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Leer No. M13/1/4/3 File No.

Onderwerp Sympetic REPORTING STATIONS
Subject
SHIPS AT SEA:

- WHALING FACTORY SHIPS

VOL. TY

File No.

Reference:

Bylae No.	Verwys na.	Dat.	Hou oor tot dat.	Kol.4. Reg. Noteer.	Bêre.	Voorletters vir Bêre,	Bylse No.	Verwys na.	Dat.	Hou oor tot dat.	Kol.4, Reg. Noteer.	Bêre.	Voorletters vir Bêre.
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13/14/3. Falkland Islands and Dependencies Meteorological Service, DEPT, VAN VERVOER Stanley, Falkland Islands. 1954 13th July 1954

Your Ref. M. 13/1/4/3 Our Ref. FIDNS 820/54/45

Dear Colleague.

Please refer to your letter M13/1/4/3 of 15th January 1954 about the rebroadcast of your whaling ship collective message for the benefit of Argentina.

First of all, I would like to confirm the suggestions put by my colleague, Mr. McNaughton, in his letter 820/54/31 of 9th April. I have now discussed the matter with the Post and Telegraph Department and can offer to rebroadcast your collective message on two frequencies simultaneously, either between 1415 and 1445 G.M.T. or 1830 and 1900 G.M.T.

3. The earlier time would of course depend on you being able to start your broadcast at 1230 G.M.T. and complete it by 1300 G.M.T. If this is possible, then it would greatly improve your service for us, because the information would then be available in ample time for use when compiling our whalers forecast issued at 1500 G.M.T. Also, a message at 1415 G.M.T. may be presumed to suit Argentina, who have apparently been listening at that time and should, incidently, suit other countries in Region III because no South American broadcasts take place in this period.

4. However, if you find it impossible to bring your broad-cast forward to 1230z (you will see from MrMcNaughton's letter that this is our only alternative listening time to 1415z) then I suggest we should rebroadcast between 1830 and 1900 G.M.T. This time is quite convenient for us, regardless of whether you make the original transmission at 1230 or 1415 but I presume that you would wish the information rebroadcast as soon as possible after receipt?

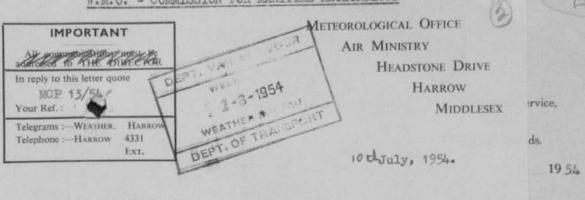
I have copied this letter to Cdr. Frankcom, to keep him informed, and shall be pleased to make final arrangements as soon as I know which of the alternatives you prefer.

Yours sincerely,

CA Hosphile

Chief Meteorological Officer.

The Director, Department of Transport, Weather Bureau, Pretoria, Union of South Africa.



My dear Colleague,

Further to my letter MCP 13/52 of 28th May 1953 I shall be grateful if you would in accordance with para. (2) of Resolution 24 (E.C.III) please let me have information as to the success of the scheme for the collection of reports from whaling ships since its implementation in 1952.

I have also written to the President of Regional
Associations I, III and V requesting their comments on the
success of the scheme so far, within their regions. On receipt
of their replies I will prepare the report on the scheme for
submission to the Executive Committee as instructed by
Resolution 24-E.C.III.

I am, my dear Colleague, Yours sincerely,

Ad

President, Maritime Commission.

Dr. T.E.W. Schumann,

Director,

Weather Bureau,

Department of Transport,

P.O. Box 399,

Pretoria, Union of S. Africa.

soon as I know which of the alternatives you prefer.

Yours sincerely.

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Chief Meteorological Officer.

The Director,
Department of Transport,
Weather Bureau,
Pretoria,
Union of South Africa.

Australia and changes in the time of transmission and frequency seemed to effect no improvement. The broadcast were also insudible in Buenos Aires. The Following a report from the Secretary General a letter was sent to the Secretary General

The Chief Meteorological Officer Falkland Islands has also requested that the time of the transmission made be advanced to about 1230 GMT and every effort to meet this request will be made during the coming season. There may however be difficulties which will make the arrangement impracticable.

Broadcasts of the Antarctic Inference were made regularly during the season and reports from factory ships calling at Cape Town indicate that this inference fulfils a useful service.

At the beginning of the last season this Weather Bureau supplied Whaling Ships with a preliminary Antarctic climatology. This is in the course of revision and a new edition based on 160,000 observations is expected to be ready next year.

Ciphers were supplied to all ships requiring them. The intention is to use the same diphers for at least two years before introducing new ones. Replacement or additional copies required may be obtained on application. A new cipher for the broadcast of whaling ship collectives in the season 1954 - 1955 is available and copies will be supplied to all meteorological services requiring them.

The most serious weakness in the international arrangements for the collection and dissemination of reports from Whaling Ships lies in the inability to exchange reports by radio broadcast between Australia and the Union. In the coming season it is hoped to use a point to point circuit for this exchange and if this can be done the operation of the scheme should be very greatly improved.

(my

Yours sincerely.

TR. BC WANIN

DIRECTOR.

The Officer in Charge, Weather Office, P.O. Box 85, MAITLAND.

The Port Meteorological Officer, P.O. Box 2761, CAPE TOWN.

On

For Information.

THE DAY THE SAME

////// Privatebag 97

M.13/1/4/3

M 0 AUG 1954

President,
Maritime Commission,
Meteorological Office,
Air Ministry,
Headstone Drive,
HARROW.
Middlesex - England.

Dear President,

With reference to your letter MCP 13/54 of 10th July I am pleased to say that 3750 reports were received by radio from Whaling Ships in the Antarctic during the last season and this again is a substantial increase over the previous year. The numbers of reports received during the last few years are given below.

		Percentage			
	Reports received	increase over			
	by radio	previous year			
1949 - 1950	1139				
1950 - 1951	1743	52			
1951 - 1952	2706	53			
1952 - 1953	3363	53 24			
1953 - 1954	3750	12			

No reports were received during the last season from Sir James Clark Ross which had been most cooperative during previous seasons and has, in fact, been sward this prizes. Enquiries were made to the Norwegian colar Institute and Dr. Sverdrup replied to say that Sir James Clark Ross sent no weather reports because this year the sending interfered too much with the radio communication to the catchers and also because when catching, the additional work interfered with the other duties of the officers. The assurance was however given that the Sir James Clark Ross will continue her cooperation provided this can be done without interfering with the activity in the radio room and on the bridge.

This report is rather discontexting as it is understood that at least one Whaling company is installing a great deal of very elaborate radio equipment in its factory ship and catchers, mainly to reduce the losses resulting from wheles which are killed but can not subsequently be found. In the case of one factor, ship these losses amounted to 40 whales during the last sesson. It is hoped that other ships will not case reporting as the Sir James Clark Ross did during the last sesson. However if there is any possibility of whaling ships not being able to send reports after each main synoptic it may be as well to inform the masters that reports may be sent at any convenient time once a day, or even lass frequently in special circumstances. Such an arrangement would be preferable to that of the complete discontinuance of reports as in the case of the Sir James Clark Ross.

All reports received in Pretoris were rebroadcast daily in two transmissions at different times. Although reception was satisfactory at Port Stanley and in South Georgia the broadcasts were not audible in

/1/4/3

I shall be interested to receive your comments as to the co-operation you received from British whaling ships during the Season 1953-54.

Yours sincerely,

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IMPORTANT

All co inications must be the dresse THE DIRECTOR In reply to this letter quote

E. 15288/52/M.O.1

Your Ref .:

Telegrams : Weather. Harrow Telephone : Harrow 4331

Dear Dr. Schumann,

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE

AIR MINISTRY

HEADSTONE DRIVE HARROW

MIDDLESEX

30th July, 1954

Referring to your letter M.13/1/4/3 of 6th August, 1953, we note your intention is that the private position cypher used by whaling ships, operating in the Antarctic, should be replaced every two years. The Tables K and L used respectively by the ships of Messrs. Salvesen and Company and Hector Whaling Limited, during the Season 1952-53 and 1953-54 will thus become obsolete for the coming Season 1954-55.

We have not yet received from the Whaling Companies any details of their proposed programme for this coming Season, but in past years we have had to equip their ships towards the end of August. If you still think it necessary to change the cyphers, I shall be grateful if you will please let me have, at your earliest opportunity, copies of the new private position cyphers to be used by the ships of these two Companies during the next two years so that we may arrange to put them aboard their ships with their instruments. I presume you will at the same time send a copy of each of the cyphers to the Meteorological Service of Australia (and of the Falkland Islands).

/ I shall

Dr. T. E. W. Schumann, Weather Bureau, Department of Transport,

Private Rag 97, Pretoria,

Union of South Africa.

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All reports received in Pretoria were rebroadcast daily in two transmissions at different times. Although reception was satisfactory at Port Stanley and in South Georgia the broadcasts were not sudible in

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Al //// Private Bag 97.

M.13/4/3. (5) H13/14/3

28 AUG 1954

AIRMAIL.

The Director,
Meteorological Office,
Headstone Drive,
Harrow,
MIDDLESEX,
ENGLAND.

Dear Colleague,

Thank you for your letter (E.15288/52/M.O.1) of 30th July in connection with ciphers for Whaling Ships. Since suggesting that these ciphers be changed every two years I have found that there is quite a lot of opposition in some ships to making such changes. They like to continue using the tables they are accustomed to and other reasons of that kind have been put forward.

If the masters of ships themselves are content to continue the use of tables for more than two years I see no reason why that should be changed and it is therefore suggested that Tables K and L be retained unless a change is requested.

If additional copies are required please let me know but the number of spare copies is now rather low.

m

T. SCHUMANM

DIRECTOR.

JAK/HEP. 26/8.

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//////// Private Bag 97

(184) (6)

M.13/1/4/3

1 2 SEP 1954

Port Met. Office, P.O. Box 2761, CAPE TOWN.

WHALING SHIPS.

Are there any matters to be taken up before ships leave their home posts for the 1954-1955 Antarctic Whaling season?

DIRECTOR.

JAE/WE 1/9/54

cease reporting as the Sir James Clark Ross did during the last sesson. However if there is any possibility of whaling ships not being able to send reports after each main synoptic it may be as well to inform the masters that reports may be sent at any convenient time once a day, or even lass frequently in special circumstances. Such an arrangement would be preferable to that of the complete discontinuance of reports as in the case of the Sir James Clark Ross.

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- (2) Weather bulletins for Antarctic whaling vessels from South Georgia.
 - Gale/storm warnings for the area south of 50°S between 45°W and 10°W with a brief description of the situation and with a forecast for the area affected are broadcast three times daily from South Georgia

Call sign ZBH

Times of transmission: 0215 1515 2115 GMT

Frequencies 500 kcs and 8333 kcs.

5. SYnoptic Reports from Ships:

- (1) Messages containing reports of observations at 0000, 0600, 1200 and 1800 GMT would be greatly appreciated, but if it is only possible to send one daily message, reports at 1200 GMT would be preferred. Reports of observations at the other times, even if sent late as "retards", would be most useful.
- (2) Reports should be sent in International Code in the following form:-

YQLaLaLa LoLoLoGG Nddff VVwwW PPPTT NhCLhCMCH

followed by any other additional groups of information known to the observer, or by plain language remarks regarding the pack ice boundary when this can be observed.

- (3) For security purposes the figures given in the Confidential position Code (Table) supplied to your ship should be substituted for LaLaLa and LoLoLo in the coded weather report.
- (4) Synoptic reports should be addressed to MET PRETORIA and transmitted through Cape Town Radio or addressed to WEATHER MELBOURNE and transmitted through Sydney Radio (VIS) or through Perth Radio (VIP).

Issued by: Weather Bureau, Private Bag 97, Pretoria.
South Africa.

WEATHER SERVICE FOR ANTARCTIC SHIPPING

1953 - 1954

1. Details are given below about the Weather Service which will be available for ships in the Antarctic during the whaling season 1953 - 1954. Except for reports from the Falkland Islands and Dependencies and from island stations in the Southern Ocean the meteorological services concerned are dependent on reports from shipping for the provision of this service. Its success therefore depends largely on your co-operation - the greater the number of ships which report, the more reliable will the service become.

2. Service provided by Weather Bureau, Union of South Africa.

Station: Cape Town Radio

Time of Transmission: also GMT. 2200 GMT.

Call signs	Frequencies		
25L Z	4725 119-15 kcs		
ZSL 3	8333 kes		
ZSL 4 ZSL 5	12772.5 kcs 16670 kcs		

Area covered: 30° South to 70° South 60° West to 90° East

Form of message: "Antarctic Inference." Message in plan language (English) giving the position of centres of depressions and anticyclones, and their direction and speed of movement based on 1200 GMT observations.

3. Service provided by Meteorological Branch, Australia

- (a) Southern Ocean Analysis (in code form) broadcast at 1230 GMT.
- (b) Plain language inference broadcast at 1590 GMT.for the area South of 50°S and between 90° East and 180° East.

Broadcasting station: Canberra

Times of transmission: (a) 1230 GMT (b) 1530 GMT.

Call sign - VNCN

Frequencies: 2628 kcs ½ KW 5/00 10485 " 5 " 13920 " 10 "

4. Service provided by Falkland Islands and Dependencies Meteorological Service.

(1) Weather bulletins for Antarctic wheling vessels from Port Stanley.

Gale/storm warnings for the area South of 50° S between 70° W and 40° W with a brief description of the situation and with a forecast for the area affected are broadcast three times daily from Port Stanley.

Call signs VPC ZFH 88

Times of transmission 0200 1500 2100 GMT

- (2) Weather bulletins for Antarctic whaling vessels from South
- Gale/storm warnings for the area south of 50°S between 45°W and 10°W with a brief description of the situation and with a forecast for the area affected are broadcast three times daily from South Georgia

Call sign ZBH

Times of transmission: 0215 1515 2115 GMT

Frequencies 500 kcs and 8333 kcs.

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YQLaLaLa LoLoLoGG Nddff VVwwW PPPTT $N_h C_L h C_M C_H D_8 V_8 app$

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2. Service provided by Weather Bureau, Union of South Africa.

Station: Cape Town Radio

Time of Transmission: 2200 Gm. T.

