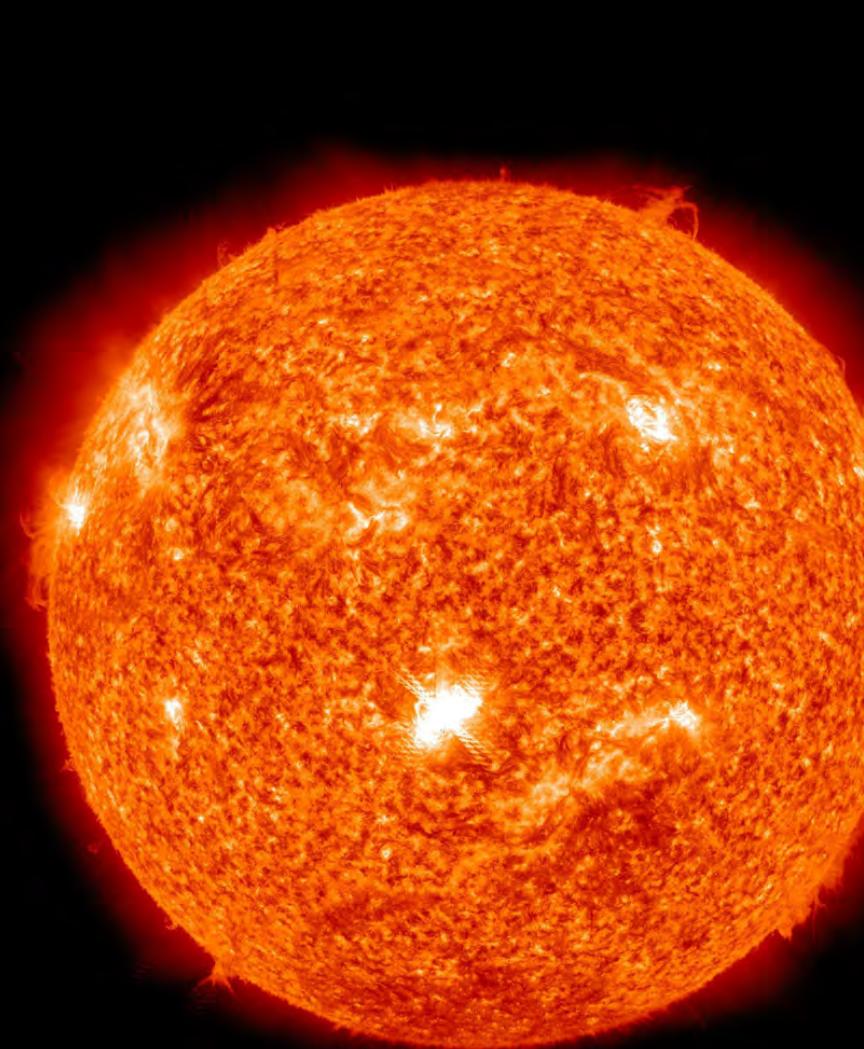
NASA

Solar Flare

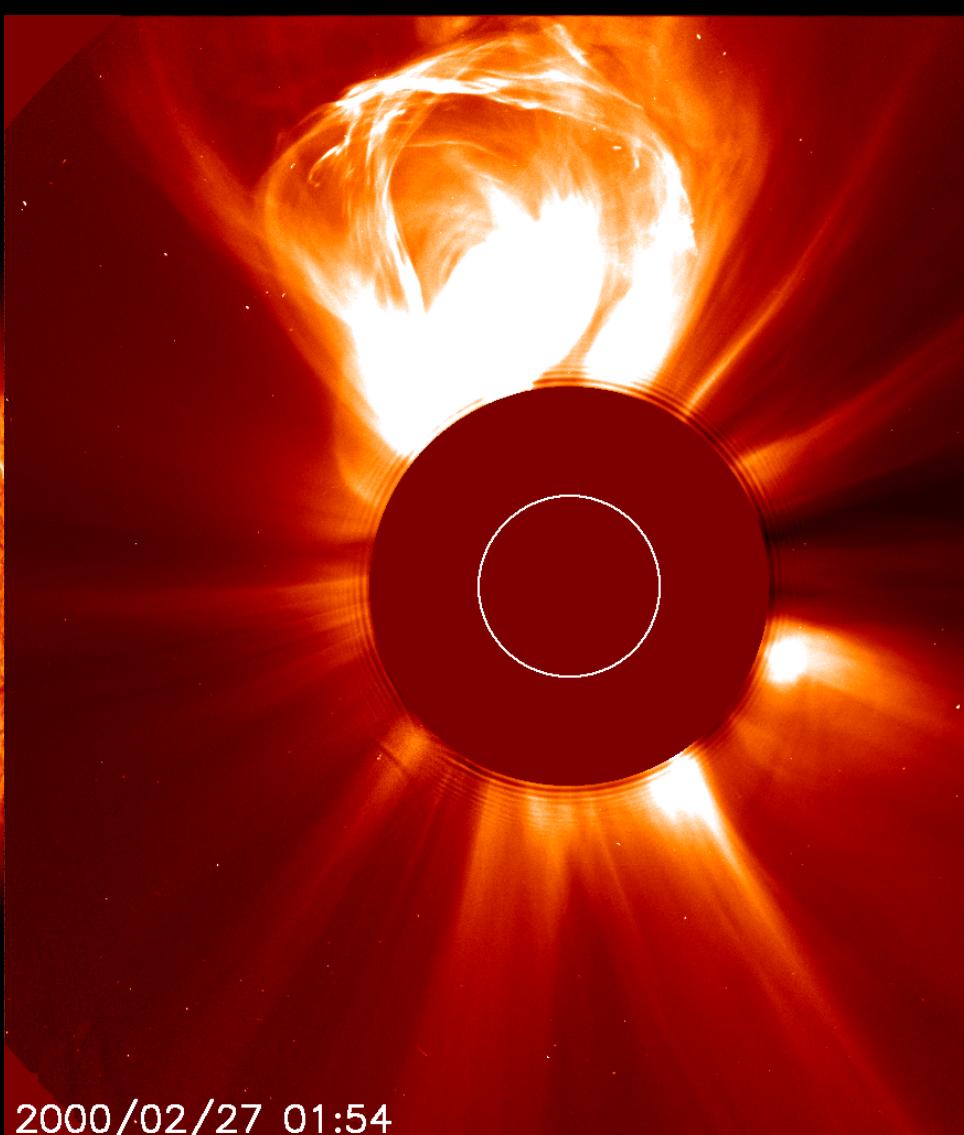


Small; few hours

Coronal Mass Ejection

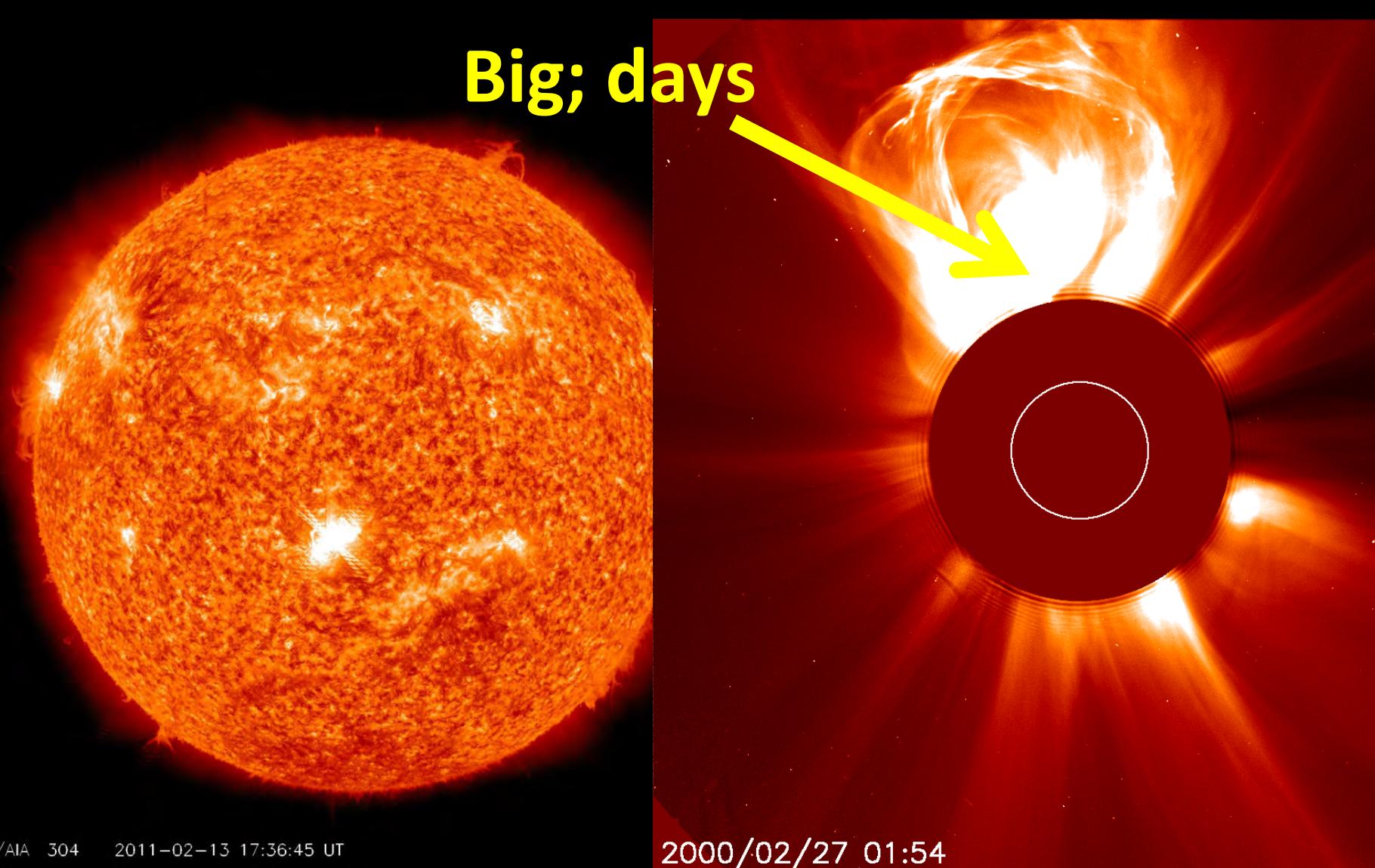


SDO/AIA 304 2011-02-13 17:36:45 UT

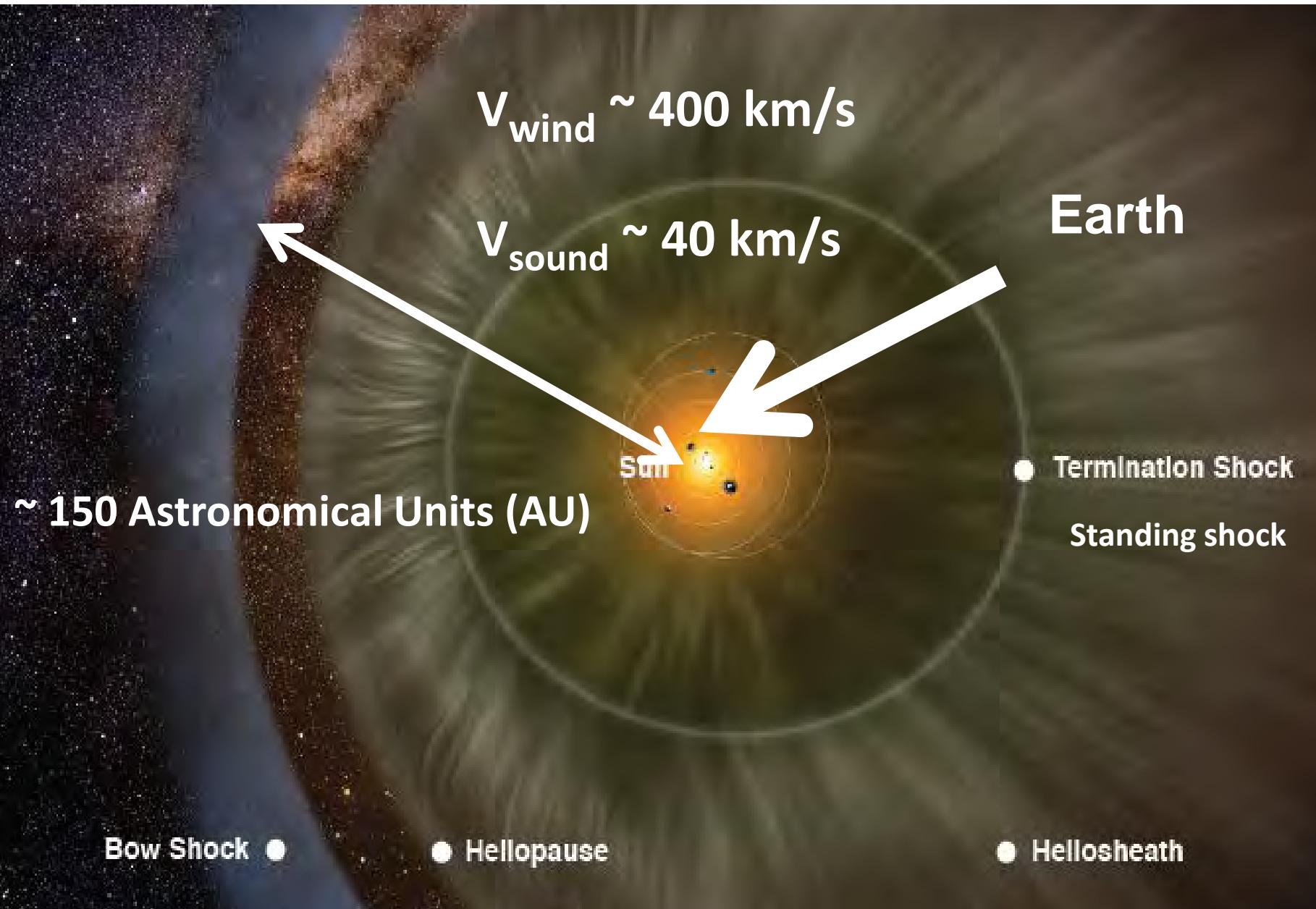


2000/02/27 01:54

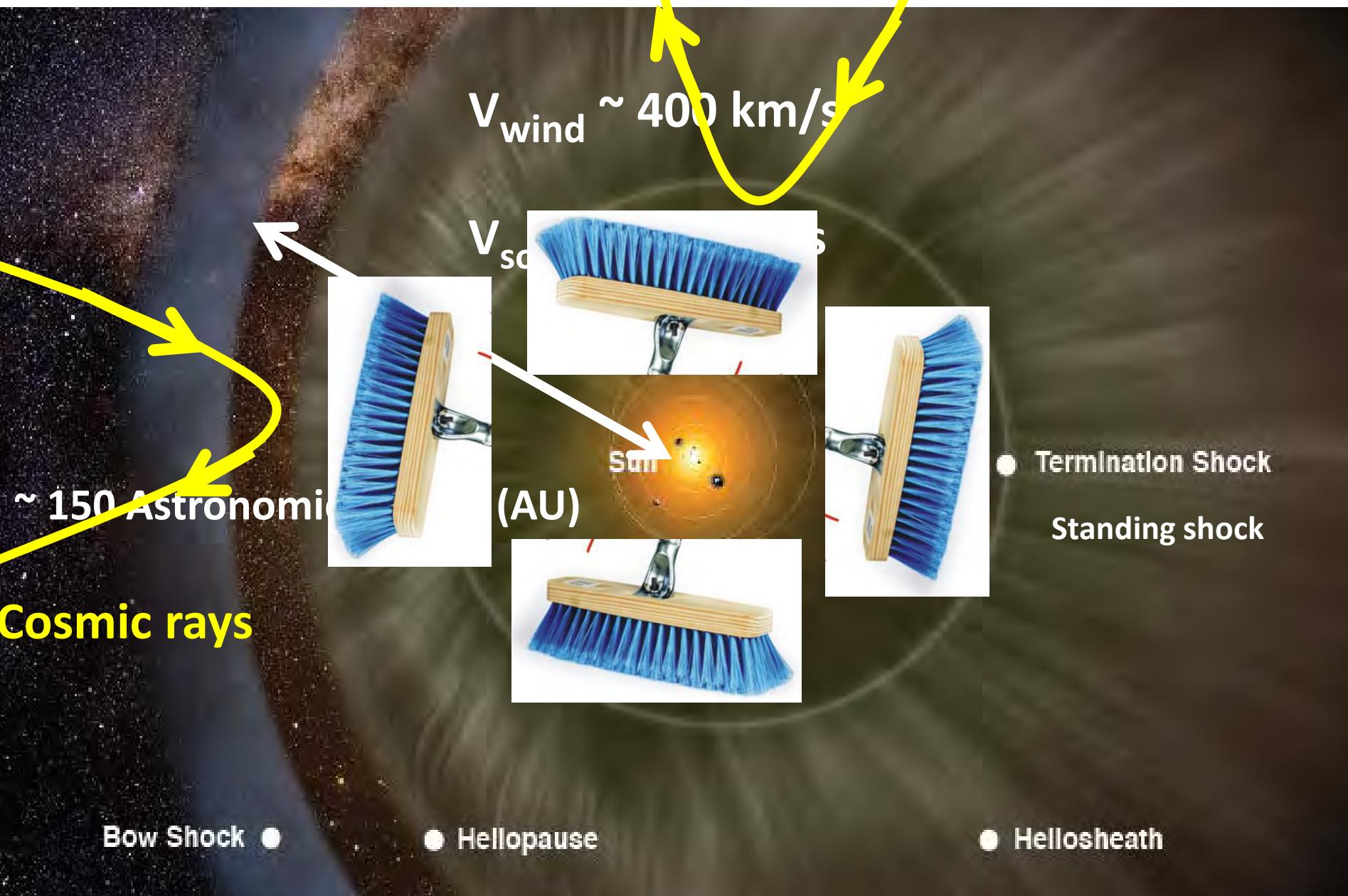