Call signs	Frequencies			
25L 2 25L	472) 119-15 kcs			
ZSL 3	8333 kcs			
ZSL 4	12772.5 kcs			
ZSL 5	16670 kcs			

Area covered: 30° South to 70° South 60° West to 90° East

Form of message: "Antarctic Inference." Message in plan language (English) giving the position of centres of depressions and anticyclones, and their direction and speed of movement based on 1200 GMT observations.

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Broadcasting station: Canberra

Times of transmission: (a) 1230 GMT (b) 1530 GMT.

Call sign - VNCN

Frequencies: 2628 kcs 2 KW 5/00 10485 " 10 " 13920 " 10 "

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Times of transmission 0200 1500 2100 GMT

- (2) Weather bulletins for Antarctic whaling vessels from South
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Call sign ZBH

Times of transmission: 0215 1515 2115 GMT

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Issued by: Weather Bureau, Private Bag 97, Pretoria.
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- 2. Service provided by Weather Bureau, Union of South Africa.

Station: Cape Town Radio

Time of Transmission: 130 CND. 2200 6.M.T.

Call signs Frequencies ZSL Z 4721 119-15 kos ZSL 3 ZSL 4 8333 kcs 12772.5 kcs 16670 kcs ZSL 5

30° South to 70° South 60° West to 90° East Area covered:

"Antarctic Inference." Message in plan language Form of message: (English) giving the position of centres of depressions and anticyclones, and their direction and speed of movement based on 1200 GMT observations.

- 3. Service provided by Meteorological Branch, Australia
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 - (b) Plain language inference broadcast at 1530 area South of 50°S and between 90° East and 30 GMT.for the East and 180° East.

Broadcasting station: Camberra

1700

Times of transmission: (a) 1230 GMT (b) 1530 GMT.

Call sign - VNCN

Frequencies: 2628 kcs ZKW 5100 5560 " 10485 " 5 " 10 11 13920 10

- 4. Service provided by Falkland Islands and Dependencies Meteorological Service.
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Call signs VPC ZFH 88

Times of transmission 0200 1500 2100 GMT

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UNION OF SOUTH AFRICA.

M. 13/1/4/3

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Port Meteorological Office,
P. O. Box 2761,
CAPE TOWN.

8th September 1954

The Director, Weather Bureau Private Bag 97, PRETORIA.

WHALING SHIPS.

With reference to your M. 13/1/4/3 dated 2nd. September 1954, I do not think there are any matters to be taken up, unless it is to encourage the ships and thank them for what they did last year - with the except ions of the SIR JAMES CLARK ROSS and the SLAVA!

I am glad that the same cyphers are to be used again this year (and so will the ships be glad).

Could you please find out from Australia, South Georgia, Falklands and also CAPE TOWN RADIO whether the same services are to be maintained next season (see enclosure) and consider the republication of the enclosed for 1954-55? I enclose 6 spare copies which you may wish to send them to them for checking purposes.

Copy for the Officer in Charge, Weather Office, Wingfield.

Port Meteorological Officer.

13920 " 10 "

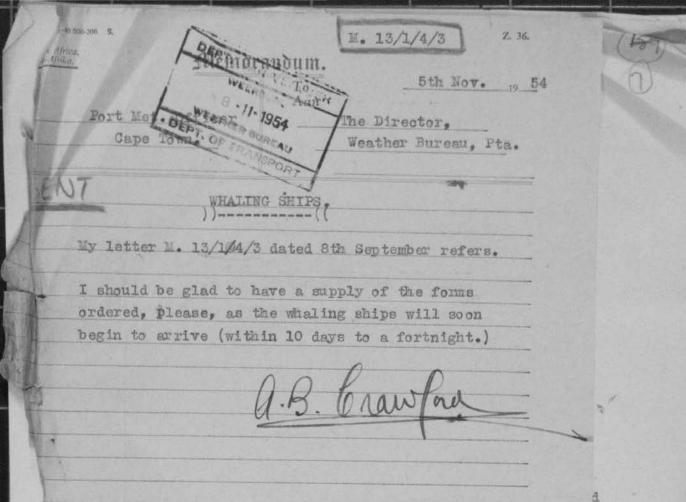
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Call signs VPC ZFH 88

Times of transmission 0200 1500 2100 GMT

////// Private Bag 97.

16.9.54.

The Director,
Meteorological Branch,
P.O. Box 1289 K.
MELBOURNE.
Australia.

EXPORTS FROM WHALING SHIPS,

I enclose herewith a copy of the circular issued to Ships during the last Whaling Season giving information about the Weather Service for Antarctic Shipping. I should be glad if you would please check the section applicable to your service and advise me of any amendments so that an up-to-date circular may be issued at the beginning of the coming Whaling Season.

DIRECTOR.

JAK/HEP. 13/9.

Service. Service.

(1) Weather bulletins for Antarctic wheling vessels from Port Stanley.

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Call signs VPC ZFH 88

Times of transmission 0200 1500 2100 GMT

////// Private Bag 97.

16.9.84

The Chief Meteorologist, Falkland Islands Dependency Survey, Port Stanley, FAIRLAND ISLANDS.

REPORTS FROM WHALING SHIPS.

I enclose herewith a copy of the circular issued to Shipe during the last Whaling Season giving information about the Weather Service for Antarctic Shipping. I should be glad if you would please check the section applicable to your service and advise me of any amendments so that an up-to-date circular may be issued at the beginning of the coming Whaling Season.

DIRECTOR.

LOLDHUS BIR Dependencies Meteorological

I also enclose this copies (une L & George
the applie which with m med L
wheeling whip culture hundred in

JAK/HEP. 13/9. Her 1984 - 1985 Sean

service.

(1) Weather bulletins for Antarctic whaling vessels from Port Stanley.

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Call signs VPC ZFH 88

Times of transmission 0200 1500 2100 GMT

With reference to your difficulty about getting reports to Australia, I wonder if it would be feasible to have them relayed through Colombo as I gather Colombo has a very powerful naval radio station. This is only a suggestion and I realise that the question of cost may prevent it from being done.

1/3.

I am interested to hear about the work you are doing on antarctic meteorology as a result of reports you have received from ships generally.

9.84

Referring to the question of cyphers, I presume you will take the necessary action about supplying new cyphers to Meteorological Services for the season 1954/55. As this season will very soon be upon us I suggest very early action is necessary.

(President, Maritime Commission.

Thing sather Service check the sents so that soming Whaling

the main apportin time will send to long then difficulty.

I do not propose mentioning the Sir Jemen Clark Ross to
anyheavy but the Hersegier Authorities, as I do not think it
would be desirable to do so.

ASES!

the season; I hope

Tr. T. E. W. Schumern,

E. The Director,

Weather curean, Dept. of Transport,

P.O. Nar 399,

Protects,

Union of South Africa.

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Come h & George would h

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JAK/HEP. 13/9. Ha 1984 - 1987 Scar

bervice.

(1) Weather bulletins for Antarctic whaling vessels from Port Stanley.

Gale/storm warnings for the area South of 50°S between 70°W and 40°W with a brief description of the situation and with a forecast for the area affected are broadcast three times daily from Port Stanley.

Call signs VPC ZFH 88

Times of transmission 0200 1500 2100 GMT

Frequencies 8195 kcs (VPC) 7425 kcs (ZFH 88)

Lordinas and Dependencies Meteorological

IMPORTANT

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE,

AIR MINISTRY,

ATTACOR SERVICE STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE P

In reply to this letter quote of a literal and blanch at 1 and oder 100 miles Ex. Middlesex.

Telegrams; -- WEATHER, HARROW. Telephone: HARROW 4331 Ext.

I realized that the question of dost may provous 7th September, 1954.

Dear Dr. Schumann, and to share a so thelemosta salle sant.

Thank you for your letter of 10th August, No.M. 13/1/4/3 in which you have given satisfactory figures about the operation of the "Whaling Ship Scheme" during the 1953/4

I shall be grateful if you will please let me know the names and nationalities of all the ships which co-operated during that season because if you have no objection I would like to send an extract of your letter to the Director of the Meteorological Service of all the countries concerned. I shall be glad if you will confirm that you have no objection to my doing this. I feel they would be gratified to see these results in general.

I am sorry about the fact that you received no reports hips from the, Sir James Clark Ross, during the season; I hope ather Service your suggestion about their sending reports at some time after sheek the the main synoptic time will tend to overcome this difficulty.

I do not propose mentioning the Sir Jemes Clark Ross to anybody but the Norwegian Authorities, as I do not think it would be desirable to do so.

/With

Dependencies Meteorological

ming Whaling

Dr. T. E. W. Schumann, The Director, Weather Bureau, Dept. of Transport, P.O. Box 399, Pretoria, Union of South Africa.

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JAK/HEP. 13/9. the 1984 - 1987 scar

Dervice.

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Call signs VPC ZFH 88

Times of transmission 0200 1500 2100 GMT

////// Private Bag 97

REGISTERED.

The Director, National Meteorological Service, 1 Quai Branly, PARIS 7.

Dear Colleague,

I enclose three copies of the cipher which will be used for broadcasts of whaling ship collectives during the 1955-1956 Whaling Season. These are being sent to you well in advance so that you may supply the table to Kerguelen Island or other similar stations with the next relief expedition and so ensure that the cipher will be available for use at the beginning of the Whaling Season.

Yours sincerely,

91 SEP WAR

DIR CTOR.

____ Meteorological

JAK./ALG. 17-9-54

pervice.

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2/ . . .

2

REGISTERED.

The Director,
Meteorological Branch,
P.O. Box 1289 K,
H. LBOURNE.
Australia.

Dear Colleague,

I enclose three copies of the ciphers which will be used for broadcasts of whaling ship collectives during the 1955-1956 whaling season. These are being sent to you well in advance so that you may supply the table to Heard Island or Mewson or other similar stations with the next relief expedition and so ensure that the cipher will be available for use at the beginning of the Whaling Season.

An additional copy of the table for use in the 1954-1955 season is enclosed.

Yours sincerely,

2 1 SEP 1015

DIR CTOR.

____ and Dependencies Meteorological

Encl.

JAK./ALG. 17-9-54

BETVICE.

(1) Weather bulletins for Antarctic whaling vessels from Port Stanley.

Gale/storm warnings for the area South of 50°S between 70°W and 40°W with a brief description of the situation and with a forecast for the area affected are broadcast three times daily from Port Stanley.

Call signs VPC ZFH 88

Times of transmission 0200 1500 2100 GMT

//////// Privete Bag 97

REDISTERED.

2 1 SEP 1980

The Director,
New Zealand Meteorological Service,
P.O. Box 722,
WELLINGTON.
New Zealand.

CIPHERS FOR WHALING SHIP COLL CTIVES.

Dear Colleague,

I enclose herewith one copy of the cipher which will be used during the whaling season 1954 to 1955 for enciphering positions of whaling ships in collective broadcasts which will be made from Cape Town and Sanberra. The times of transmission have not yet been finally fixed but will be advised as soon as possible.

The cipher is a simple substitution cipher in which the values of LaLaLa and LoLoLo are given against those reported. For example if 855 is reported the value would be 061. Note also that 855 is obtained by reference to 061.

Broadcasts are expected to begin early in December and continue until March.

Yours sincerely,

1

ADDAMAS EMU DEPENGENCIES Meteorological

WIREGTOR.

Encl.

JAK./ALG. 17-9-54

bervice.

(1) Weather bulletins for Antarctic wholing vessels from Port Stanley.

Gale/storm warnings for the area South of 50°S between 70°W and 40°W with a brief description of the situation and with a forecast for the area affected are broadcast three times daily from Port Stanley.

Call signs VPC ZFH 88

Times of transmission 0200 1500 2100 GMT

//////// Private Beg 97

21 SEP (SE)

REGISTERED.

The Director,
Meteorological Service,
TANANARIVE.
Madagascar.

CIPHERS FOR WHALING SHIP COLLECTIVES

Dear Colleague,

I enclose herewith one copy of the cipher which will be used during the whaling season 1954 to 1955 for enciphering positions of whaling ships in collective broadcasts which will be made from Cape Town and Canberra. The times of transmission have not yet been finally fixed but will be advised as soon as possible.

The cipher is a simple substitution cipher in which the values of Lalala and LoLoLo are given against those reported. For example if 855 is reported the value would be 061. Note also that 855 is obtained by reference to 061.

Broadcasts are expected to begin in December and continue until March.

Yours sincerely,

DIRECTOR.

--- Lording and Dependencies Meteorological

Encl.

JAK/ALG. 17-9-54

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(1) Weather bulletins for Antarctic wheling vessels from Port Stanley.

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Call signs VPC ZFH 88

Times of transmission 0200 1500 2100 GMT



2 1 SEP 1950 1

REGISTERED.

The Director, Meteorological Office, P.O. Box 66, Causeway, SALISBURY. Rhodesia.

CIPHERS FOR WHALING SHIP COLLECTIVES

Dear Colleague,

I enclose herewith one copy of the cipher which will be used during the whaling season 1954 to 1955 for enciphering positions of whaling the whaling in collective broadcasts which will be made from Cape Town and ships in collective broadcasts which will be made from Cape Town and Canberra. The times of transmission have not yet been finally fixed but will be advised as soon as possible.

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Brosdossts are expected to begin in December and continue until March.

Yours sincerely,

ADDINGS MIN DEPENDENCIES Meteorological

Incl.

JAK./ALO. 16-9-54

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Call signs VPC **ZFH 88**

Times of transmission 0200 1500 2100 GMT

//////// Private Bag 97

2

2 1 SEP 1988

REGISTERED.

The Director,
Meteorological Service,
Praca 15 de Nov.,
RIO DE JANEIRO.
Brazil.

CIPHERS FOR WHALING SHIP COLLECTIVES.

Dear Colleague,

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Broedcasts are expected to begin in December and continue until Merch.

Yours sincerely,

NTD: CTOR.

---- and Dependencies Meteorological

Incl.

JAK./ALO. 16-9-54

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Call signs VPC ZFH 88

Times of transmission 0200 1500 2100 GMT

M.13/1/4/3

REGISTERED.

2 1 SEP 1954

The Director, National Meteorological Service, Paseo Colon 317, BULNOS AIRES. Argentine.

CIPHERS FOR WHALING SHIP COLLECTIVES

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Yours sincerely,

M

DIRECTOR.

Described and Dependencies Meteorological

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JAK./ALG. 16-9-54

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Call signs VPC ZFH 88

Times of transmission 0200 1500 2100 GMT

Car

3 1 SEP 195A

AIRMAIL

The Chief Meteorologist, Felkland Islands Dependency Survey, Port Stanley, PALKLAND ISLANDS.

Dear Colleague,

I regret that the enclosure referred to in my minute of 16th September was omitted. The relative part is enclosed herewith.

Yours sincerely,

DIRIGIOR.

Encl.

JAR./ALO. 18-9-54

pervice.

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Times of transmission 0200 1500 2100 GMT

"Powell" - late December

"Biscoe" - late January.

Of these, "Balaena", "Powell" and "Biscoe" are already carrying our instruments. We are sending out a set of instruments each for "Thule" and "Bransfield" to your Port Meteorological Officer in Cape Town for him to install when the ships arrive as in past years. He will doubtless be visiting all the ships and supplying them with their position cypher.

I hope this arrangement will be satisfactory to you. Yours sincerely,

e of 16th

SEP 1954

Stronke m.

DETVICE.

--- --- --- Dependencies Meteorological

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Times of transmission 0200 1500 2100 GMT

IMPORTANT

All communications must be addressed to THE DIRECTOR

In reply to this letter quote

E. 15288/52/M.O.1

Your Ref. :

Telegrams :-- WEA HER, HARROW

Telephone:—HARROW 4331

Ext.

Leynthing Metri

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE M.O.1
AIR MINISTRY

HEADSTONE DRIVE HARROW

MIDDLESEX

22nd September, 1954

SEP 1954

of 16th

rewith.

1/4/3

Dear Dr. Schumann,

Referring to your letter M.13/4/3 of 28th August, 1954, We have now heard from both British Whaling Companies; Messrs. Chris. Salvesen & Co. and Messrs. Hector Whaling Ltd., and they have no objection to the same private position cyphersbeing used in the forthcoming Season.

073/

We shall not need to bother you with supplying us with fresh copies, as we have our Master copy and can duplicate them here.

We have already recruited the "Southern Opal" and the other ships of Salvesen's will be recruited and supplied before they sail.

The ships of Messrs. Hector Whaling Ltd. will not be calling at U.K. ports but will be calling at Cape Town. Their arrival at that Port is approximately as follows:-

"Balaena" - late November

"Thule" and "Bransfield" - mid December

/ "Powell"

Dr. T. E. W. Schumann,
Director, Weather Bureau,
Department of Transport,
Private Bag 97,
Pretoria,
Union of South Africa.

and Dependencies Meteorological

pervice.

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Times of transmission 0200 1500 2100 GMT

6

5 OCT 1954

Port Meteorological Officer, P.O. Box 2761, CARE TOWN.

WHALING SHIPS.

For your information the following is an extract from a letter from the British Meteorological Office.

"We have now heard from both British Whaling Companies; Messrs. Chris. Salvesen & Co. and Messrs. Hector Whaling Ltd., and they have no objection to the same private position cyphers being used in the forth-coming Season.

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DIRECTOR.

CODES: SCOTTS TOTH ED. - WATKINS - A.B.C. - THE NEW BOE CODE

MELSOM & MELSOM

HEDER G. MELSOM

SKIP FDERI - HVALFANGST

HVALFANGI ZELSKAPET "GLOBUS" A/S.

HVALFANGERSELSKAPET "POLARIS" A/S.

OMH/TR

H13/14/3

TELEGRADE: MELSOM, LARVIK. TELEFOR: SENTRALBORD 3600.



Nansel pr. Larvik, 28th Sept., 1954



To The Director Meteorological Service, P.O.Box 1135, Pretoria, South Africa.

Dear Sir,

F/F "Norhval".

The captain of our above floating factory ship, Mr. Farmen, has informed us that a "Met-Code" has usually been handed to him on the vessel's call at South Africa on her way down to the Antarctic Fishing Grounds. This year the said factory will, however, not call at any South African ports, and we shall therefore thank you for sending captain Farmen one copy of your code to Curacao, where the factory ship will call on/about 1st November. The address will be:

Captain H.Farmen, F/F "Norhval", c/o S.E.L. Maduro & Sons, Curacao, N.W.I.

The code must be at Curacao not later than 31st of October

Cc Captain H.Farmen.

Yours faithfully

////// Private Bag 97

12/4/3

5 007 1954

AIR MAIL

REGISTERED.

Capt. H. Farmen, F/F "Nornval", o/o S.E.L. Maduro & Sons, CURACAO, N.W.I.

Dear Capt. Farmen,

Messrs Melsom and Melsom have written and asked me to send you a recoding table for use during the coming season in the Antarctic. I accordingly enclose three copies of Table DD and look forward to receiving reports from your ship. The table (as before) is a substitution cipher and if your latitude or longitude is, say, 63.6 the figures 739, determined from Table DD, are transmitted.

With best wishes for a successful sesson.

Yours faithfully,

DIRECTOR

Encl.

The Port Met. Officer, P.O. Box 2761, CAPE TOWN.

For Your Information.

JAK./ALG. 5-10-54

DIRECTOR.

Keys of decipleing)

M. Director and dear colleague,

By your M 13/1/4/3 Of 12 November 1953 you kindly sent me three copies of keys of decoding of collective "emissions" of whales for

I should be obliged to you if you could knd me [touth the same perion] the corresponding beys of decoding for 1954 - 1955, so that I can Sive them like last year to the chief of the met. Hakims of the Islands Amsterdam and berguelen, of which the departure from Paris is freseen in the first days of December.

Your frithfulls.



13/1/4/3

A Monsieur le Direct ur du Service Météorologique de l'Union Sud Africaine Départment of Transport Weather Bureau Private Bag 97-PRATORIA Union Sud Africaine

Monsieur le Directeur et Cher Collègue,

Par envoi M. I3/I/4/3 du I2 Novembre I953, vous avez bien voulu me faire parvenir trois exemplaires des clefs de déchiffrement des émissions collectives des navires baleiniers pour la campagne 1953-1954.

Je vous serais reconnaissant de m'adresser vers la même période les clefs de déchiffrement correspondantes pour la campagne 1954-1955, afin que je puisse les remettre comme l'année dernière en main propre aux chefs des stations météorologiques des Iles main propre aux chefs des stations météorologiques des Iles Amsterdam et Kerguelen, dont le départ de Paris est prévu dans les premiers jours de décembre.

Je vous prie d'agréer, Monsieur le Directeur et Cher Collègue, l'expression de mes sentiments les meilleurs.

> C. L'Inspecteur Général de la Météorologie Directeur de la Météorologie Nationale

> > Pholisy

p . 6 1

AN 6"1 8.51 HD 000 ex.

/// /// Private Bag 97

M.13/1/4/3

2 4 OCT 1954

REGISTERED.

L'Inspecteur General de la Meteorologio, Directeur, de la Meteorologie Nationale, 1 Quoi Branly, PARIS. France.

Dear Colleague,

I have received your letter No. 50938 of 1st October and as requested enclose three copies of the table for enciphering positions of Whaling Ships in broadcasts during the 1954-1955 season. I may mention that copies of these codes were sent to you on 12th November 1953 and acknowledged in your letter 52036 of 30th November 1953.

Yours faithfully,

DIRECTOR.

Enol.

JAK./HEP. 13-10-54

G.P.-S 17259 -1951-4-40,000-200 S. Union of South Africa, Unio van Snid-Afrika. Memorandum. From To Van Aan Copy for WINGFIELD Meteorological Officer DIRECTOR. Encl. JAK./HEP. 13-10-54

CENTRAL METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATORY Ote-machi, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo

11th October, 1954

0

CMO 54- 924

Director.
Weather Bureau.
Department of Transport.
Private Bag 97.
PRETORIA.
Union of South Africa.

13/1/4/3



Dear Sir,

We appreciate very much your efforts in the past for weather observations and messages from the Antarctic Ocean.

Last autumn we received from you the weather cipher codes and handed them to the Tonan-maru and the Nisshin-maru Fleets, both the Japanese Antarctic whaling fleets, for their use in the last fishery.

We are again ready for delivering the cipher codes to be used for the coming fishery (1954-1955) to the both whaling fleets.

We should be much obliged if you could be kind enough to send us the cipher codes by the last decade of this month when the Japanese whaling fleets are scheduled to leave port.

Sincerely yours,

N. Koemma

Dr. Kan'ichi Koenuma Chief, Forecasting Division,

for KIYOO WADATI, Director.

A Sand Brown

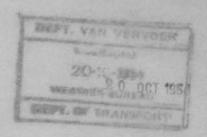
CENTRAL METEOROLOGICAL CHISERVATORY

////// Private Bag 97. Chiyedake, To-ye

M.13/1/4/3.

AIR MAIL.

The Director, Central Meteorological Observatory, Dte-machi, Chiyoda-ku, TOKYO. Japan.



Dear Colleague,

Thank you for your letter CMO 54-124 of 11th October requesting ciphers for use of the Tonan-maru and the Nisshin-maru Fleets. I confirm my cable of today's date reading

handed the "USE SAME WHALING SHIP CIPHERS AS FOR LAST SEASON".

Although it was originally intended to change the ciphers annually all the Whaling Ships we are in contact with, the Martime Commission and the Meteorological Services concerned agreed that the same ciphers should be retained for two or more years. A number of Masters of Whaling Ships were emphatic that the ciphers should not be changed.

the cipher codes by the last decade of this most and that I had written to you in this connection but very much regret that I have apparently not done so. I hope that this arrangement is quite acceptable to you and the Whaling Ships concerned.

Yours sincerely,

Dr. Ron'ichi Kounum Chief. Poresusting Division.

FOR REVENUE WARRYI,

DIRECTOR.

JAK/HEP. 20/10.



DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORT. - DEPARTMENT VAN VERVOER.

TELEGRAM AND CABLE FORM TELEGRAM EN KABEL VORM.

To be completed in duplicate. The original is to be sent to the teleprinter office and the duplicate placed with the Divisions set/In tweevoud voltooi te word; die corspronklike na die teledrukkerkantoor gestuur te word en die afskrif by die Afdeling se stel gehou te word.

Verkeersvolgnommer.	Klas	Office of origin Kantoor van Herkoms	: Woorde : Tyd	e: Service Instruc- : tions. : Diensaenwysings. b:/3 tra Juplina
To Central Me	leona			

M 403 Use same whating ship ciphens as for last season.

These columns for teleprinter office use only/Hierdie kolomme slegs vir gebruik deur teledrukker-kantoor.

Cod. 22 16.0



DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORT. - DEPARTMENT VAN VERVOER.

TELEGRAM AND CABLE FORM TELEGRAM EN KABEL VORM.

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* Traffic Serial Na. Verkeersvolgnommer.		: Office of origin : Kantoor van Her- : koms.		Tyd	: Service Instruc- : tions. : Diensaanwysings. :
To Aan Central Me	tiona	legical Obs	evelo	y . c	higodo. Ku

M403 the same whating ship eighter as for last season.



From Van

Met , Sudano

* Sent Oorgesein

^{*} These columns for teleprinter office use only/Hierdie kolomme slegs vir gebruik deur teledrukker-kantoor.

MINISTÈRE DES TRAVAUX PUBLICS DES TRANSPORTS ET DU TOURISME METEOROLOGIE NATIONALE

BARLEY PARIS F

Taleghors (NVulntes 62-35



République Française

18 OCT 1954 10 PARIS, le

V/Ref. M. I3/I/4/3 sans date 51.48 N/Réf.Départ MN/OM

LE DIRECTEUR DE LA METEOROLOGIE NATIONALE

Monsieur le Directeur du Weather Bureau de l'Union Sud-Africaine Private Bag 97

(Union Sud-Africaine)

Mon Cher Collègue,

J'ai l'honneur de vous accuser réception de votre lettre citée en référence et de vous remercier bien vivement de l'envoi que vous m'avez fait des codes destinés au chiffrement des collectifs des baleiniers pendant la saison 1955-1956.

Veuillez agréer, Mon Cher Collègue, l'assurance de mes sentiments très distingués.

> L'Inspecteur Général de la Méteorologie de la Météorologie Nationale

acknowledge receipt of letter saws thank you for codes 1955. 12

a harf

These columns for teleprinter office use only/Hierdie kolomme slegs vir gebruik deur teledrukker-kantoor.

/////// Frivate Dag 97

Republique Français

18 OCT 1834

A Mennieur le Directeur du Weather

Under Jecretary, Telecommunications. PRETORIA.

WEATHER SERVICE FOR WHALING SHIPS.

It would be appreciated if the daily broadcasts of the Antarctic Inference could again be made from Cape Town at 2200 G.M.T. during the coming Whaling Season from December to March. If so, would you please advise the call signs, frequencies and power output of the transmitters which will be used.

We should be very glad if the whaling ship collective broadcast previously made from ZSJ7 could be resumed. Previously the
times of transmission were 0500 and 1415 GMT. Broadcasts at 0500
GMT were designed for interception in Australia but unfortunately,
this did not prove practicable and, as you are aware, it is intended
to exchange Whaling Ships and other reports over an RAF point to point
circuit via Nairobi. The 0500 GMT broadcast need not therefore be
continued. With regard to the other broadcast the, Chief Meteorological Officer in the Falkland Islands has written to enquire whether
the broadcast could not be made at 1230 GMT instead of 1415 GMT. This
would enable him to have the data in good time for forecasts for which would enable him to have the data in good time for forecasts for which the 1415 GMT broadcast are too late and in addition he has volunteered to make a rebroadcast at 1415 G.M.T. for the benefit of some other services in South America apparently unable to intercept ZSJ7 directly.

If you can therefore arrange for the broadcast to be made at 1230 GMT on a suitable frequency and with adequate power to ensure satisfactory reception at Port Stanley this would be very much appreciated. I may say that reception has been very satisfactory in previous years at both Port Stanley and in South Georgia.

deform to Room Bo Mintr terug son Luther

JAK/HEP. 25/10. sleminter affice one out /mercie kelebee aloga vir gebruik dong tales remember-locatoor.

WHALING SHIP REPORTS : SEASON 1953-54.