Coronal Mass Ejection



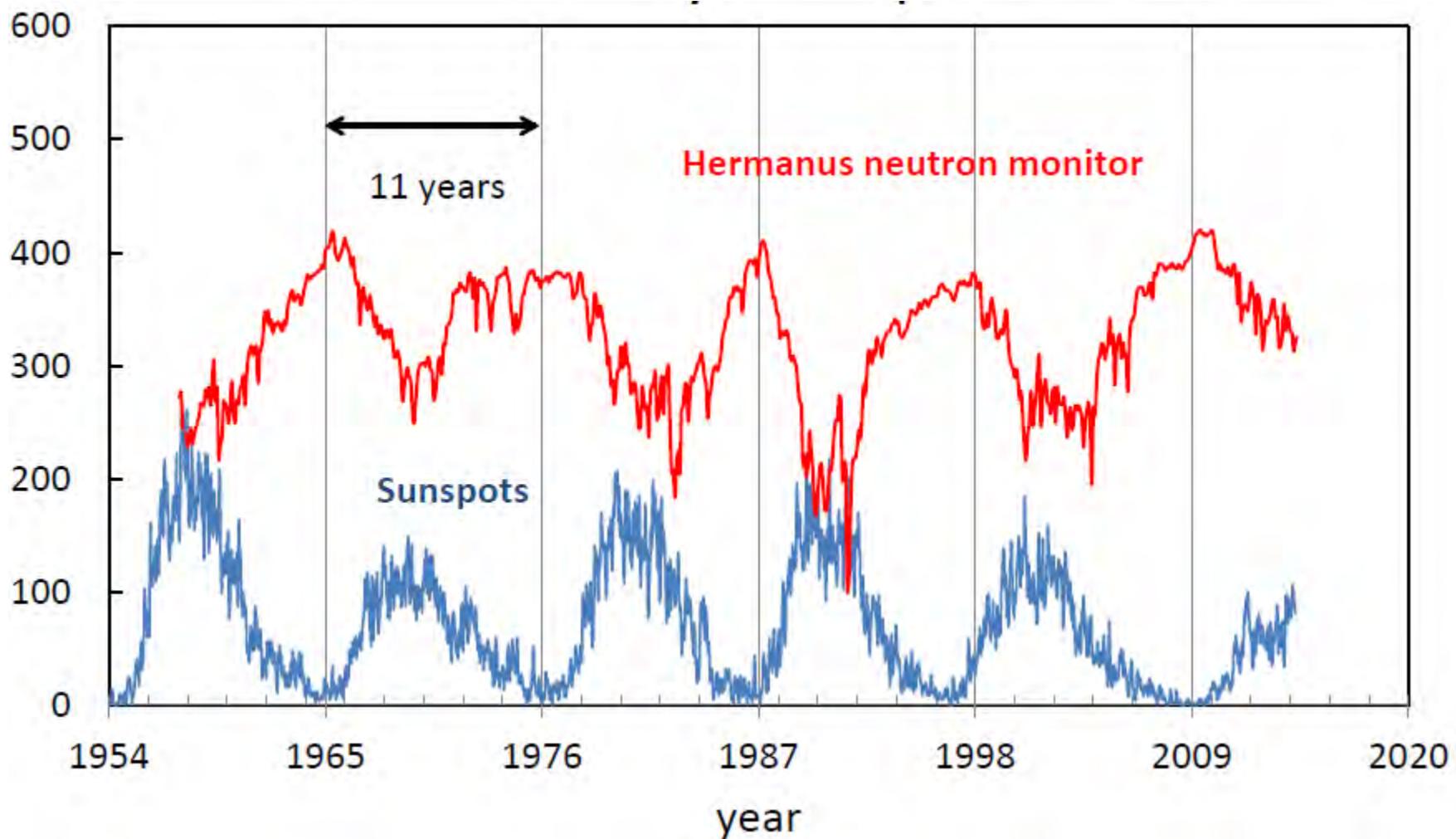
The Solar Wind and Heliosphere



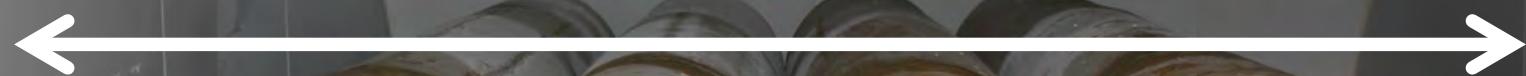
The (variable) broom



Cosmic rays and sunspots



Sanae Neutron Monitor

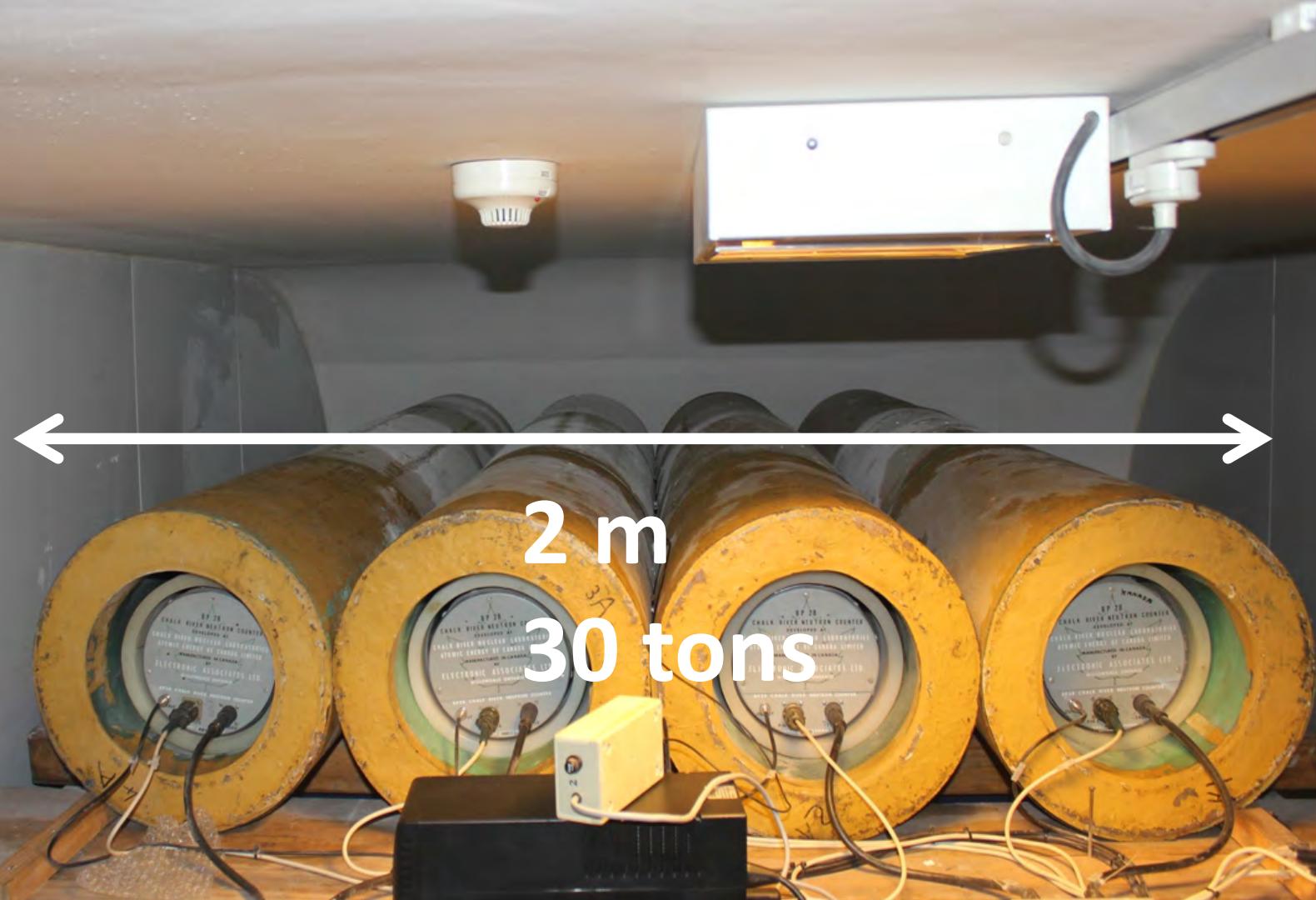


2 m
30 tons



Sanae Neutron Monitor

(plus Hermanus, Potchefstroom, & Tsumeb)



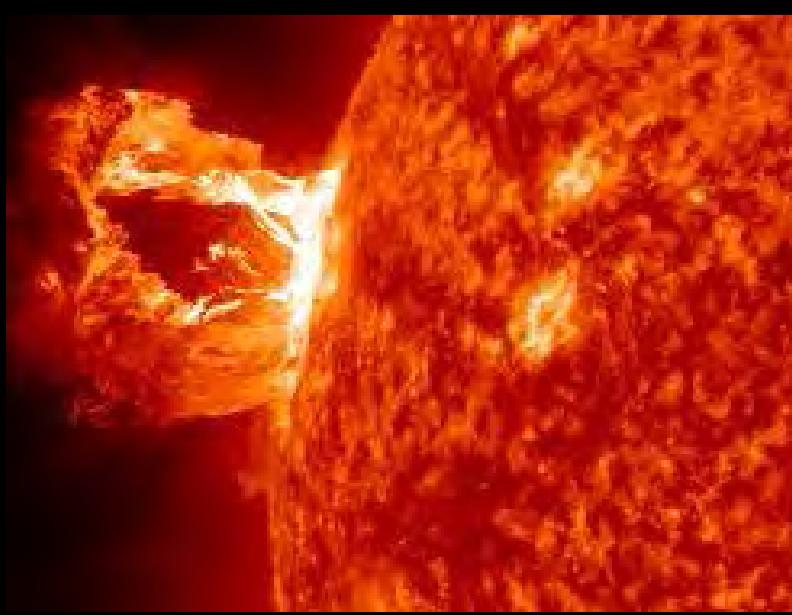
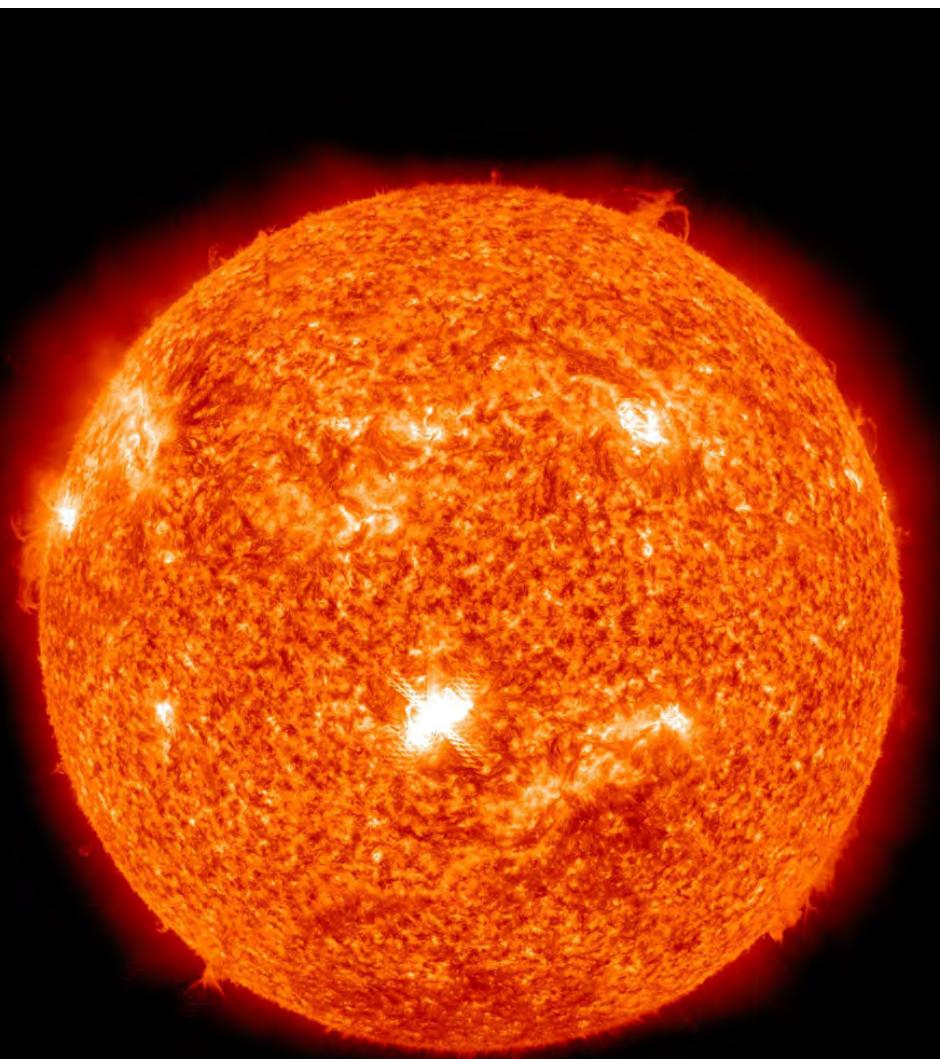
Mini neutron monitors



Mini neutron monitors



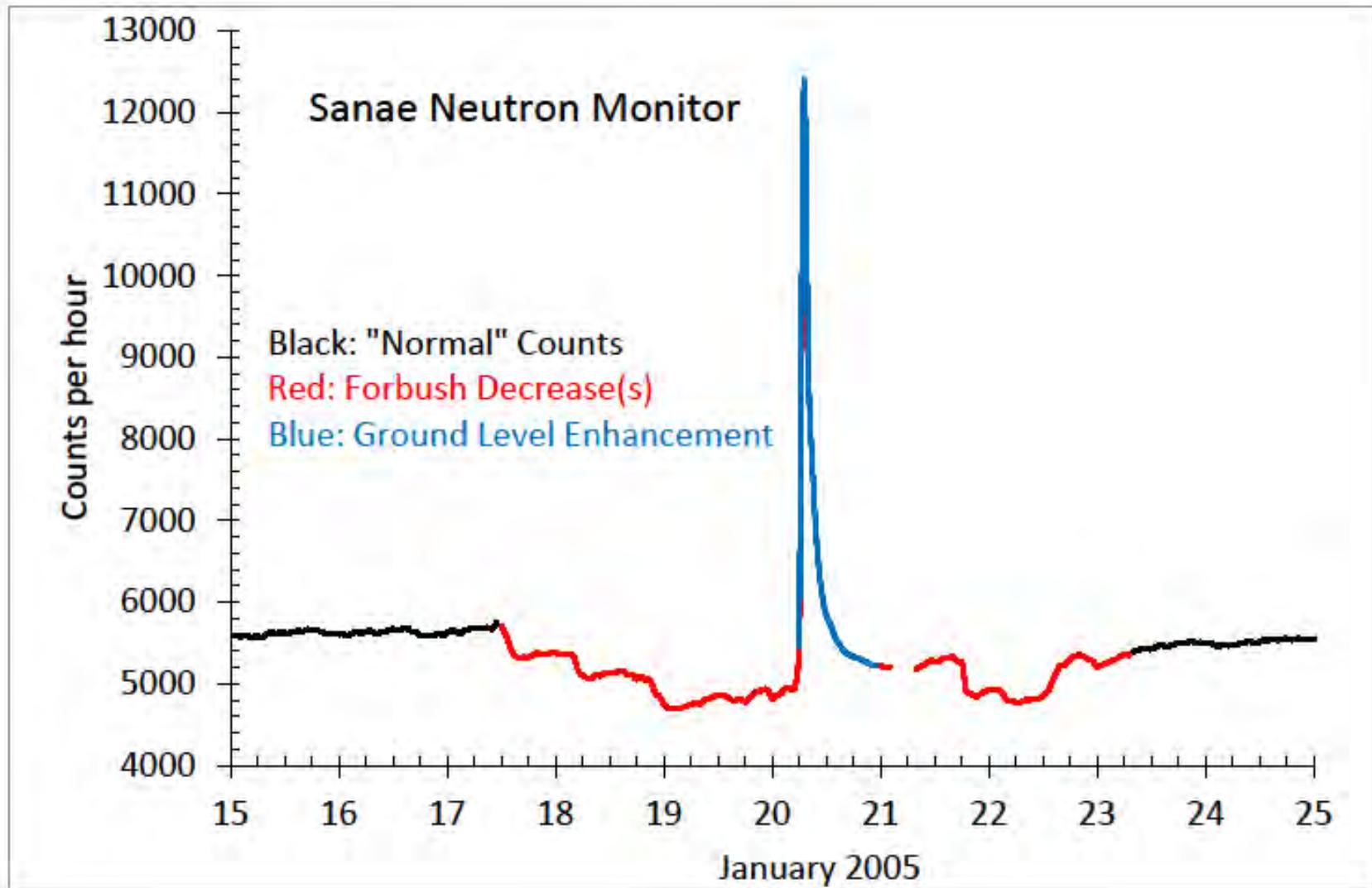
Solar Flare



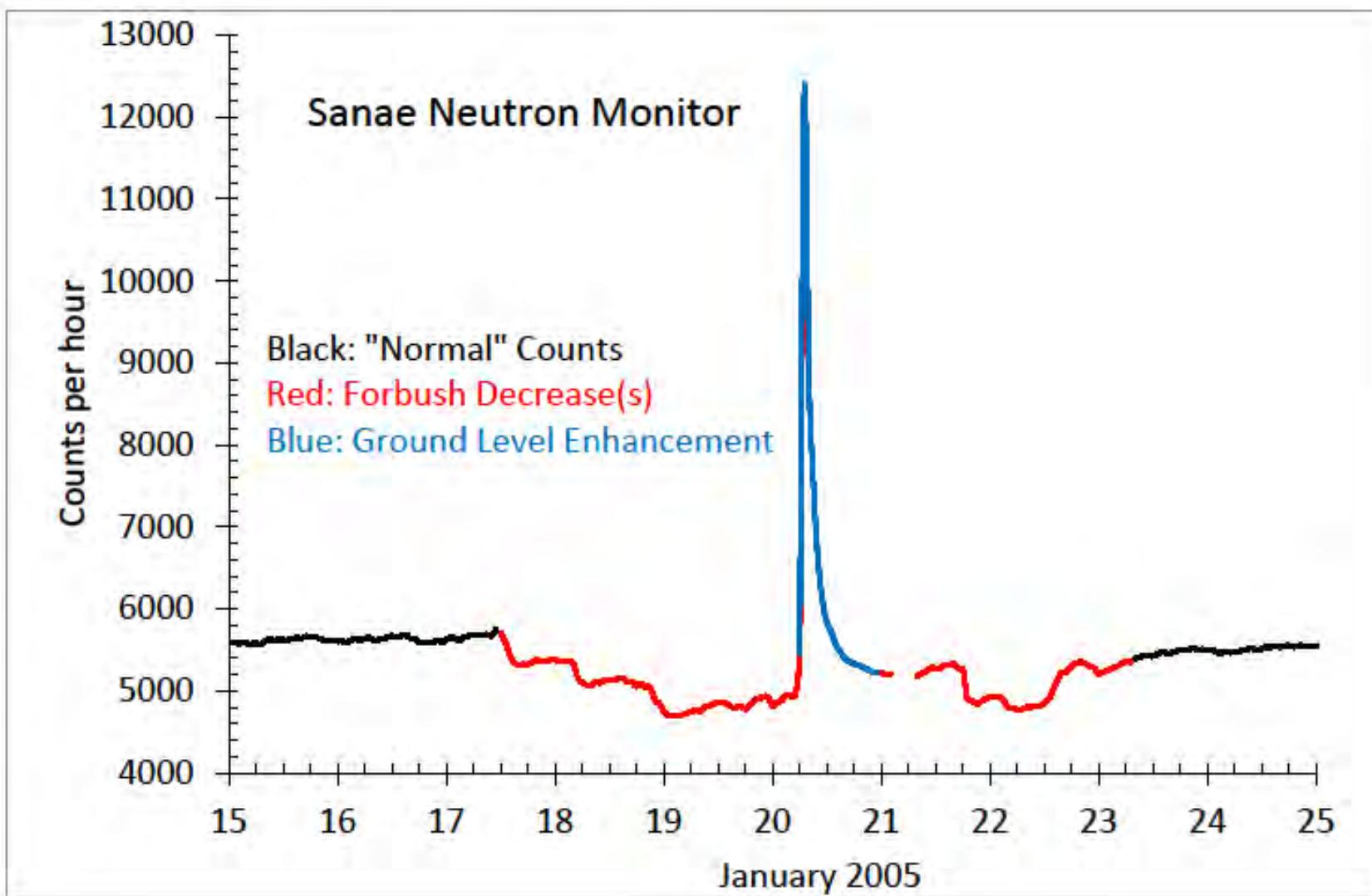
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NASA