- In general, results for the 1953-54 whaling season were disappointing, less reports being received than in the 1952-53 seasor Apart from one report from "Briscoe" the only reports receil were from the Japanese ships "Tonan Maru", and "Nisshin recei.
- Arrangements were made with the Postmaster General's Department and the Overseas Telecommunications Commission for Perth Radio (VIP) to receive whalers' reports in addition to Sydney Radio (VIS) if that station was not workable. Secretary-General of W.M.O., the President of C.M.M. and the Director of South African Meteorological Services were advised of these arrangements. However, no reports were received other than those mentioned in the aforesaid paragraph, although it is known that there were whaling ships operating in the region for which Australia is the authorised collecting centre.
- Whaling ship reports "collective" and Southern Ocean 3. Whaling ship reports "collective" and Southern Collective and Collective effective 1600% on the 30th November 1953, previous "pilot advices" being broadcast from that station to advise of the commencement of this service.
- Interception of the South African broadcasts of whalers' weather reports were not successful, although extensive tests and trials were made by the Overseas Telecommunications Commission, the Department of Air and the Department of Civil Aviation. this respect it is hoped that the opening of the Nairobi-Melbourne R.A.F.-R.A.A.F. service link late in 1954 may enable the interchange of whaling ship reports between Australia and South Africa during the 1954-55 season.

3/1/4/3.

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If you can therefore arrange for the broadcast to be made at 1230 GMT on a suitable frequency and with adequate power to ensure satisfactory reception at Port Stanley this would be very much appreciated. I may say that reception has been very satisfactory in previous years at both Port Stanley and in South Georgia.

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JAK/HEP: 25,010 telegrater office was only / Therete is least view gabraik

WORLD METEOROLOGICAL ORGANIZATION - ORGANISATION METEOROLOGIQUE MONDIALE

Meteorological Office, P.O. Box 722, WELLINGTON, New Zealand.

8 October, 1954.

Ref: RA 21

The President,
WMO Maritime Commission,
Meteorological Office,
Air Ministry,
Headstone Drive,
Harrow, Middlesex,
ENGLAND.

Dear Commander Frankcom,

WHALING SHIP WEATHER REPORTING SCHEME

I found your letter MCP 13/52 of 10 July awaiting my action on return from the EC-V meeting.

As far as Region V is concerned the whaling ship weather reporting scheme for the last season was a disappointing one. It would seem that there were a number of ships operating in our Region which did not send reports. It is not easy to be sure of the reason for this but I imagine that in some cases at least the arrangements for issuing the appropriate cyphers must have broken down. I am not clear how this matter should be tackled but no doubt you will know what action is appropriate.

You have no doubt already seen the brief statement on this subject that I included in my annual report to EC-V. This statement was based on a short report which Mr. Timcke sent to me at my request. For your information I attach a copy of this.

With kind regards.

Yours sincerely,

(Sgd.) M.A.F. Barnett PRESIDENT RA V.

Encl: Info cony to: Secretary-General WMO.

If you can therefore arrange for the broadcast to be made at 1230 GMT on a suitable frequency and with adequate power to ensure satisfactory reception at Port Stanley this would be very much appreciated. I may say that reception has been very satisfactory in previous years at both Port Stanley and in South Georgia.

3/1/4/3.

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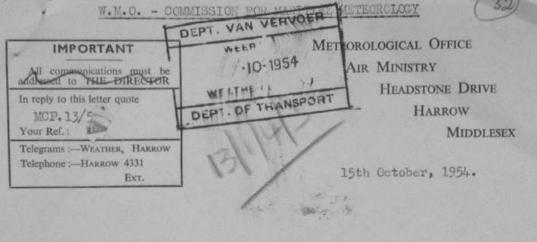
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Dear Dr. Schumann,

I enclose herewith copy of a letter I have received from Dr. Barnett (New Zealand) from which you will note that in his area the Whaling Ship Weather Reporting Scheme was rather disappointing last season. Attached also are some comments which Mr. Timcke sent to Dr. Barnett.

I should be glad to have your observations about this report please because it doesn't look to me as though the scheme is working as well as it might.

In particular I would welcome your views about the issue of cyphers, and also as to steps which could be taken to improve the interchange of reports by radio between Australia and South Africa.

Kind regards,

Yours sincerely,

President, Maritime Commission

Dr. T. E. W. Schumann, The Director,

Weather Bureau, Dept. of Transport,

P.O. Box 399, Pretoria,

Union of South Africa.

If you can therefore arrange for the broadcast to be made at 1230 GMT on a suitable frequency and with adequate power to ensure satisfactory reception at Port Stanley this would be very much appreciated. I may say that reception has been very satisfactory in previous years at both Port Stanley and in South Georgia.

SE. C. C.

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///////// Private Bag 97

M.13/1/4/3

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-1 NOV 1958

AIR MAIL

President,
Maritime Commission,
c/o Meteorological Office,
Headston Drive,
HARROW Middlesex.

Dear Comdr. Frankcom,

With reference to your MCP.13/53 and the enclosures I can assure you that all Whaling Factory ships were in possession of the ciphers to enable them to report during the last whaling season. Even the Slava should have been in possession of a cypher! The Sir James Clark Ross held a cypher but did not report for reasons previously referred to. The Australians received reports from the two Japanese ships and we received reports (3750 of them) from all other whaling factory ships known to be in the Antarctic.

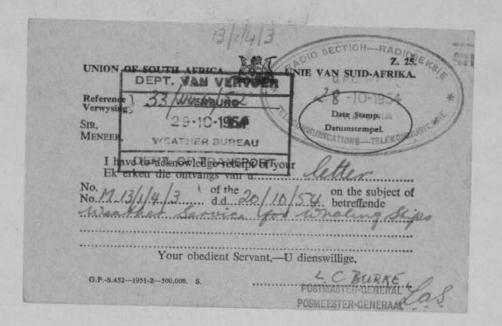
The exchange of whaling ship broadcasts between Australia and South Africa has not proved satisfactory and arrangements have been made for those reports to be exchanged via RAF channels through Nairobi. When such interchange of reports is effected it will be possible to keep track of the movements of all reporting ships and it is suggested that a ship entering one sector from the other should be specially requested by radio to transmit reports if this is not in fact being done. We have found a good response from these ships when they become aware of the importance we attach to their reports. The Port Net Officer at Cape Town or a Lisison officer visits all ships which call at Union posts and details of the Westher Service in the Southern Ocean, cyphers climatological charts etc. and all the encouragement we can give are supplied. We are very well pleased with the wholehearted co-operation, (with only a few exceptions) which we have enjoyed.

Yours sincerely,

M. P. VAN ROOY.

DIRECTOR

JAK./ALG. 28-10-54



Pergeld most maruit betaal word. Postage should be prepaid.

Telefonano. Telephone No.



Meld ash in a answord to reply please quate No. 33/11441/52.





Die Direkteur, Weerburo, PREFORIA.

WEERBERIGIE: WALVISSEEPE.

Met verwysing na u diensbrief No. M.13/1/4/3, van 20 Oktober 1954 moet ek u meedeel dat oorsending van die berigte weer hierdie jaar onderneem sel word.

Die gesamentlike verslag sal op die frekwensie van 17165.6 kh (ZSC7) op 1230 GMT. vir ontvangs te die Falklandeilande uitgessai word en die "Anterctic Inference" sal op die volgende frekwensies op 2200 GMT oorsend word:-

ZSL 119.15 kh.
ZSL4 8562 kh.
ZSL5 12772.5 kh.
ZSL6 17228 kh.

'n Krag van 5 kilowett sel vir hierdie uitsendings gebruik word.

> Mewan

Descripting Asign Min



1 5 NOV 1954

AIR MAIL.

The Secretary General, World Meteorological Organisation, 1 Avenue de la Paix, GENEVA.

WHALING SHIP BROADCAST.

Please issue the following amendment to page 1-17-3a of Publication No.9 Fascicale III.

Under times of transmission of whaling ship collective broadcast from ZSJ7 substitute 1230 GMT for 0500 and 1415.

Amend call signs frequencies for broadcast of the Antarctic inference to:-

ZSL 119.15 kes ZSL4 8562 kes ZSL5 12772.5 kes ZSL6 17228 kes

The power output of all transmitters will be 5 kw.

T. SCHUMANN

DIRECTOR.

JAK/HEP. 11/11/54.

B 8 NOV 1954

A B NOV 1854

AIR MAIL.

Chief Meteorological Officer, Palkland Islands and Dependencies, Stanleys de la Falk. FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Dear Colleague,

With reference to your letter FIDMS 820/54/45 of 13th July, I am pleased to be able to inform you that arrangements have been made face the Whaling Ship collective to be broadcast at 1230 GMT for 2507 on 17165.6 kcs. with an output of 5 kw. It may be useful if you could undertake the retransmission of these collectives if other services in South America are unable to intercept our broadcasts. However, I may mention that some time ago when this matter was raised by Brazil or the Argentine (T forget which) we enquired whether they were able to hear broadcasts openny of the other transmitters in use in South Africa with the idea of using that transmitter for Whaling Ship collectives but we received no reply, and therefore assume that there is not a very pressing demand for the data.

The Antarctic Inference will be broadcast at 2200 GMT on the following frequencies.

ZSL 119.15 kos. ZSL4 8562 kos. ZSL5 12772.5 kos. ZSL6 17228 kos.

The power output of each of the transmitters to be used is 5 kw.

I hope you will find reception of these broadcasts satisfactory.

I enclose an additional copy of the cipher for the 1954

Yours faithfully,

T. SCHUMANN

DIRECTOR.

//// Private Bas 97.

M.13/1/4/3.

15 E HOY 1554

1 5 NOV 1956

The Director, National Meteorological Service, Paseo Colon 317, BUENGS AIREST DATA OUR SEPREMENTED,

Dear Colleague,

MENT THRAITED SHIP COLLECTIVE AND ANTARCTIC INFE-

July, I to the common that the state of the For your information a Whaling Ship collective broadcost with ship positions in cipher will be made daily from 237 at 1230 GMT on 17165.6 kes. from about 1st December 1954.

An Antaratic Inference for the use of Whaling Ships in will be broadcast daily at 2200 CMT from:

28L 119.15 kos. 23L6 12772.5 kos. 23L4 6562 kos. 23L6 17228 kos.

there is not a west pressen The power output of all transmitters to be used is 5 kw.

on the full paint Transportation Yours sincerely,

W. SCHUMANN

DIRECTOR.

The Director, Meteorological Service, Praca 15 de Nov., will find the same to the base because RIO DE JANEIRO. Brazil.

The Director, Meteorological Service, TANANARIVE. Madagascar.

The Director, New Zealand Meteorological Service, P.O. Box 722, WELLINGTON. New Zealand.

The Director, eteorological Branch, .O. Box 1289 K, LBOURNE. stralia.

T. SCHUMANN

For your information.

DERECTOR.

1. 11 12

TO P.M.O. WINGFIELD .

FROM MET PRETORIA .

Ka

18-11-54

1 8 NOV 1954

M 465 .

429

ENDS/KH/ 181150B ACK PSE ??? OC

CT MET

ACK NS FOR WINGS WINGS

COMMONWEALTH OF AUSTRALIA

RADIO FREQUENCIES

VIS & VIP

FOR SERVICE TO SHIPPING

	Ship - Shore Watch kept on	Shore - Ship Station replies on	Time G.M.T.		
SYDNEY RADIO (VIS)	≥ 4177 = 4187 kcs.	44 Kes. 4286	0600 = 0300 0300 = 0600		
	6265.5-6280.5	6428.5	0700-2200		
	8354 - 8374	8478	continuous		
	12531 - 12561	12907.5	0800-2400		
	16708 - 16748	17256.8	2200-0700		
* not for fo	# not for foreign ships				
PERTH RADIO	8354 - 8374 Kcs. 12531 - 12561	8598) kes. 12993)	0000-0030		
	12531 = 12561 16708 = 16748	12993 only	0600-0630		
NO. CO. 10	12531 - 12561 8354 - 8374	12993 8598}	1200-1230		
	8354 - 8374 12531 - 12561	8598 12933	1800-1830		

COMMONWEALTH OF AUSTRALIA

TELEPHONE: FJ 9171

но. 53/2145

VESTEURO
12-11-1954
WEATHER BUREAU
DEDW. OF TRANSPORT

METEOROLOGICAL BRANCH,
DEPT. OF INTERIOR,
P.O. BOX 1289 K.
MELBOURNE, VIC.

11th November, 1954.

13/1/4/3

AIR MAIL:

The Director, Department of Transport, Weather Bureau, Private Bag 97, PRETORIA, South Africa.

Dear Dr. Schumann,

You will note from our reports on experience of the scheme for collection of reports from whaling ships, circulated by the Secretary-General of WMO, that we found the results of this scheme very disappointing.

- 2. In fact were it not for the co-operation of the Japanese Whaling Ships, no reports at all would have been received from Whaling Fleets during 1953/54 season. This lack of co-operation has occurred despite the special arrangements made with the Postmaster General's Department and the Overseas Telecommunications Commission for Perth Radio (VIP), in addition to Sydney Radio (VIS), to receive Whalers' reports on short wave transmission. It appears that South Africa received considerably greater co-operation.
- 3. It will be appreciated that it will be found difficult to fulfil the responsibility of broadcasting the special 'inference' messages from Canberra (AXM) for use of Whaling Ships in the Southern Ocean unless these ships co-operate in the transmission of their reports either to Perth (VIP) or Sydney (VIS) when located between 70°E and 160°E that is within the MELBOURNE ship reports collection area, under I.M.O. C.D. 1947 Res. 37.
- 4. The only Whaling Ships which proceed southwards through Australian waters to the Southern Ocean Whaling Grounds are the Japanese. Apparently all the other Whalers move through either New Zealand or South African Waters to the southern sector of interest to Australia. We are thus unable to make our requirement known to these ships directly as we have done to the Japanese.
- 5. It would be appreciated if you could arrange for whaling ships passing through South African ports or national waters to be informed of our requirements for the transmission of their reports to Perth or Sydney Radio Stations. For this purpose I am forwarding herewith particulars of the present radio frequencies used by these stations for communications with shipping.

Encl.

Yours sincerely,

(L.J. DWYER) .

Copies to:- President, C.M.M. Secretary-General, W.M.O.

and 8 Vin appendix and 8 Vin appendix on 20/11/54

Acting Director

-3

Posmeester-Generaal, Poskantoor, PRETORIA. B B NOV 1950

WEERBERIGTE - WALVISHKEPE.

A CONTRACTOR OF SAME AND THAT IA

Ontvangs van u diensbrief No.33/11441/52 van 5

November 1954 word erken. U sewilligheid om die oorsending van Walvisberigte te onderneem word hoog op prys gestel.

selece for collection of percent from whaling third, circulated by

Die eerste Walvischepe is nou in die Atlantiese Badis gebied en ek sal bly wees indien die oorsendings vanaf Donderdag 25 November ingevoer kan word.