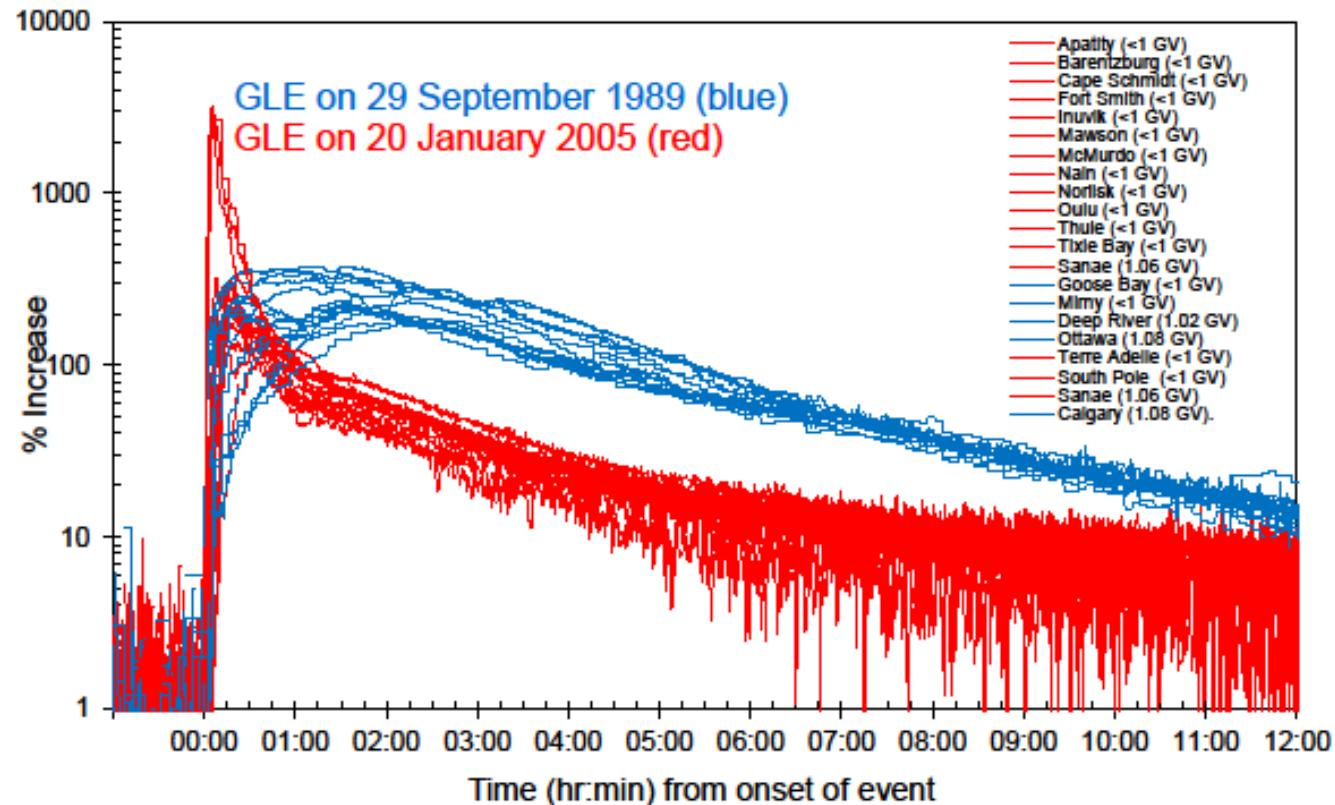
Ground-level Enhancement (GLE) = "cosmic" rays from sun



~~Ground-level Enhancement~~ Excitement (GLE)



Two real big ones



Why?

- **Because it is there..... (academic)**
- **Appropriate Science and Technology**
- **Contribution to climate change**
- **Interdisciplinary (M.Sc. and M.Eng.)**

Academic (theory)

Three forms of the Transport Equation

$$\frac{\partial U}{\partial t} + \nabla \cdot (\mathbf{V}U - \mathbf{K} \cdot \nabla U) - \frac{1}{3}(\nabla \cdot \mathbf{V}) \frac{\partial}{\partial p}(pU) = 0$$

or, in terms of f

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial t} + \nabla \cdot (\mathbf{V}f - \mathbf{K} \cdot \nabla f) - \frac{1}{3p^2}(\nabla \cdot \mathbf{V}) \frac{\partial}{\partial p}(p^3 f) = 0$$

or, slightly manipulated

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial t} + \mathbf{V} \cdot \nabla f - \nabla \cdot (\mathbf{K} \cdot \nabla f) - \frac{1}{3p^2}(\nabla \cdot \mathbf{V}) \frac{\partial f}{\partial \ln p} = 0$$

Not changed for 45 years

Too difficult to solve analytically

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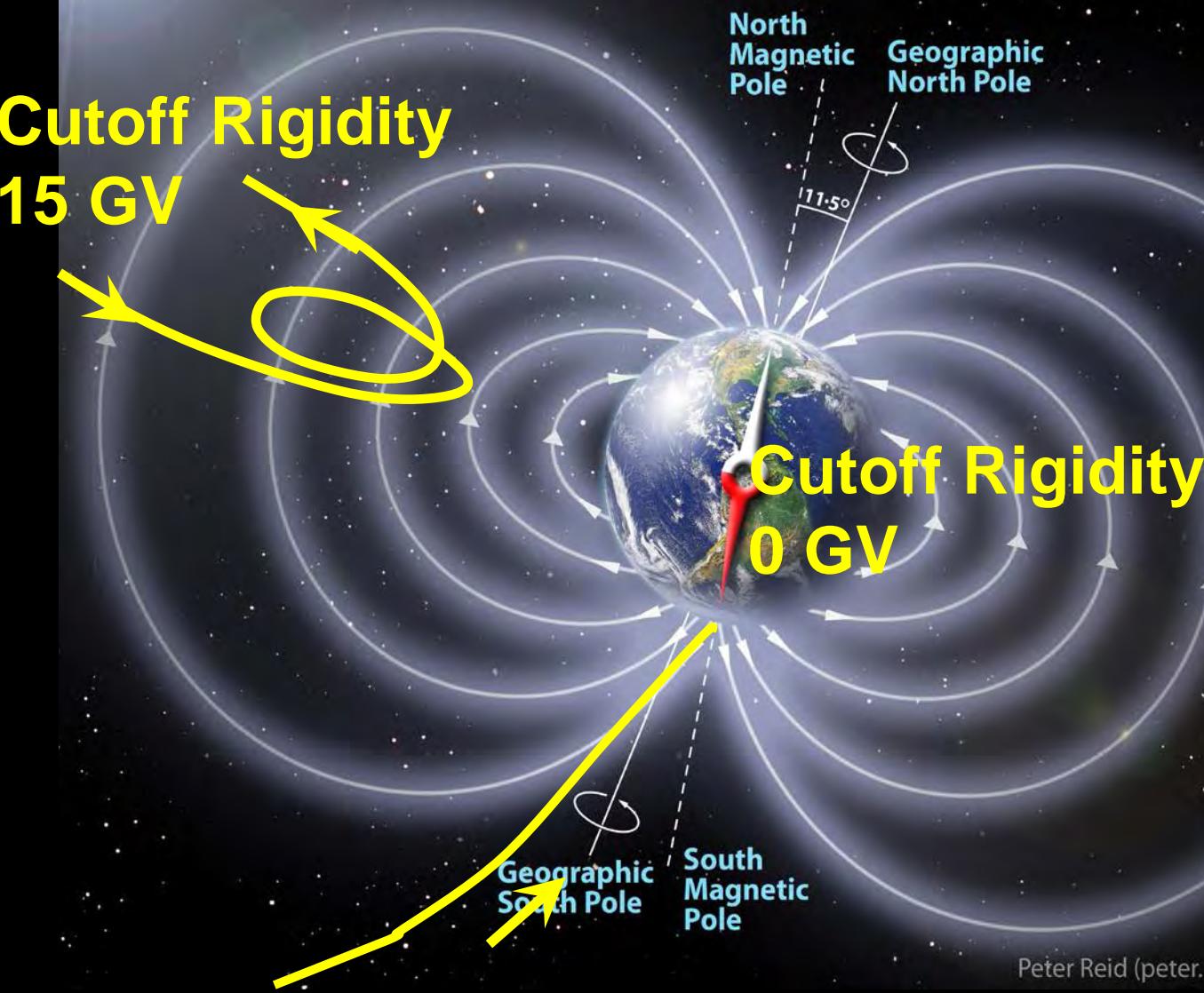
Pre-2006 SANAP Mission

To increase understanding of the **natural**
environment and **life** in the Antarctic and
Southern Ocean through appropriate
science and technology

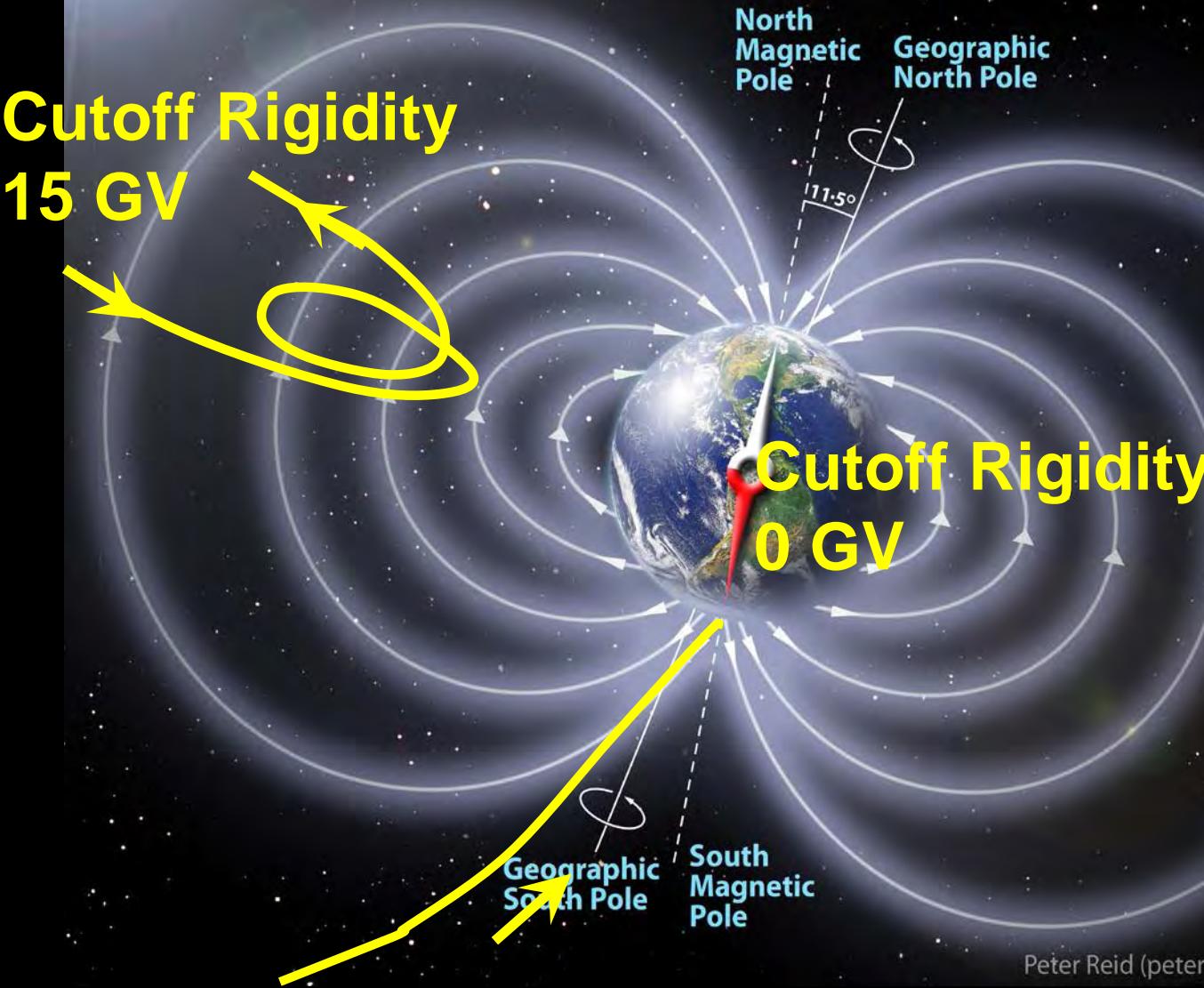
Pre-2006 SANAP Mission

To increase understanding of the **natural**
environment and **life** in the Antarctic and
Southern Ocean through **APPROPRIATE**
science and technology

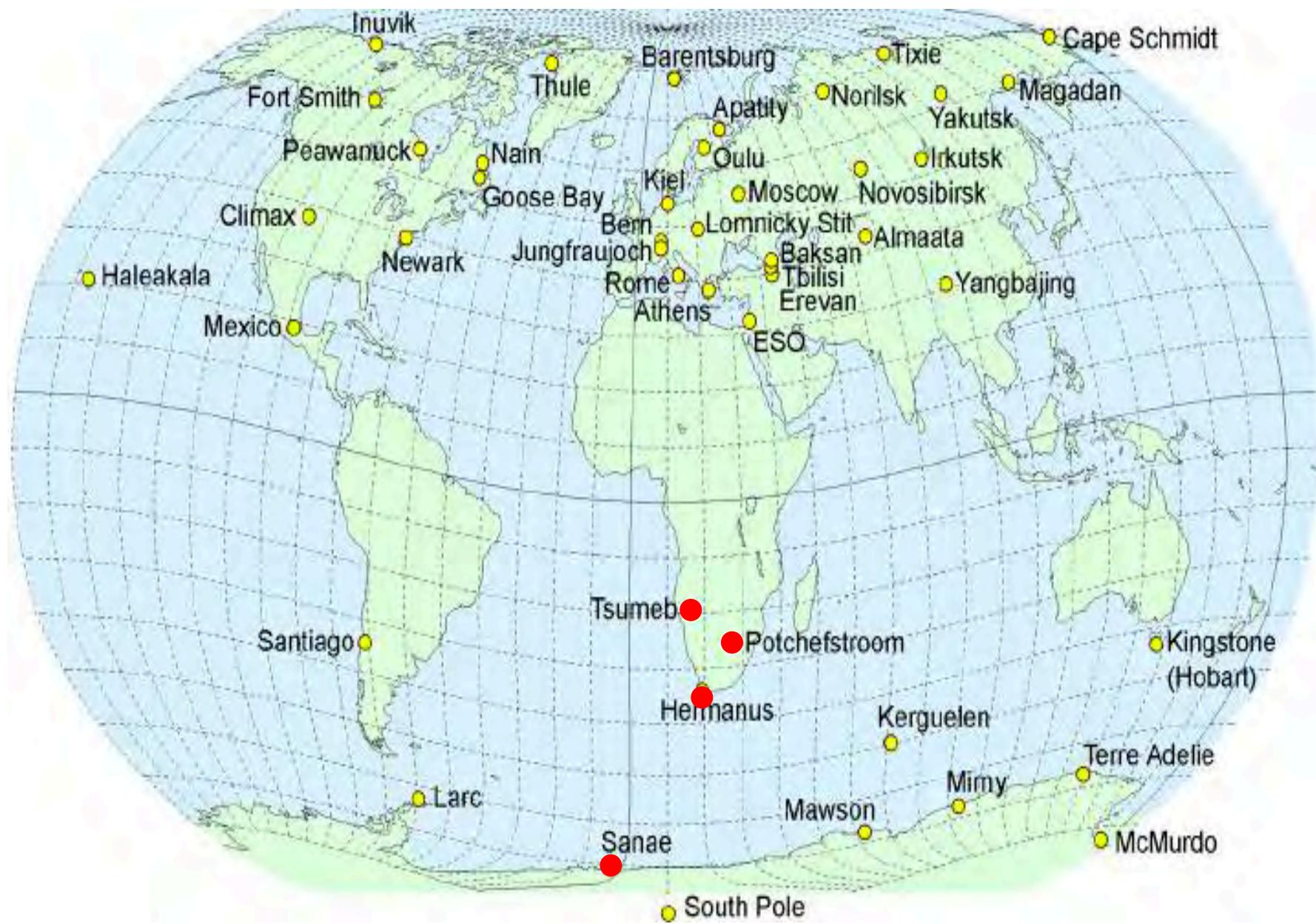
The poles are better



The poles are better – a window into geospace



Appropriate.....



Appropriate.....

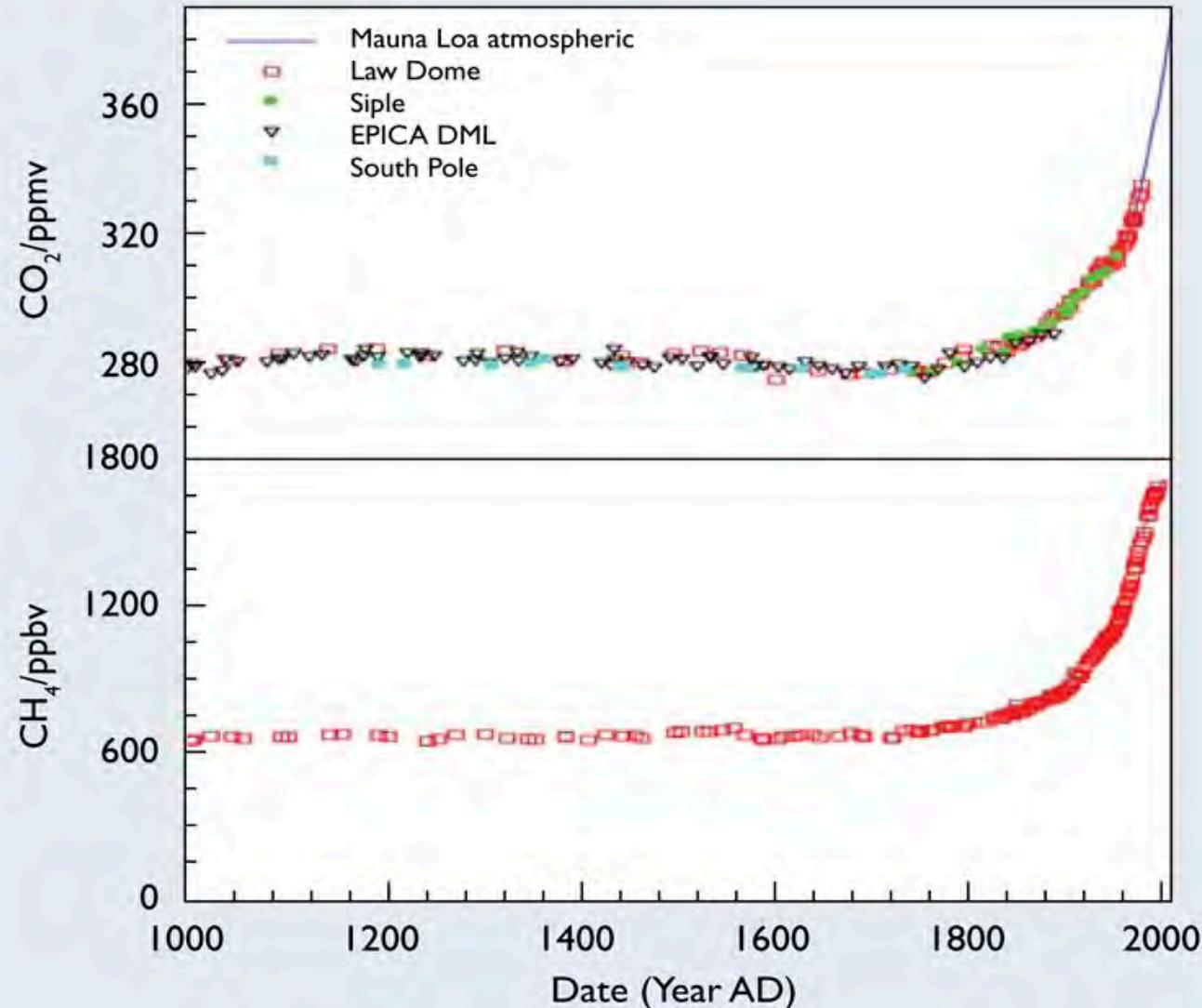
- One space mission > \$ 70 M = R 700 M
- Neutron monitors = R 250 K per year x 40 NMs
x 60 years = R 600 M

Why?

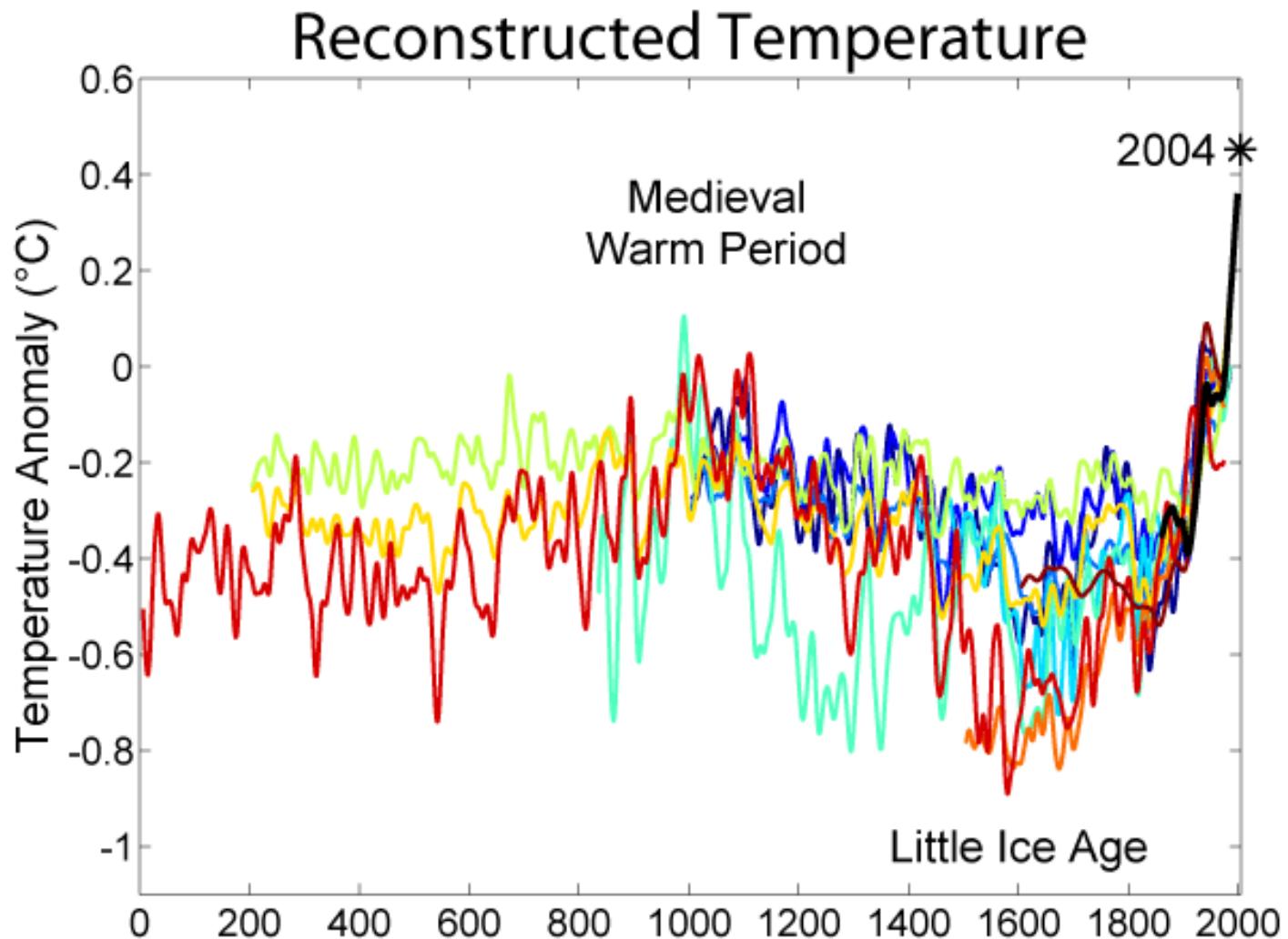
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Climate change