4. The only Wholking Solps with the continued through anticalian waters to the Seuthern Down Wooling broads are the

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5. It would be appreciated if you could arrange for whaling ships passing through South Airlean ports or estimate waters to be informed of our requirements for the transatesian of their reports to Perth or Sydney Radio Stations. For this ourpose I am forwarding herewith particulars of the present radio frequencies used by Umpe stations for communications with shippings

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Encl.

Yours sincerely,

(L.J. DWYER) .

Copies to:- President, C.M.M. Secretary-General, W.M.O.

and 8 Vin appending and 8 P. Ma. a. on 20/11/54

Dent to P. Ma. a. on 20/11/54

(42)

13/14/3

TO METEOR FALKLANDS

(DEFERRED CABLE)

2 2 NOV 1952

WHALING COLLECTIVES BEGIN 1230Z 25 NOVEMBER ON 17165.6 KCS FROM ZSCW

MET PRETORIA .

FIGS ...

1230 25 17165.6 7

ENDS

WORLD METEOROLOGICAL ORGANIZATION - ORGANISATION MÉTÉOROLOGIQUE MONDIALE

SECRETARIAT: AVENUE DE LA PAIX, CAMPAGNE RIGOT - GENEVE

Telephone/Téléphone: 33 51 40

Telegrams/Télégrammes: METEOMOND GENEVE

Please add air replies to the Secretary-General. Veuillez adresser votre réponse au Secrétaire général,

In raply rater to/Dans la raponse, mentionner 14640/54/DT/PT/9

Annexes:

GENÈVE, 23 November 1954.



Dear Sir,

I acknowledge, with thanks, receipt of your letter No. M.13/1/4/3, dated 15 November 1954, regarding amendments to Publication No. 9, Fascicule III.

However, the amended call signs and frequencies of Cape Town mentioned on page I-17-ja no longer correspond with those given on page I-17-3 (Weather Bulletins for Shipping):

Page I-17-3a

Cape Town - ZSL 4 8 562 kc/s 28L 5 12 772,5 kc/s 8 562 kc/s ZSL 6 17 228 kg/s

Page I-17-3

Cape Town - ZSL 4 12 772 kc/s ZSL 5 16 670 kc/s ZSL 6 22 210 kc/s.

In order that Fascicule III may be brought up to date, I am enclosing page I-17-3 with the request that you have it checked and returned to this Secretariat at your earliest convenience.

Yours sincerely,

(Dr. K. Langlo) Chief of Technical Division.

The Director, Department of Transport, Westher Bureau, Private Bag 97, PRETORIA, Union of South Africa.

SOUTH AFRICA

Weather Messages for Shipping

Denomination of broadcast: Weather Bulletins for Shipping

Transmitting station Call sign	Broadcast times	Wave-lengths frequencies Type of waves	Power of station
Cape Town-ZSL ZSC 4 ZSL 3 ZSL 6 ZSL 4 ZSL 5 ZSP	0930, 1730 1730 0930 1030, 1848	119,15 kc/s (2 517,83 m) 418 kc/s (718 m) 8 333 kc/s (36,00 m) 22 210 kc/s (13,51 m) 12 772 kc/s (23,49 m) 16 670 kc/s (18,00 m) 1 665 kc/s (180,2 m) A ₃	
South African Broadcasting Corporation	1125, 2035	(557 kc/s (538,6 m) A ₃ (656 kc/s (457,3 m) A ₃	

0930	Summary PREVI	In clear In clear In clear	Storm warnings Weather summary Forecasts: (a) Coastal waters 50 miles seaward, Walvis Bay to Lourenço Marques (b) Shipping routes between the Union of South Africa and Europe and North America, from Cape Point to 15° S (c) Shipping route between the Union of South Africa and South America, from Cape Point to Tristan da Cunha (d) Shipping routes between the Union of South Africa and Australia: 1. Longitude 50° E to Durban 2. Cape Point to longitude 50° E
1030	PREVI	In clear	Forecast: (a)
1125	PREVI	In clear In clear	Storm warnings Forecast: Coastal waters 50 miles seaward between Walvis Bay and Port Elizabeth
1730	Summary PREVI	In clear In clear In clear	Storm warnings Weather summary Forecasts: (a) to (d)
1848	PREVI	In clear	Forecast: (a)
2035			See 1125

Notes

- a) The area affected is: Coastal waters 50 miles seaward between Walvis Bay and Lourenço Marques and shipping routes between the Union of South Africa and Europe, North America, South America and Australia.
- Forecasts cover the following 12-hour period, beginning at 1000 and 2200 GMT respectively.

1-17-3

Ed. 1949, Suppl. No 211

ÉOROLOGIQUE MONDIALE

ENEVE

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rember 1954.

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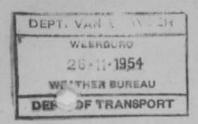
ZSL 4 12 772 kc/s ZSL 5 16 670 kc/s ZSL 6 22 210 kc/s.

ht up to date, at you have it ar earliest

erely,

mglo)

The Director,
Department of Transport,
Weather Bureau,
Private Bag 97,
PRETORIA,
Union of South Africa.





In Reply Please Quote

UNIE VAN SUID-AFRIKA .- UNION OF SOUTH AFRICA. KANTOOR VAN DIE-OFFICE OF THE

> Port Meteorological Office. P. O. Box 2761, CAPE TOWN.

(URGENT)

25th November 1954.

The Director, Weather Bureau, Private Bag 97, PRESTORIA.

WHALING SHIPS' REPORTS TO AUSTRALIA.

I thank you for the copy of the letter from the Acting Director, Australian Weather Service dated 11th November 1954, (His ref. 53/2145), and the 8 copies of the Appendix regarding Ship-Shore & Shore-Ship frequencies.

I shall give these out to factory ships as they come through Cape Town. I shall also encourage them to transmit their reports to Australian stations after passing 70° East.

South Africa's considerably greater co-operation is the result of four important factors: (A) An extremely far-sighted and efficient plain language synopsis (Inference) of the Antarctic waters to the South, West and East of the Union of South Africa during the whaling season, which is sent out from Cape Town regularly from the very beginning of the whaling season. (B) The personal contact with the ships' radio and deck officers in Cape Town. (C) Efficient & keen radio operators in the shore receiving station at CAPE TOWN RADIO. (D) The Prizes. Australia is denied (B), but I am quite sure that a combination of (A) and (C) would result in a greatly improved service. (They might also consider (D)).

If Australia is not receiving co-operation from a certain whaling ship known to be in her area, the Director of the Australian Weather Service must originate a polite signal to the Master of the ship requesting his 6-hourly reports, and then I am sure he would reply favourably.

I propose you send a sample of one of our Antarctic Inferences to show the sort of thing the whalers themselves have regarded as of great value to them in their whaling expeditions in the South. We have several letters which bear testimony of the usefulness of the service sent out daily by Pretoria.

Copy for the Officer in Charge,

a.B. Crawford Weather Office, Wingfield, Cape. Port Meteorological Officer.

CENTRAL METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATORY Ote-machi, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo

20 November 1954

CMO 54 全生器

Director, Weather Bureau, Department of Transport, Private Bag 97. PRETORIA. Union of South Africa.



Dear Sir.

I have received with thanks your telegram (M403) and letter (M.13/ 1/4/3.) concerning the weather cipher codes which are used by Japanese Whaling ships in the Antarctic Ocean. I immediately delivered your messages to the Tonan-maru and the Nisshin-maru Fleets.

I will most willingly deliver the new codes to the Japanese Whaling Fleets if any change in the ciphers be made in future.

I thank you very much for your prompt reply and appreciate your kind arrangement and cooperation for the weather transmission in the Antarctic Ocean.

Yours faithfully.

Kiyoo Wadati Director.

selves have regarded as of great value to them in their whaling expeditions in the South. We have several letters which bear testimony of the usefulness of the service sent out daily by Pretoria.

Copy for the Officer in Charge, Weather Office, Wingfield, Cape.

Q.B. Crawford

Port Meteorological Officer.

13/14/3

Commonwealth of Australia



Department of Interior, Meteorological Bureau, P.O. Box 1289 K, Melbourne. Victoria. AUSTRALIA.

In reply 53/2145/15 quote -

23rd November, 1954.

The Director,
Department of Transport,
Weather Bureau,
PRETORIA. South Africa.

My Dear Colleague,

Reports from Whaling Ships.

The following details of the Canberra broadcast schedule are set down for your information as requested in your memorandum M.13/1/4/3.

Service provided by Meteorological Branch - Australia.

- (a) Southern Ocean Analysis (in code form) broadcast at 1910 GMT.
- (b) Plain language inference broadcast at 1700 GMT for the area South of 50°S and between 90°Esst and 180°Esst.

Broadcasting Station: Canberra

Time of Transmission:

(a) 1900 GMT

(b) 1700 GMT

Call Sign:

AXM

Frequencies:

2628 Kcs .5KW (.4KW backing).

5100 Kes 5KW

11030 Kos 10KW

13920 Kes 10KW

Yours faithfully

Acting Directa(L.J. DWYER)

J. DWYERY WAS

heming

Pretoria.

Copy for the Officer in Charge, Weather Office, Wingfield, Cape.

Port Meteorological Officer.

FOR MET WINGFIELD. FROM MET PRETORIA. ****27-11-1954***** M 484.

PLEASE ADVISE THE CALL SIGNS AND FREQUENCIES NOW IN USE FOR TRANSMISSION OF WEATHER BULLETINS FOR SHIPPING AT 0930 121730 1030 1848 GMT FROM CAPETOWN RADIO.

ENDS. TOT 10.352. MESB. ACK PLEASE WINGFIELD?

(48)

2 9 NOV 1954

QOK TKS VM
OK ERE MESSAGE
TO MET PRETORIA
FROM MET WINGFIELD
X 164 27-11-54
REF YOUR M464

CALL SINGS AND FREQUENCIES IN USE FOR TRANSMISSION OF WEATHER BULLETIN FOR SHIPPING NOW IN USE AS RECEIVED FROM SLANGKOP RADIO

0930Z ZSC5 416 ZSL 119.5 ZSL3 646/ ZSL5 12//2 ZSL6 1/226

1730Z 416 ZSL 119.5 ZSLZ 4725 ZSL5 12772 ZSL6 17228

1030Z RT CALL ON 2182 AND GO OVER TO 1665

1049Z RT CALL ON 2102 READING ON 1665

ENUS OK

ACK 1500B

AAN MET PRETORIA. VAN PMO KAAPSTAD. X161 25-11-54.



M13/1/4/3.

2 8 NOV 1954

ABRAHAM LARSEN WORD OP 8 DESEMBER IN DURBAN VERWAG MAAR MNR SMIT

IS MET VERLOF TOT 13 DE. IS DAAR IEMAND DAAR WAT DIE SKIP KAN
BESOEK OM WEERRAPPORTE TE REEL. INDIEN IETS GEREEL KAN WORD SAL EK
N TOEKENNING PER SKIP NA DURBAN STUUR WAT IN DIE DOKKE OPGETEL MOET
WORD EN AAN DIE KAPTEIN VAN DIE ABRAHAM LARSEN TOEGEKEN MOET WORD.
ANTWOORD ASSEBLIEF SO GOU AS MOONTLIK SODAT EK DIE PRENT KAN
STUUR.

EINDE/NS/251636B ERKEN ASB?

ERKEN /KH VIR MET PTA

SECR TARIAT GENERAL A L'AVIATION CIVILE ET COMMERCIALE

MÉT PROLOGIE NATIONALE

Admisse Telégraque que METEONAT WEERBURO 1-11-1954 par Avion

WEATHER BUREAU DEPT. OF TRANSPORT

V/Ref. M. 13/1/4/3 du 24 Octobre 1954 1. Qual Branky - PARS DEPT. VAN VERVOER N/Réf. Arrivée I4866 du 9 Novembre 1954 N/Réf. Départ: N° 52754 (à rappeler) S.G.A.C.C.

Republique Française

Le Directeur de la Météorologie Nationale

OBJET:

Emission collective des navires baleiniers.

à

Monsieur le Directeur du Weather Bureau de l'Union Sud Africaine Department of Transport - Private Bag 97

PRETORIA - Union Sud Africaine

Monsieur le Directeur et Cher Collègue,

J'ai l'honneur d'accuser réception de votre lettre citée en référence, par laquelle vous avez bien voulu m'adresser trois exemplaires des clefs de déchiffrement des émissions collectives des navires baleiniers. (Campagne 1954-1955).

Un exemplaire de ces clefs a été remis en main propre à chacun des chefs des stations météorologiques des Iles Amsterdam et Kerguelen pour l'année 1955.

Avec les clefs pour la campagne I955-I956, dont je vous ai déjà accusé réception, ils seront en mesure d'utiliser les émissions collectives des navires baleiniers, aussi bien à la fin qu'au début de leur campagne.

Le navire de relève qui a quitté Marseille le 5 Novembre embarquera, vers le I5 Décembre, à TAMATAVE, le personnel météorologiste qui rejoindra ce port par la voie aérienne.

Avec mes remerciements, je vous prie d'agréer, Monsieur le Directeur et Cher Collègue, l'assurance de mes sentiments très distingués .-

L'Inspecteur Général de la Météorologie

Directeur de la Météorologie Nationale

Cl. Travi

E/ENCLOSE OF CARES - 2 DEC 1954

The Under Secretary, Telecommunications, G.P.O., PRETORIA.

Dear Sir,

In reply to an enquiry the Officer in Charge at Cape Town radio has supplied the call signs and frequencies at present in use for the broadcast transmission of weather bulletins for shipping. These are considerably different from those last notified and published by the World Meteorological Organisation. To ensure that the publications concerned are accurate and up to date I should be glad if you would please send me notifications of any changes in the call signs and frequencies used for broadcasting shipping bulletins from the coastal radio stations.