Fig. 2: CO_2 and CH_4 over the last 1,000 years⁽¹⁻⁴⁾

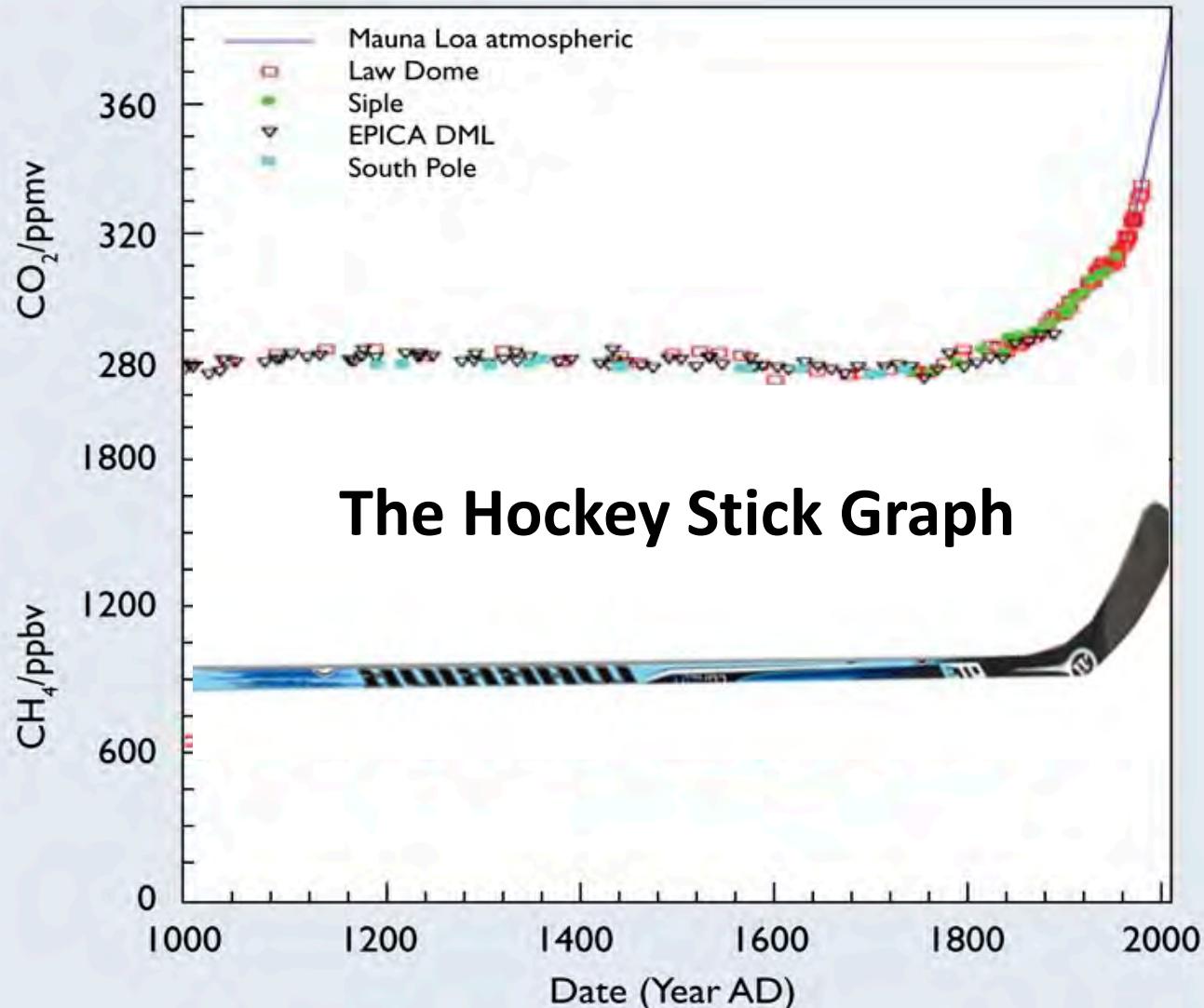


Climate change



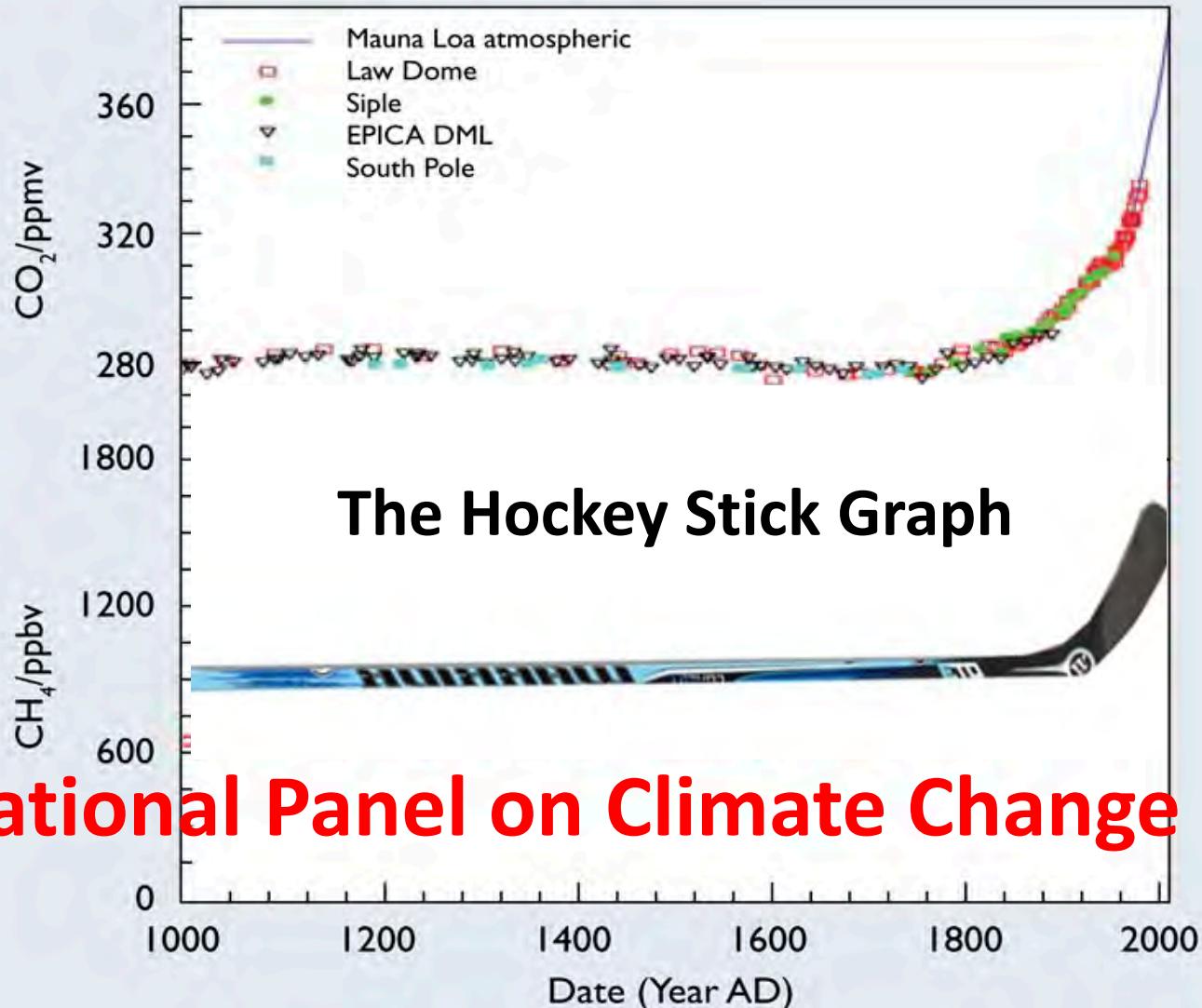
Climate change

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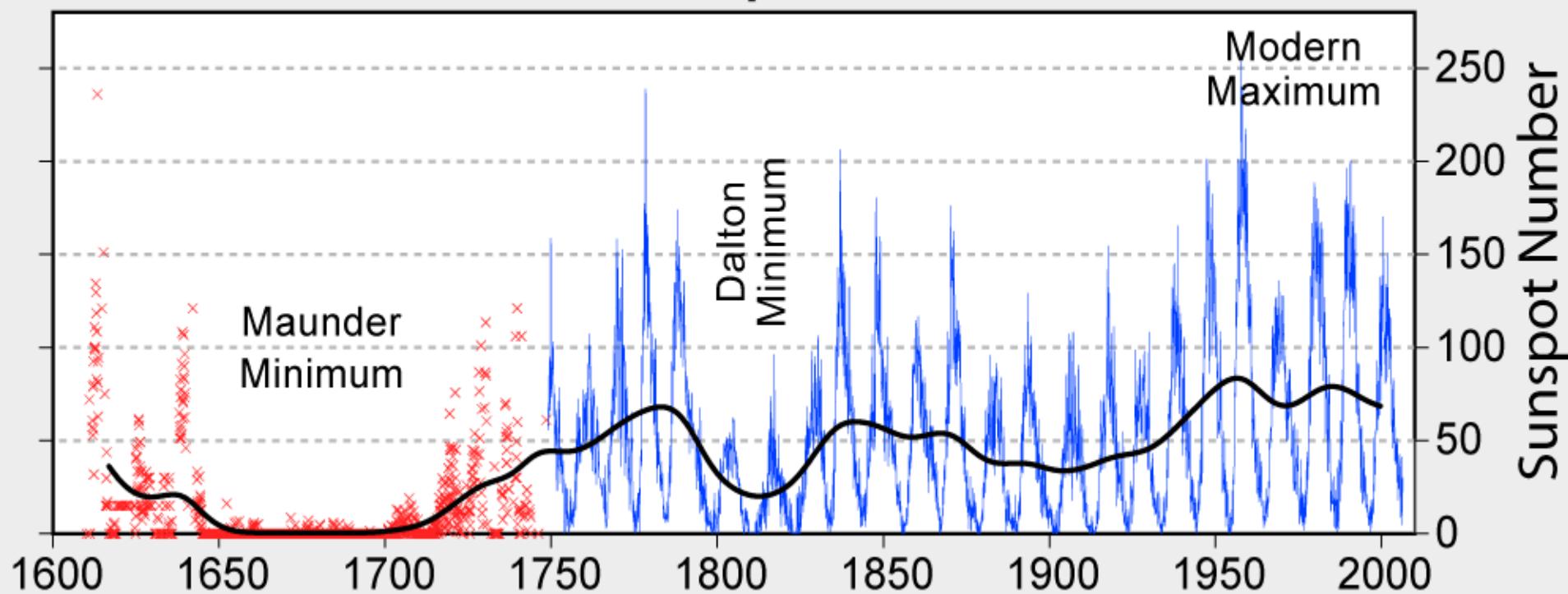
Climate change