#. ECHUMANN

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DIRECTOR

JAK./ALG. 30-11-54

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M.13/1/4/3

2 DEC 1954

AIR MAIL

Secretary General, World Meteorological Organisation, 1 Avenue de la Paix, GENEVA. Switzerland,

Dear Sir,

In reply to your letter 14640/54/DT/PT/9 of 15th November the call signs and frequencies now in use for broadcasting shipping bulletins from Cape Town radio are:-

0930 GHT	ZSC5 418 ZSL 119.5 ZSL3 6467 ZSL5 12772.5 ZSL6 17228	kos s n n
1030 GMT	Radio telephony; on 1665 kos	cell on 2182 kos and read
1730 OMT	ZSC5 418 ZSL 119.5	kos .
	ZSL2 4725	
	ZSL5 12772	
	ZSL6 17228	

1849 GMT Radio telephony; call on 2182 kos and read on 1665 kos

Thank you for drawing attention to the disorepancy. I am sorry that you were not advised earlier of these changes but unfortunately they were not notified to me.

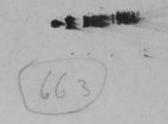
T. SCHULIANN

DIRECTOR.

Nagerian John

au

M13/1/4/3 an Dr Schmidt



TO MET PRETORIA

FROM PMO CAPETOWN

X 167 1-12-54

M 13/1/4/3

SEKSERN WILL USE CODE TABLE U STOP

KOS WILL USE CODE TABLE Z STOP

ACK PLSE 1010 ?

Andrew Schmitte gealer

PX5



- 2 DEC 1954

PX5/25
MELBOURNEPO 19 2 1530
WEATHER

PREATORIA

PKEASE/FONR

PLEASE FORWARD AIR MAIL SIX COPIES TABLE FOR BROADCASTS 1954 1955 WHALING SHIP COLLECTIVE

TIMCKE WEAHTER MELBOURNE+

1954 1955 +

Atphartel Steam

13/1/4/3

TO METWINGFIELD C FOR P M O)
FROM MET PRETORIA .
30-11-54
MXMXXX M 485 .

A LETTER FROM AUTRALIA ADVISES THAT THE AUSTRALIAN SOUTHERN OCEAN ANALYSIS IN CODE FORM WILL BE BROADCAST AT 1910 GMT AND PLAIN LANGUAGE INFERENCE AT 1700 GMT FROM CANBERRA. THE LATTER WILL COVER AN AREA SOUTH OF 50 DEG SOUTH AND ETWEEN 90 AND 180 DEGS EAST. CALL SIGN AXM FREQUENCIES 2628 5100 11030 13920 KCS. ENDS/KH/ 3012058

ACK NO FOR WINGS

-Glin

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The same

AIR MAIL

Secretary General, World Meteorological Organisation, 1 Avenue de la Paix, GENEVA. Switzerland.

E 9 DEC 195

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0930 0	INT	ZSC5 ZSL ZSL3 ZSL5 ZSL6	418 119.5 6467 12772.5 17228	kcs n n					
1030 0	MT	Radio on 166	telephony; 5 kos	call	on	2182	kes	and.	read
1730 0	INT	ZSC5 ZSL ZSL2 ZSL5 ZSL6	418 119.5 4725 12772 17228	kos n n					
1849 0	1999	Redio	telephony.	0077	an	2182	lonn	mand.	hann

1849 GMT Radio telephony; call on 2182 kgs and read on 1665 kgs

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T. SCHUMANN

///////// Private Bag 97

M.13/1/4/3

DEC 1954

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T. SCHUMANN

DIRECTOR

au

e

JAK./ALG. 30-11-54

AUSTRALIA.

Weather Service for Antarctic Shipping

1954-55

Station: CANBERRA

Frequencies: Call Sign:

2628. MXA 5100

11030 13920

Time of Transmission:

PLAIN LANGUAGE...... 1700 G.M.T. CODE..... 1910 G.M.T.

Area Covered:

South of 50° South, between 90° and 180° EAST.

When East of 70° East, Whaling ships and tankers are especially requested to radio their weather reports to SYINEY (VIS) or PERTH (VIP).

ADDRESS OF MESSAGE: WEATHER ESSENDON.

a B. Brawford Port Meteorological Officer P.O.Box 2761, Cape Town.

5th Dec. 1954

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Weather Service for Antarctic Shipping

1954-55

Station: CANBERRA

Call Sign:

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MXA

2628 5100

11030

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N. B.

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ADDRESS OF MESSAGE: WEATHER ESSENDON.

N

a B. Brawford

Port Meteorological Officer P.O.Box 2761, Cape Town.

5th Dec. 1954

Gelieve in a antwoord te verwys no In reply please quote

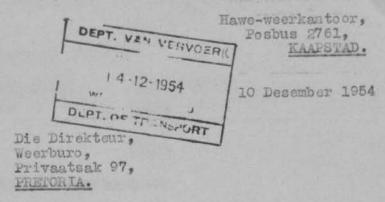
UNIE VAN SUID-AFRIKA.



UNION OF SOUTH AFRICA.

M. 13/1/4/3

KANTOOR VAN DIE-OFFICE OF THE



AUSTRALIË SE WEERDIENS VIR WALVISVAARDERS.

Met betrekking tot u M 485 gedateer 30/11/54, hiermee is 'n paar kopieë van die besonderhede aangaande Australiës se Weerdiens vir die walvisvaarders, wat ek aan hulle oorhandig as hulle hier aankom. Hk sluit twee kopieë in geval u wens om een na Australië te stuur, om vir hulle te wys dat ons ons bes doen om hulle aan te moedig om aan WEATHER ESSENDON* te rapporteer.

Ek stel voor dat as die welvisvaarders uit ons gebied verdwyn, Pretoria kan aan die Direkteur ven die Australiese Weerburo per lugpos kan skrywe om vir hom die name van die betrokke skepe te laat weet. Den kan hy die situasie goed dophou, en as hulle nie aan hulle rapporteer, kan hy die Rapteins van die skepe radiotelegramme stuur met die versoek om aan Essendon weerberigte te stuur. Dan sal hulle miskien beter weerdienste van die walvisvaarders kry, en nie meer aan ons en die W.M.O. sal moet kla nie.

Kopie vir die Verantwoordelike Beampte, Weerkentoor, WINGFIEID. A.B. burford
Hawe-weerkundige Beampte.

au

M.13/1/4/3.

1 8 DEC 1954

AIR MAIL.

The Director,
Meteorological Branch,
P.O. Box 1289K,
MELBOURNE.
Australia.

Dear Colleague,

In reply to your cable I enclose three copies of the cipher for collective whaling ship broadcasts for 1954 - 1955. I regret that insufficient copies are available to meet your request for six. I should be glad if you would please advise me of the number of copies of these ciphers you would like to receive annually.

Yours sincerely,

DIRECTOR.

JAK/HEP. 18/12/1954.

DIRECTOR.

au

CENTRAL METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATORY Ote-machi, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo

7th December, 1954

CMO 54- 150

The Director, Weather Bureau, Department of Transport, DEPT. VAN VERVOER Private Bag 97. PRETORIA. Union of South Africa.

WEERBURO 13-12-1954 WEATHER BUREAU DEPT. OF TRANSPORT

Dear Sir.

In addition to the Tonan-maru Fleet and the Nisshin-maru Fleet, the Kinjo-maru Fleet is now on the way to the antarctic whaling grounds to participate newly in the international whaling in the Antarctic Ocean for 1954/55 season as a member of the Japanese whaling fleets. Since it belongs to the Taiyo Gyogyo K.K. same as the Nisshin-maru Fleet, the Table S of the weather ciphers has been assigned also for use by the Kinjo-maru Fleet in the current season.

We have also informed the Director of the Meteorological Branch of Australia to that effect.

If it is desirable, however, for each fleet to use different ciphers, we are ready for delivering also the cipher assigned to the Kinjo-maru Fleet to it, when it participates in the whaling also in the successive

Thanking you in anticipation of your kind cooperation with the Japanese whaling fleets in weather service,

I remain,

Yours faithfully,

Dr. Kiyoo Wadati Director.

S-

1 8 DEC 1954

TO PORT MET OFFICER
WINGFIELD
FROM MET PRETORIA
18-12-04
M506

DID THE SIR JAMES CLARK ROSS CALL AT CAPE TOWN ON HER WAY SOUTH AND IF SO IS THERE ANY HOPE THAT SHE WILL REPORT THIS YEAR. IF SHE DID NOT CAALL I THINK WE SHOULD SEND A RADIOGRAM. CAN YOU FIND OUT HER APPROXIMATE POSITION. WHAT CODE IS USED BY JASPIS PLEASE.

ENDS 55 TOT 1045

ACK PSE

au

0

13/114/3

WAN PMO KAMPSTAD.

2 0 DEC 1954

X180 20-12-54.

MET BETREKKING TOT U M506 JSPIS GEBRUIK DIESELFDE TAFEL SOOS KOMOS VIER . EK HET AL N BOODSKAP AAN SIR J.C.ROSS GESTUUR . EN ONS SAL HOM DOPHOU. DAARDIE SKIP KOM NIE HIERDIE JAAR IN KAAPSTAD AAN NIE.

EINDE/NS/200931B

ERKEN ASB?

sau

RADIO FREQUENCIES

VIS & VIP

FOR SERVICE TO SHIPPING/

FREQUENCES UTILISEES POUR COMMUNICATIONS AVEC NAVIRES

Serv	Ship - Shore/ Navire- Côte Watch kept on/ ice de gande assuré sur	Shore - Ship/ Côte - Navire Station replies on/ La station répond sur	Time GMT/ Houre TMG	
SYDNEY RADIO (VIS) RADIO SYDNEY	* 4177 - 4187 Ko/s	44 Ko/s 4286	0600 - 0300 0300 - 0600	
RADIO SIMBI	* 6265.5-6280.5	6428.5	0700 - 2200	
	8354 - 8374	8478	continuous/ service permanent	
	12531 - 12561	12907.5	0800 - 2400	
	16708 - 16748	17256.8	2200 - 0700	
* not for fore pas pour nav	eign ships/ vires étrangers			
PERTH RADIO (VIP)		8598) Kc/s 12993)	0000 - 0030	
pas pour nav	vires étrangers 8354 - 8374 Kc/s		0000 - 0030	
PERTH RADIO (VIP)	8354 - 8374 Kc/s 12531 - 12561	12993) 12993 only/		

WORLD METEOROLOGICAL ORGANIZATION - ORGANISATION METEOROLOGIQUE MONDIALE

SECRETARIAT : AVENUE DE LA PAIX, CAMPAGNE RIGOT - GENEVE

Telephone/Téléphone : 33 51 40

Telegrams/Télégrammes : METEOMOND GENEVE

No. 1 987/54/DT/MA/WS (C.L.-MC/No. 84) Annex : 1

Geneva, 30 November 1954.

13/1/4/3

Dear Sir,

I would like to take this opportunity to draw your attention again to the availability of Perth Radio Station as an alternative to Sydney Radio for the collection of reports from whaling ships.

The particulars of the radio frequencies on which communications (on short wave transmission) will be sent between the above stations and whaling ships in Southern Hemisphere waters, are forwarded herowith.

Yours sincerely,

g. swoon

(G. SWOBODA)
Acting Secretary-General

The Director, Meteorological Service of Argentina. The Director, Meteorological Service of Australia. The Director, Meteorological Service of Brazil. The Director, Metoorological Service of Chile. The Director, Meteorological Service of New Zealand. The Director, Moteorological Service of the United Kingdom (Falkland Islands). The Director, Meteorological Service of Uruguay. The President, Regional Association I. The President, Regional Association III. The President, Regional Association V. The Director, Meteorological Service of Union of South Africa. The Director, Meteorological Service of Netherlands. The Director, Meteorological Service of Norway. The Director, Meteorological Service of United Kingdom. The Director, Meteorological Service of USSR. The Director, Meteorological Service of Japan. The President, Commission for Maritime Meteorology. The President, Commission for Synoptic Meteorology.

63)

H 13/1/4/3

- 8 JAN 1955

JMT2 PJA547 ACP86 DLN1141 DEBILTUT 23 5 1156

6

MET PRETORIA

PLEASE SEND SECRET MET CODE FOR TANKER PAPENDRECHT UNDER WAY TO ANTARTIC TO SOUTHGEORGIA BEFORE 22

JANUARY ADDRESS SALVESEN COMPANY

16

KNMI

M.33/1/4/3.

E 8 JAN 1955-

AIR MAIL.

Die Direkteur, Koninklike Nederland Meteorologiese Instituut, Utrechtse Weg 297, DE BILT. Holland.

Dear Sir.

I received a signal from de Bilt on the 6th January requesting a secret code for the Tanker Papendrecht under way to the Antarctic to South Georgia. The signal also gave the address as "Salvesen Company".

was: The previous address of the master of the Papendrecht

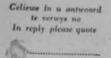
The Master,
M.T. Papendrecht,
Van Ommeren N.V.,
10 Westerlaan,
ROTTERDAM.

This leaves me very much in doubt as to the correct address. I am wery much in doubt as to the correct whalers in the Antarctic and in particular from the Papendrecht and perhaps you may be of assistance.

(Table Y) to the master of the Papendrecht.

Yours sincerely,

PABLE Y





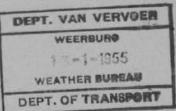


UNION OF SOUTH AFRICA.

KANTOOR VAN DIE-OFFICE OF THE

M. 13/1/4/3

URGENT.



Port Meteorological Office, P.O.Box 2761, CAPE TOWN.

11th January 1955

The Director, Weather Bureau, Private Bag 97, PRETORIA.

WHALING RE-CIPHER TABLE FOR BOUVET TRIP.

Would it please be possible to either post to me direct - or hand to Mr. Hayward - a copy of the re-ciphering table used for the Falkland Island transmission of the whaling ships weather reports?

This would be no end useful to us on the BOUVET ISLAND trip, and the cipher can be returned upon our return to the Union.

Copy for the Officer in Charge, Weather Office, Wingfield.

Port Meteorological Officer.

1 5 JAN 1954

JMT1

PJA7 ACP195 NR68 PORTSTANLEY/F ETAT 66/64 14 1200

MET

PRETORIA

20

RECE (PTION WHALERS BROADCAST STILL GOOD BUT MISSINGEND OF
MESSAGE DUE TO FICOLS AND GRATEFUL IF TRANSMISSION CAN BE
COMPLETED BY 1300Z IF POSSIBLE STOP MY LETTERS 820/31 DATED 9/4
AND 820/45 DATED 13/7 REFER STOP YOUR BROADCAST RETRANSMITTED
AT 1415Z ON 16362 AND 7425 KCS WEF 1ST JANUARY STOP GRATEFUL
CONFIRMATION TIMES AND FREQUENCIES YOUR FM45 ANALYSIS BROADCASTS
STOP

METEOR FALKLANDS

121.