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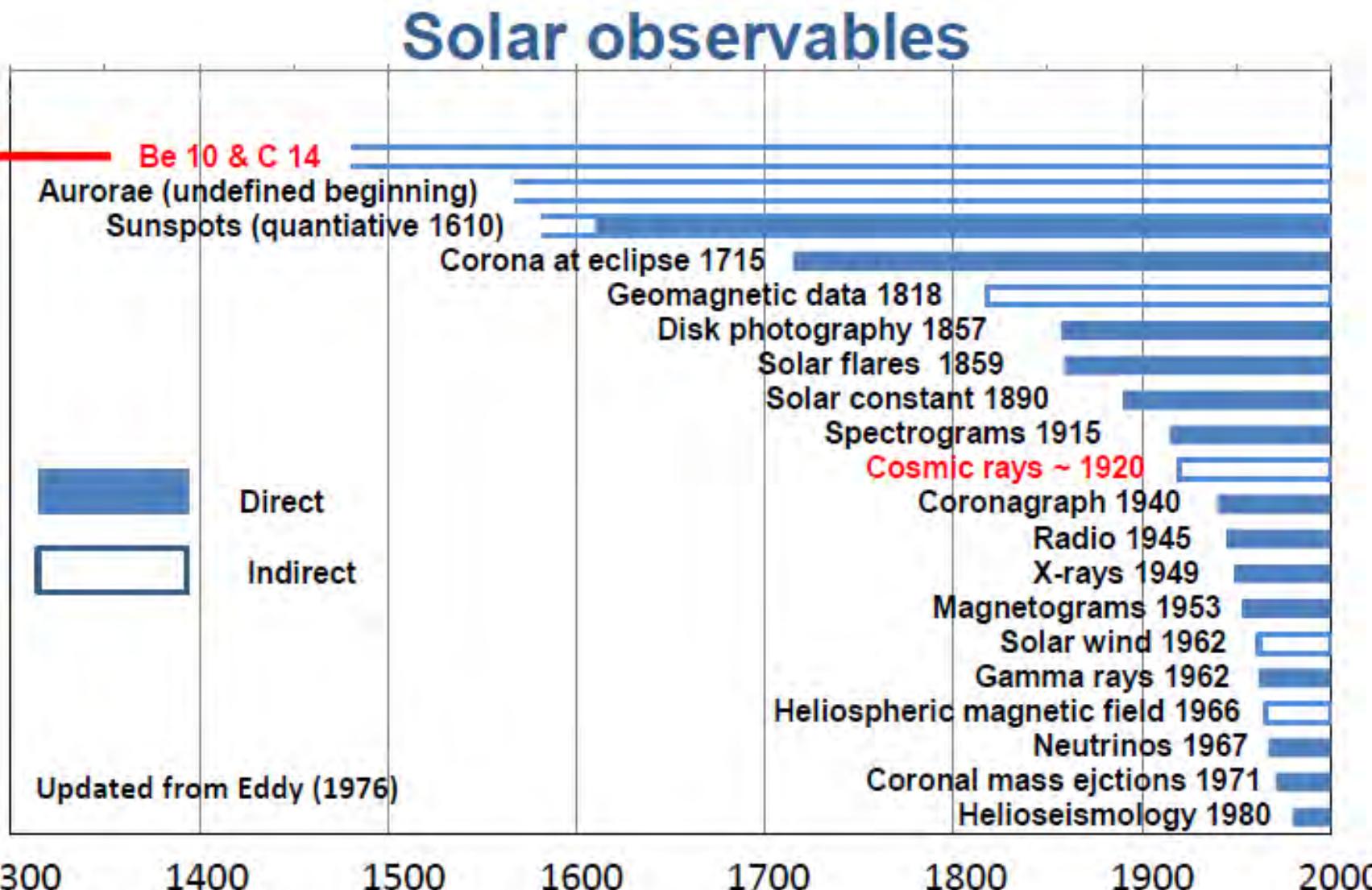


Climate change

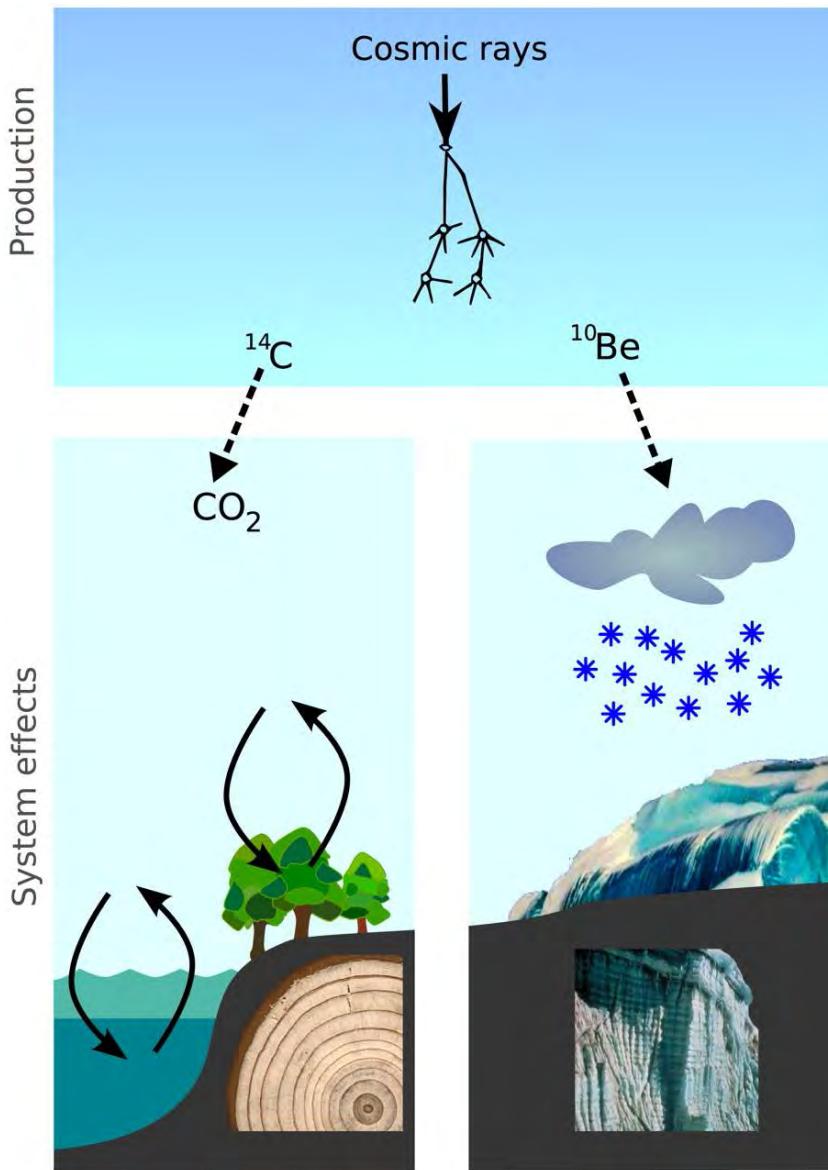
400 Years of Sunspot Observations



History of the Sun



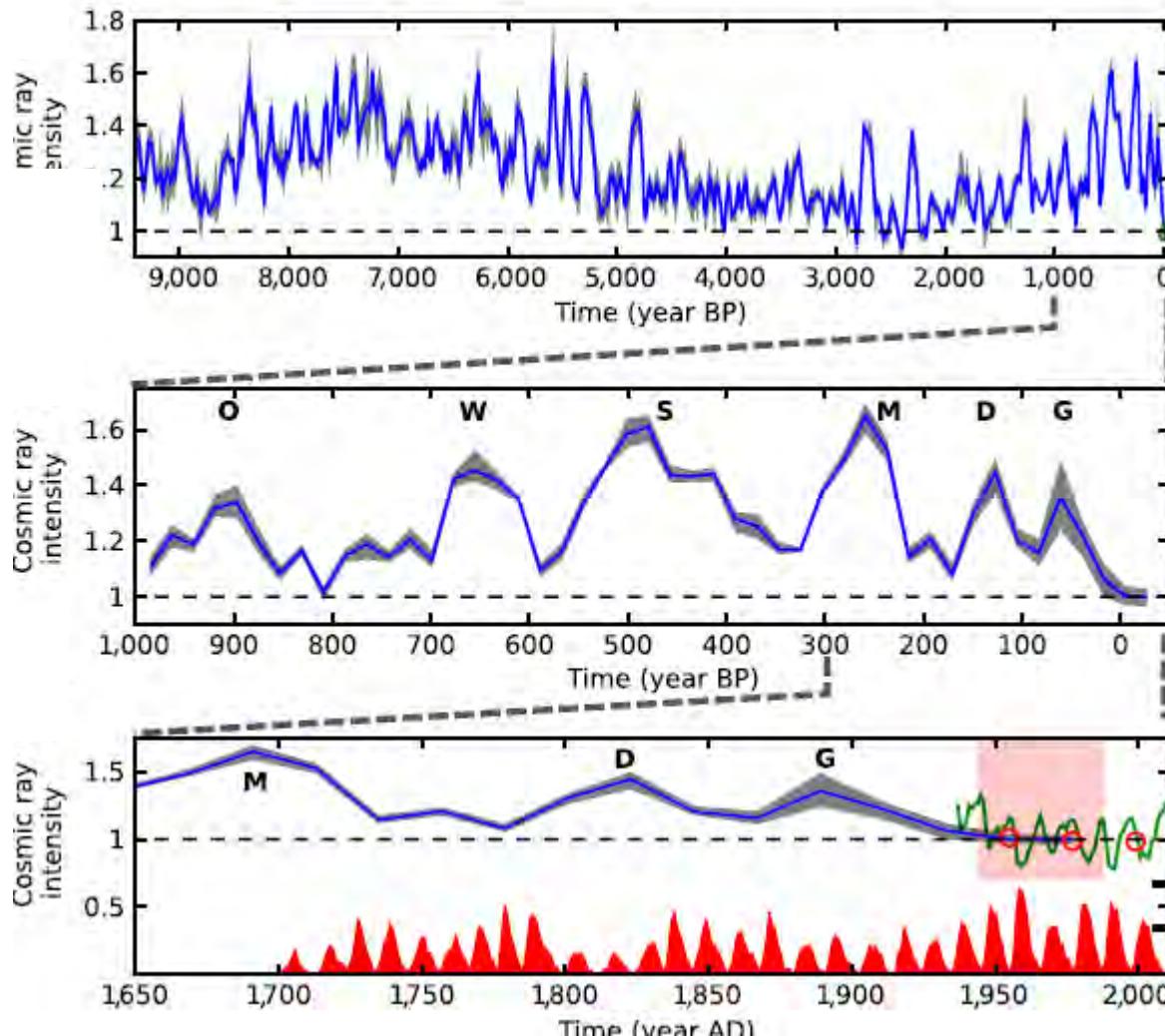
Paleo-cosmic rays: ^{14}C and ^{10}Be



Paleo-cosmic rays: ^{10}Be

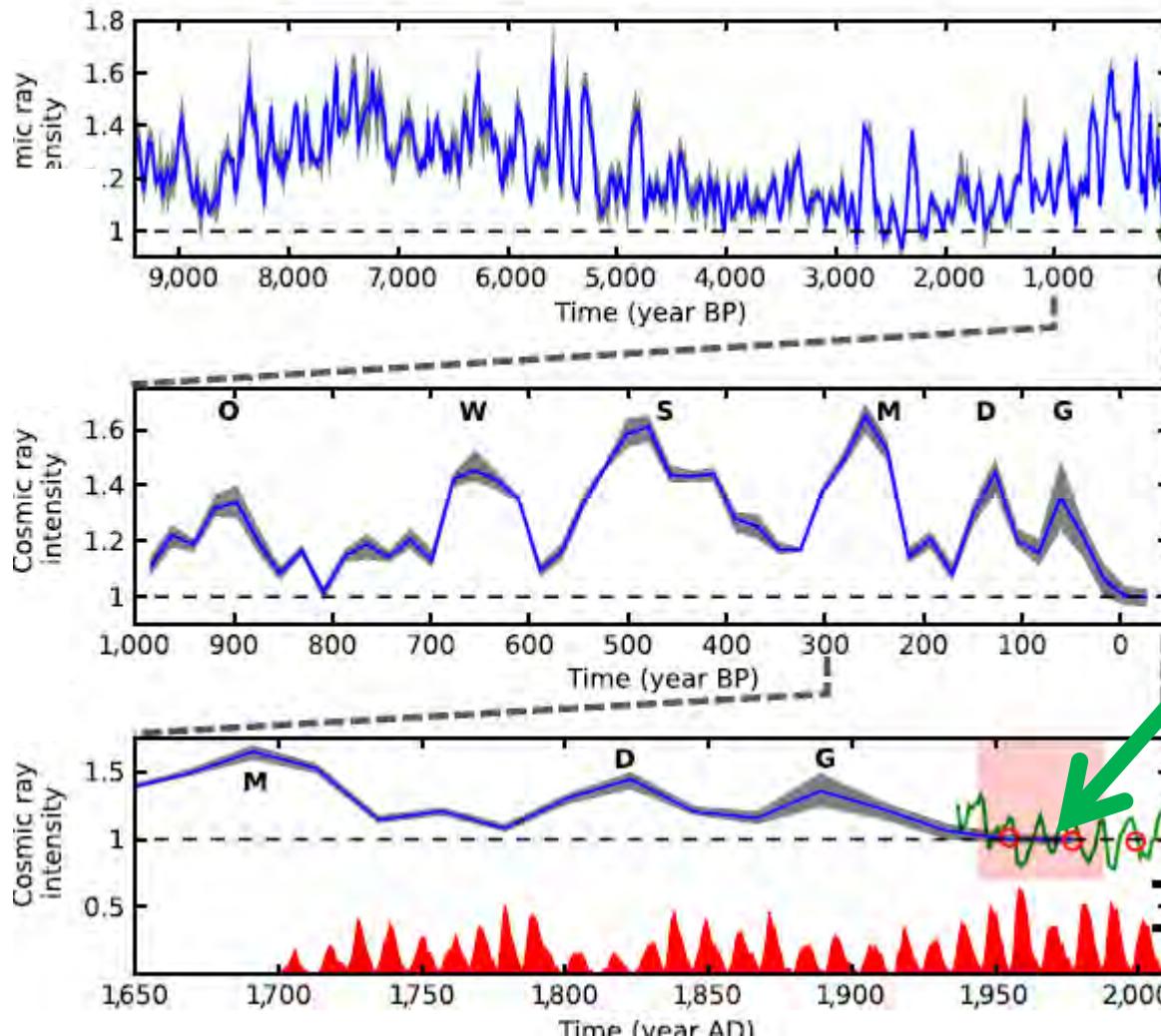


^{10}Be in polar ice ... Earth's neutron monitor



Steinhilber et al. (2012)