TO MET PRETURIA.

FROM MET WINGFIELD.

. o JAN 1955

19-1-55

HERE A FEW EXTRACTS FROM THE ANTARCTIC INFERENCE AS RECEIVED BY CAPE TOWN HADTO ON 17TH QUOTE.

A WEUGE 1 DEGREE 7 MBS EXTENDS FROM THE REGION BETWEEN FALKLANDS AND SOUTH GEORGIA IN THE INTERIOR OF THE WEDDELL SEA.... THE MAJOR CENTRE IS AT PRESENT FOUND AT 6 DEGREES SOUTH @ DEGREES EAST 958 MB .. A SECONDARY WHICH IS SITUATED AT 62 SOUTH SOUTHEATHET SOUTHEAST OF MARION (97 DEGREES ME WILL LIKELY MOVE SSE WARDS ... THE ATLANTIC HIGH HAS ITS MAX 1 DEGREE 22 MBS AT 36 SOUTH DUE WEST OF THISTAN. THE INDIAN OCEAN HIGH HAS DNE CELL 1 DEGREE SOUTH 4 MB SOUTH OF MADAGASCAR AT 33 SOUTH AND ANOTHER AT 4 DEGREES ZSOUTH 1 DEGREE EAST UNQUUTE .

THE ABOVE WAS PASSED TO ME ON THE MORNING OF THE 18TH WITH THE REMARK QUOTE BIG MOAN ABOUT IT FROM WHALERS UNQUOTE.

TO AVOID THIS IN FUTURE I SUGGEST THAT A COPY IS INVARIABLY ADDRESSED TO THERPT TO THIS OFFICE . APART FROM SERVING THE PURPOSE OF A CHECK IT WILL BE OF INTEREST M TO COMPARE WITH OUR OWN ANALYSIS. ENDS/NS/19 1210B

ACK MEBFOR MET PTA

CONFIRMATION TIMES AND FREQUENCIES YOUR FM45 ANALYSIS BROADCASTS STOP

METEOR FALKLANDS

METBPTA ****** 17/1/55 ******2200GMT .

CQ DE ZSC .

ANTARCTIC INFERENCE BASED ON THE 1200GMT OBSERVATIONON MONDAY 17/1/55 .

A WEDGE 1DEGREES 7 MB EXTENDS FROM
THE REGION BETWEEN THE FALKLANDS AND SOUTH GEORGIA IN/THE
INTERIOR OF THE WEDDEL SEA , IT IS MOVING
EASTWARDS AT 12 TO 15 KNOTS . THE
WINDSBETWEEN THE SANDWICH GROUP AND BOUVET ILSE WILL BE UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF THE WEDGE AND ARE EXPECTED TO CONTINUE FROM SOUTHERLY DIRECTIONS WITH FORCE 2 TO 4 .

STRONG CYCLONIC ACTIVITY TAKES PLACE BETWEEN THE MERIDIAN OF BOUVET AND THAT OF KERGUELEN . THE MAJOR CENTRE IN THIS DISTURBED AREA IS AT PRESENT FOUND AT ODEGREES SOUTH 20 DEGREES WEST EAST RPT THE MAJOR CENTRE IS AT PRESENT FOUND AT 6DEGREES SOUTH 2DEGREES EAST 958MB FROM WHERE IT IS MOVING EASTWARDS AT 20 DEGREES KNOTS A SECWHICH IS SITUATED AT 52 SOUTH SOUTHEAST OF MARION 97DEGREES MB WILL LIKELY MOVE SOUTHSOUTHEASTWARDS AND MERGE WITH THE OLDER SYSTEM . DUE WEST OF MARION AT ZDEGREES EAST A NEW SECONDARY IS ON ITS WAY EASTSOUTH EASTWARDS AT 35 KNOTS UNDER DEEPENING . FINALLY A DEEP STORM LOW IS CENTRED BETWEEN THE KERGEULENS AND HEARD IS. 962MB. WINDS OFF WESTREN ENDERBY LAND WILL FRESHEN TO GALE FORCE FROM EASTERLY DIRECTION EARLY TONIGHT.

DURING TOMORROW THEY ARE EXPECTED TO TURN TO SOUTH AND

SOUTH WEST WITH SNOWSHOWERS. THE ATLANTIC HIGH HAS ITS MAX 1DEGREE 22MB AT 36 SOUTH DUE WEST OF TRISTAN .

THE INDIAN OCEAN HIGH HAS ONE CELL 4DEGREE SOUTH 4MB , SOUTH OF MADAGASCAR AT 33SOUTH AND ANOTHER AT 4DEGREES SOUTH

1DEGREES EAST .

OK PSE

Interes.

Thedie sock or

///// Private Bag 97.



25-1-1955

(For Attention Mr. Stewart).

Under Secretary,
Telecommunication,
G.P.O.
PRETORIA.

WHALING SHIP COLLECTIVE BROADCAST 1230 GMT.

The Whaling ship broadcasts at 1230 are being intercepted at Stanley in the Falkland Islands but due to a Meteorological broadcast originated from there it is not possible to continue interception after 1300 GMT and when messages exceed about 300 groups (as they sometimes do) part is completed in 30 minutes it would be appreciated if the time of commencement could be advanced to 1215 GMT.

DIRECTOR.

JAK/HEP. 25/1/1955.

/ mi * * * * * *

KONINKLIJK NEDERLANDS METEOROLOGISCH INSTITUUT DE BILT (Holland)

12

Onze/Our rel. 405/IV

Betr./Re:

8 January, 1955 Uw/Your rel. No. M.13/1/4/3

Bijlage(n)/Enclosure(s)



De Bilt, 18 January, 1955.

Telefoon No. 28041 Postgire No. 4465

To/ the Director of the Weather Bureau Department of Transport Private Bag 97

Pretoria.
South Africa.

Dear Sir,

From your letter M.13/1/4/3 of 8 January, 1955, it appears that my telegram of 5th January has been misunderstoom. This telegram ran:- "Please send secret met.code for tanker Papendrecht under way to Antarctic to South Georgia before 22 January. Address Salvesen Company".

The ship left Curação, where it bunkered, on 3rd January and will arrive at South Georgia between 22nd and 25th January. I thought the shortest and safest way would be if you could send the code straight to South Georgia where "Salvesen Company" is the postal address for the Papendrecht.

I now sent the code enclosed by you in your above mentioned letter, by airmail to that address in the hope it will arrive in time.

Yours sincerely for the Director-in-Chief

(J.W.Termitelen)
Director, Section
Oceanography and Mar.Meteorology.

.d.1, - I - Model 1050

Interes

This cable to be

irector of the Weather Bureau tment of Transport te Bag 97 t o r i a.

Africa.

DEPARTEMENT VAN VERLORIA

PRETORIA

PRETORIA

PRETORIA

PRETORIA

PRETORIA

na Hosporkanton gestuur on apenden

f 8 January, 1955, it nuary has been misunderstood. ecret met.code for tanker to South Georgia before ny".

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Yours sincerely for the Director-in-Ohief

(J.W.Termitelen)
Director Section
Oceanography and Mar.Meteorology.

.at.I. - I - Model 1050

101.

13/1/4/3

10 JAN 1955

1 9 JAN 1986

TO THE OFFICER IN CHARGE CAPE TOWN RADIO 19-1-55 M18

MET FALKLAND ISLANDS REPORTS THAT INTERCEPTION OF HWALING SHIP COLLECTIVE AT PORT STANLEY IS GOOD BUT THEY ARE MISSING THE END OF THE BROADCAST AT TIMES DUE TO THE FACT THAT FALKLANDS ISLAND BROADCAST STARTS AT 1300GMT. SHOULD BE BROADCAST IS COMPLETED BY 1300GMT.

TOT 1100B/MEB ENDS OK PSE ??

(PLEASE INCLUDE WITH WHALING SHIP COLLECTIVE TO CT RADIO)

13/1/4/3

7 9 JAN 1955

MEMO O C CAPE TOWN RADIO TO MET PRETORIA

19-1-55



REF YOUR M18 .

ABOUT 300 GROUPS CAN BE FORWARDED WITHIN

MANAXHAX

30 MINUTES STOP IF WHALING COLLECTIVE IS TO EXCEED THIS NUMBER OF GROUPS OFTEN SUGGEST YOU APPROACH G P O PRETORIA POR NECESSARY AUTHORITY FOR THIS STATION BEGIN BROADCAST AT 1215GMT STOP THIS WILL MEAN THAT COLLECTIVE MUST BE IN THIS OFFICE BY AT LEAST 2PM LOCAL TIME FOR PREPERATION.

2 -1-1955

AIR MAIL

Secretary General, World Meteorological Organisation, 1 Avenue de la Paix, OENEVA. Switzerland.

AMENDMENT TO FASICULE III PUBL. 9

Owing to the increasing length of the Whaling Ship collective broadcasts and the necessity for ending transmissions before 1300 GMT the time of transmission of the Whaling Ship Collective Broadcast has been advanced to from 1230 to 1215 GMT.

DIRECTOR

JAK./ALG. 29-1-55 season arrangements might be made for R.A.A.F. Perth (VNPE) to intercept the Capetown transmissions which would be assisted if South Africa could arrange for the inclusion of the data broadcast in the 1415 GMT message to be included also in the following 0300 GMT transmission from ZSL9.

- 7. Experience during the 1952/53 season has indicated that adoption of the following suggestions would considerably improve the general standard of the scheme during 1953/54:-
- 7.1. The collection of reports from whaling ships would be improved by their transmission to either Perth Radio (VIP) or Sydney Radio (VIS). Authority has been recently given for Perth Radio to collect weather reports from ships on long range. Arrangements will be made with the Post and Telegraph's Department accordingly for the 1953/54 season.
- 7.2. It would be helpful if South Africa could arrange to distribute all cyphers in time to be received by the whaling ships before they arrive on the whaling grounds.
- 7.3. Whaling Companies and their Ship Masters should be impressed with the importance of co-operation in provision of weather reports whilst on the whaling grounds as the standard of the meteorological information provided to them in the INFERENCE broadcast messages depends very closely on such co-operation.
- 7.4. Reconsideration of the W/T frequencies used by Capetown (ZSL9) and Canberra (VNCN) for the emission of the special COLLECTIVE and INFERENCE broadcasts probably will be necessary for the 1953/54 season to account for any changes in radio propagation conditions which have occurred since 1952/53, with a view to ensuring the reception of these messages in Australia and South Africa respectively. The R.A.A.F. is prepared to consider the use of a special additional frequency for Canberra (VNCN) to improve the standard of interception of these messages in the general area of the South-West Indian Ocean if the standard frequencies are unsuitable for such interception.

7th October, 1953.

218 weather observations were made, of which only 96 were successfully transmitted to Sydney Radio.

- (iii) The ANALYSIS and INFERENCE broadcasts from VNCN were utilized on board the TONAN MARU as follows:-
 - (a) 1230Z Southern Ocean Analysis was detected and used on and from 15th January.
 - (b) 1530Z plain language inference was detected and utilized on and from 24th January.
 - (c) Whilst on the whaling grounds the aforesaid broadcasts were intercepted 85 to 90 per cent successfully.
- (iv) The Southern Ocean analysis was found extremely useful for the weather forecasting by the Japanese Whaling Fleets.
- 4. The co-operation received from whaling ships in the provision of weather reports may be summarised as follows. The "Southern Venturer" was the only ship which consistently reported. "Southern Collins", "Biscoe" and "Powell" also reported but rather intermittently. "Southern Harvester" and "Bransfield" reported in a code different from that arranged, whilst the Japanese whalers "Nisshin", "Tonan", "Gyokua", "Settu" Maru did not have their special code and encyphered their position by subtracting the day of the week. The numbers of reports received from the ships most frequently reporting are as follows:-

Southern Venturer	38
Bi scoe	17
Powell	13
Bransfield	20
Nisshin Maru	71
Tonan Maru	82

- 5. As just indicated, the co-operation from Japanese whalers was at first adversely affected by the facts that the Whaling Fleet had departed without possession of the correct cypher tables and that the Japanese Companies therefore had to work out their own code for use on the whaling ground. Eventually a copy of this code was received and thereafter the co-operation of the Japanese whalers was fairly satisfactory.
- 6. The South African COLLECTIVE and INFERENCE messages from ZSL9 could not be received at Canberra (VNCN), although every effort was made by the R.A.A.F. to intercept these messages on the transmitting frequency 16285 kes and also on 17635 kes issued on 25th February,1953. The RAAF has reported that these transmissions were inaudible at Canberra but could be heard at Perth (VNPE) when it was practicable for R.A.A.F. to intercept at this station. The R.A.A.F. considers that the frequency 16285 kes chosen for the Capetown transmissions was in the most satisfactory frequency bracket, but it would appear to be desirable to move the 0300 GMT transmission forward to 0500 GMT when propagation conditions would be more stable. The R.A.A.F. suggests that during the next

AUSTRALIAN METEOROLOGICAL SERVICE

53/2145

REVIEW OF WHALING SHIP REPORTING ORGANISATION - 1952/53 SEASON

- 1. In general the results of the Whaling Ship Reporting Scheme during the 1952/53 season were disappointing. The operation of the scheme revealed some weakness which should be possible of correction in the 1953/54 season with much better results. Relatively few reports were received in Australia from whaling ships. This adversely affected the quality of the "inference" broadcasts from Canberra (VNCN) as little meteorological data was available from the Southern Ocean Areas of major interest to the whalers. Unfavourable ionospheric conditions prohibited the reception of the Capetown (ZSL9) and Canberra (VNCN) special broadcasts of COLLECTIVE and INFERENCE messages in Australia and South Africa respectively despite the use of special W/T frequencies.
- 2. Arrangements were made with the Post & Telegraph's Department and the Overseas Telecommunications Commission for the collection of weather reports from whaling ships by Sydney Radio Station (VIS). Arrangements were also made with the Royal Australian Air Force for the assembling of the aforesaid reports into a collective message for broadcast once daily from Canberra (VNCN) at 1600Z and also for the broadcasting of plain language inference statements covering the area south of latitude 50° between longitude 90°E and 180°E from Canberra (VNCN) at 1530Z daily. The President CMM and the Secretary-General WMO and Directors of neighbouring Meteorological Services were advised of these arrangements directly and also through the WMO Circular 11386/52 of the 3rd December, 1952, issued by the Secretary-General.
- 3. The INFERENCE Broadcasts were commenced in early December on the normal W/T frequencies for Canberra (VNCN) at this time and also on the additional frequency 15995 kes from late in January. The receipt of reports from whaling ships did not commence until January, thus delaying the commencement of the reports COLLECTIVE broadcasts from Canberra until this month.
- 4. The only reports available on the standard of reception of the Australian broadcast messages are those received from the Director, Weather Bureau, South Africa and from the Director, Central Meteorological Observatory, Tokyo. The former has reported that South Africa was unable to intercept the Canberra (VNCN) broadcasts, also attempts were made to do so at all times of transmission and on all frequencies used. The report received from the latter authority may be summarised as follows, based on the experience aboard the Japanese whaling mother ship the TONAN MARU:-
 - (i) The transmission of weather reports to Sydney Radio (VIS) was only partially successful, due to poor sensitivities and the traffic on the short wave communication system.
 - (ii) Whilst on the whaling grounds from the 22nd January to the 17th March

a proposal, and if no contrary opinion is expressed this system will be adopted. Dr. Schumann is arranging to send copies of the tables to the Meteorological Services of those countries which operate whaling ships for issue in the very ment future. Any ship that calls at Cape Town and does not happen to be in possession of the tables will be able to obtain one direct from Dr. Schumann. Then a new table is received aboard a ship old tables should be destroyed as some difficulty has been experienced due to ships using old tables after new ones have been issued.