^{10}Be in polar ice ... Earth's neutron monitor



Real
neutron
monitor

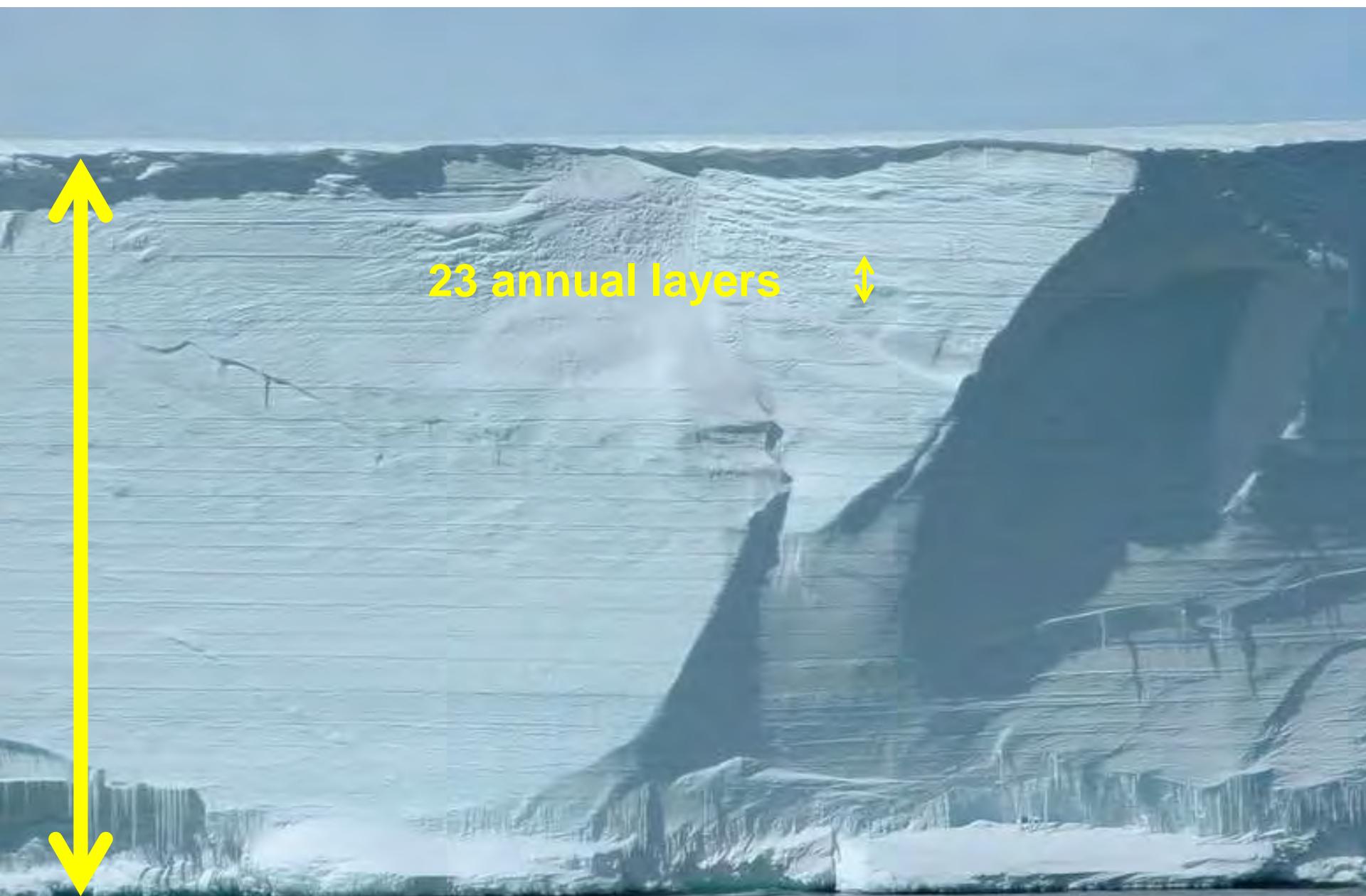
Ice shelf in Queen Maud Land



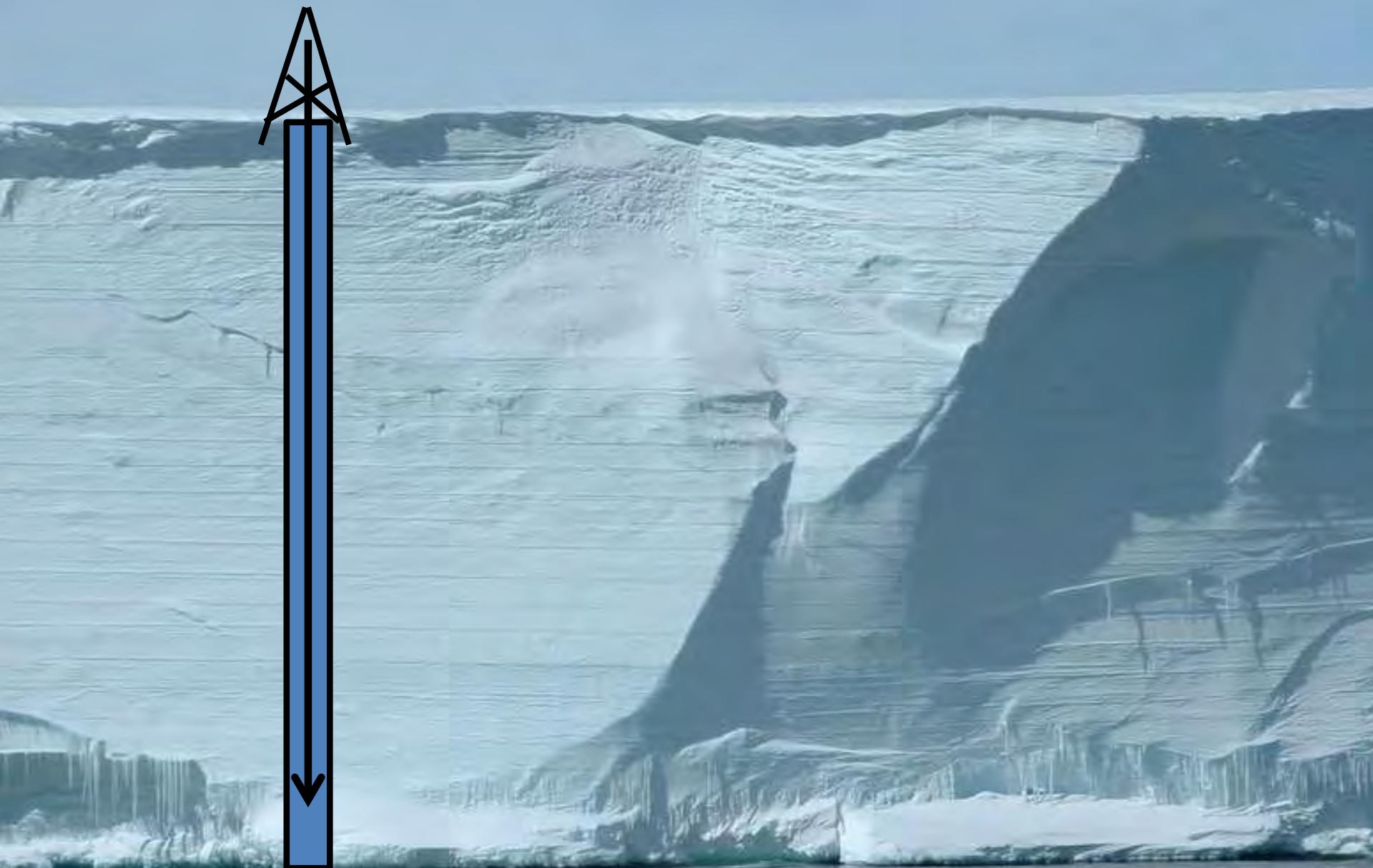
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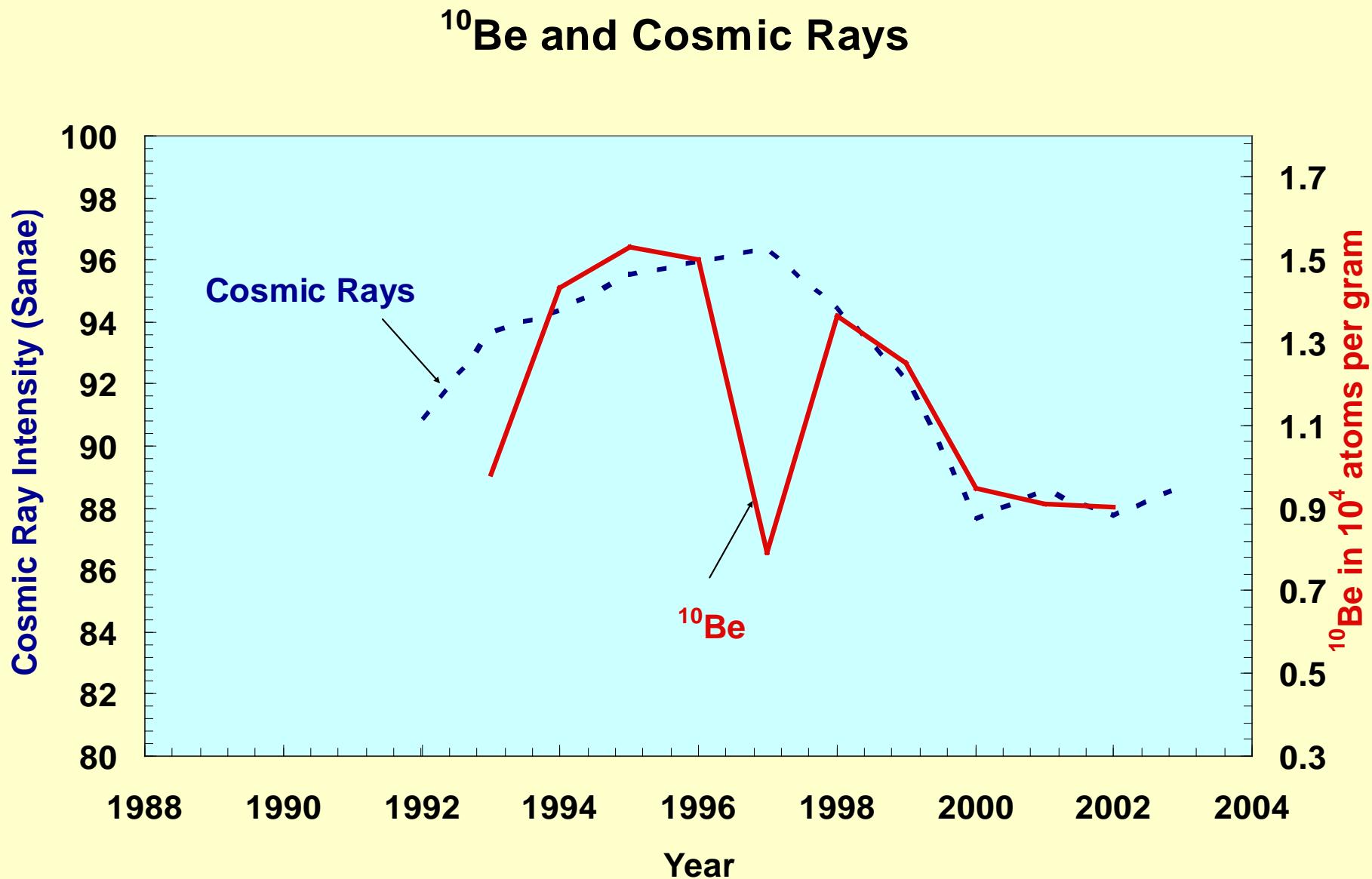
Shallow drilling 60 years deep



Pilot Project 2006



Pilot project 2006



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Thank you:

NRF/DST

DEA

Rhodes University Organisers

Cosmic-ray spectrum