I am, my dear Colleague,

(Signed) C.E.F. Frankoom President CKH My dear Colleague,

Further to my letter MCP 13/51 of 8th October, 1952, about radio weather messages from whaling ships in the Southern Ocean, I have received a letter from Dr. Schumann, Director of the South African Meteorological Service, in which he comments upon the success of this Schome during the 1952/53 whaling season.

Extracts from his letter are as follows:

"Altogether 3363 reports from whaling ships South of the Equator were received compared with 2706 in the 1951-52 season, 1743 in the 1950-51 season and 1139 in the 1949-50 season. The improvement is better than the figures indicate as a smaller number of whaling factory ships operated in the 1952-53 seasons than in any of the other seasons referred to.

All reports received were rebroadcast with positions enciphered in the table set aside for this purpose. Transmissions were made at 1415Z and repeated at 0300Z on another frequency. Reception at Port Stanley and South Georgia was reported to have been good and reports were received regularly. Reception in Australia was not, however, satisfactory but we did not receive advice of this until 30th January. The time of the 0300Z transmission was then changed to 0500Z and the frequency altered from 16285 kcs to 17635 kcs but although a reception report was requested from the Director of the Australian Meteorological Branch none has yet come to hand.

Apart from Whaling Factory ships very useful reports were provided by tankers, supply ships, etc. and it is strongly recommended that these ships should be encouraged to report and not only the Whaling Factory ships. Catchers usually operate in cose proximity to factory ships and reports from these are of comparatively little value except when they are separated from the factory ship.

The total number of reports received from all ships is made up as follows:

Willem Barondsz	383
Kosmos IV	360
Pelagos	329
Suderoy	285
Lancing	240
Norhval	207
Southern Garden	181
Sir James Clark Ross	152

Stand of the Sis

The 1954-55 whaling season is now in full swing; This secretariat has received notification that all the British whaling companies have again been advised of the availability of Perth Radio Station as an alternative to Bydney Radio for the collection of radio weather messages. It is hoped that all other Member countries operating whaling ships will have taken similar all other Member countries operating whaling ships will have taken similar steps. At this point, we can only hope that the excellent occupation and constant endeavour shown by various Meteorological Services in implementing the scheme will yield more satisfactory results than in the previous two seasons.

d. It is known that some whaling ships operating in the region did not report observations: Among these is one which had been most cooperative during previous seasons. The reason given in answer to an enquiry by South Africa, was that sending weather reports interfered too much with the radio communications to the catcher and also because when catching, the additional work interfered with the activity in the radio room and on the bridge.

6. Conclusion

From the above results, it is clear that there is scope for improvement. The successful operation of the scheme depends on

- a. The willingness of whaling ships to cooperate.
- b. Their ability to transmit their reports easily and without disclosing their positions to rival ships.
- c. The ability of collecting centre to transmit their broadcasts to interested parties.

The cooperation of whaling ships has in general been fairly satisfactory, but it can be improved still further. It is reasonably certain that all whaling factory ships were in possession of cyphers to enable them to report during the 1953-54 season. That some did not report, is due to other reasons. The fact must be impressed on whaling operators that the successful operation of the scheme is in their interest, since it permits more accurate inference and forecasts destined for their use and protection.

The successful exchange of whaling ship broadcasts between Australia and South Africa will result in improved collaboration from ships, since it will then be possible to keep track of the movements of all reporting ships and will enable special radio messages to be sent to ships passing from one sector to another, requesting them to transmit their reports to the new collecting centre if this is not in fact being done. Experience shows good response from ships when they are made aware of the importance attached to their reports. It is of course essential to make it easier for ships to cooperate by making sure that they are aware of all the alternative stations to which they can transmit their reports.

The problem of communications on which the success of the scheme hinges is, ultimately, technological. Pending its satisfactory solution, temporary measures can be taken to improve conditions. For instance, in an attempt successfully to exchange broadcasts between Australia and South Africa, arrangements have been made to effect this exchange via RAF channels, through Nairobi. Reports are not yet available on the degree of success of this attempt. Alternatively, it would be possible to follow the suggestion of the President of CMM to use Colombo, which has a powerful radio station, as a relay between South Africa and Australia. Similarly, if everything else fails, Port Stanley may be used to reconsiderate collective messages destined for Argentina.

at the number of such ships would be insignificant during the coming seasons.

The success of the scheme hinges on adequate communications between whalers and collecting centres, between the collecting centres themselves and between them and other interested Meteorological Services. It is in this respect that the operation of the scheme during the 1952-53 seasons was least successful. The following steps were taken to improve conditions:

- a. Arrangements were made to enable whaling vessels to transmit their observations to Perth Radio and the Meteorological Services of countries operating whaling Factories were duly notified of the arrangements.
- b. The O300 GMT transmission from Cape Town was changed to O500 GMT when propagation conditions are more stable, in an attempt to provide easier interception in Australia of the South African broadcasts.
- c. The R.A.A.F. indicated its willingness to consider the use of a special additional frequency for Canberra to improve the standard of interception of the collective messages in the general area of the South-West Indian Ocean if the standard frequencies used proved unsuitable for such interception.
- d. In order to enable Argentina to receive the collective messages, the President of CMM suggested that the broadcast be relayed by the Falkland Islands, where reception is satisfactory. However, action on this suggestion was delayed pending receipt of information from Argentina on whether any of the transmitters at Pretoria or Simon bwn was audible in Buenos Aires, in which case the possibility of repeating the broadcast on one of these transmitters would be investigated.

The suggestion of the Falkland Islands that the 1200 GMT observations be included in the 1415 GMT broadcast was found impracticable since few observations were received before 1400 GMT.

5. Results during the 1953-54 season

At the end of the 1953-54 season, the President of CMM invited participating countries to submit reports on the operation of the scheme during this season. The total number of observations received in South Africa from whaling ships was 3750 - a 12 % increase over the previous year. Nevertheless the season was disappointing for the following reasons:

- a. Changes of time of transmission and frequency did not seem to improve the ability to exchange reports between Australia and the Union of South Africa.
 - b. South African broadcasts were again inaudible in Argentina.
- c. Less reports were received in Australia direct from ships than in the previous season in spite of the availability of Perth Radio Station as an alternative to Sydney.

3. Results during the 1952-53 season

- a. South Africa: Twenty-two ships of different nationalities contributed a total of 3363 weather reports. This compares favorably with the 2706, 1743 and 1139 messages received during the three previous seasons. The improvement is actually better than the figures indicate as a smaller number of whaling factory ships operated during the 1952-53 season than in any of the other seasons referred to. Altogether the scheme worked satisfactorily from the viewpoint of South Africa although Australian broadcasts could not be satisfactorily intercepted. Annex 1* to the present report, contains some extracts from a letter of the Director, South African Meteorological Service, giving more details on the subject.
- b. Australia: In general, the results were disappointing. A fewer number of ships reported and the total number of messages contributed by them was proportionately small. Some difficulty was at times encountered by ships in transmitting their weather reports to Sydney due to poor sensitivities and the traffic on the short wave communication system.

These unsatisfactory results were accentuated by the fact that Canberra was not successful in receiving the South African Collective and Inference brandcasts (see Annex II)**.

- c. New Zealand: In a letter to the Secretariat, the Director of the New Zealand Meteorological Service stated that the report by Australia (Annex II) adequately covers the situation in his area.
 - d. Falkland Islands: The 1415GMT transmission was regularly received at good strength throughout the season. The 0300 GMT transmission was less reliable; but it was only rarely intercepted for reasons of staff limitations. The value of the broadcasts to the Falkland Islands was rather less than expected because few ships appeared to be operating in the area of South Georgia and the Falkland Islands, and because 1200 GMT observations were not included in the 1415 GMT broadcasts.
 - e. Argentina: Unable to intercept South African broadcasts.

A glimpse of the other side of the picture, namely, the value of the Antarctic inferences to the whaling fleets was provided by Japan and the Netherlands. Both declared that this information was used to great advantage by their whalers.

4. An analysis of the results and measures taken for their improvement

In general, the cooperation of the whaling floats during the 1952-53 season seems to have been satisfactory. However, the time was insufficient to issue cyphers to all whalers and it is likely that at least a few ships failed to report due to lack of the proper cypher. But this did not constitute a serious failure, especially since it was legitimate to hope

^{*} Annex to C.L. - MC/N° 44

^{**} Annex to C.L. - MC/N° 50

During the same month, the President CMM took the following action:

- (1) Wrote to the Director of the South African Meteorological Service who had suggested the scheme and volunteered to act as a coordinator, to take the necessary steps for supplying cyphers to the Directors of the Services concerned.
- (2) Wrote to Directors of the Meteorological Services of Argentina, Netherlands, Norway, United Kingdom, Uruguay and USSR asking them to endeavour to recruit whaling ships operated by their countries for the purpose of cooperating in the Scheme.
- (3) Wrote to CMM members of the above countries (with exception of the USSR, which did not have a CMM member) urging them to assist, in consultation with their Directors, in arranging this cooperation.

In accordance with the annex to Res. 24 (EC-III), whaling ships are to report to either Cape Town or Sydney in a cypher supplied by the South African Union Weather Bureau, and held only by the above two collecting centres and the whaling ships. Copies of this code were duly issued, either direct to ships calling at Cape Town, or through National Meteorological Services in the case of other ships. Copies were also sent to France and Australia for onward transmission to stations at Kerguelen, Amsterdam and Heard Islands with the next relief expedition so that they could be available when the 1953-54 whaling season began. It was also arranged that those ships which already held cyphers issued the previous year, and were not calling at Cape Town, would be able to use the same cyphers as on the previous year.

In their turn, the collecting centres must rebroadcast the information received from the ships in collective messages which exclude the name of the ships and in which their positions are encoded into another cypher held only by the Meteorological Services requiring the information. The particulars of the broadcasts were duly brought to the attention of interested Members.

It will be noted that the reports furnished by whaling ships are used in the preparation of inferences and forecasts for the Southern Oceans, which should be of great help to whaling fleets. Since the accuracy of these forecasts is in direct proportion to the information supplied by the whaling ships, the cooperation of as many ships as possible in the scheme is in their own interest.

In addition to the area South of 30° S and between 60° W and 90°W and that South of 50° S and between 90° E and 180° covered by Cape Town and Sydney respectively, the Falklands issue forecasts for whaling ships South of 50° S between 45° W and 10° W and between 70° W and 40° W. Thus the whole of the Southern Ocean with the exception of the sector between 70° W and 180° W is now covered by radio bulletins for shipping.

transmit their reports;

- (b) The South African Union Weather Bureau will undertake the preparation and duplication of individual ciphers for issue to each of the whaling factory ships operating in the Antarctic, copies of those ciphers will be held by the whaling factory ship and each of the two collecting centres and by no one else;
- (c) The two collecting centres will each make a daily broadcast of the reports received from whaling factory ships for interception in countries requiring whaling ships reports;
- (d) The broadcasts, referred to in (c), will exclude the name of the whaling factory ship and the position of the ship will be encoded into another cipher to be held only by Meteorological Services, requiring the broadcasts and not by any of the whaling factory ships;
- (e) The preparation and distribution of ciphers for the broadcasts mentioned under (d) will be undertaken by the Union Weather Bureau;
- (f) In return for the reports from the factory ships, the two collecting authorities will broadcast daily weather bulletins for the express use of the ships in the Southern Ocean, on the lines of the Antarctic Inference broadcast from Cape Town during the whaling seasons of the past few years."

The resolution has now been in effect for two seasons. The following is in the nature of an interim report designed to give interested Members an overall picture of the operation of the scheme during the seasons 1952-1953 and 1953-54, to analyze the results and study the possibility for improvement before a final report on the success of the scheme is submitted to the Executive Committee in accordance with the last paragraph of the above resolution.

2. Implementation of the Scheme

Res. 24 (EC-III) affects two categories of countries:

- (1) Countries bordering the Southern Oceans where whaling takes place. These are: Argentina, Australia, Chile, New Zealand, Union of South Africa, United Kingdom (for Falkland Islands), and Uruguay. Brazil at its own request was included in this category.
- (2) Countries operating whaling ships: Argentina, the Netherlands, Norway, United Kingdom, USSR and Japan.

In October 1952, the WMO Secretariat distributed a circular letter bringing the above resolution to the attention of interested Members, the Presidents of CMM and CSM, as well as the Presidents of RA I, II and III. The Secretariat also wanteto the Secretary of the International Whaling Commission, who offered his help and volunteered to inform contracting members of his organization of the scheme.

REPORT ON THE OPERATION OF WHALING SHIPS REPORTS SCHEME *

1. Introduction

During its third Session (9-24 September 1952) the Executive Committee passed the following resolution:

24 (EC-III) "Confidential position code for use of whaling ships"

"THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE,

NOTING,

- (1) Resolution 37 (CD Washington 1947);
- (2) The desirability of obtaining weather messages from whaling ships;
- (3) That the captains of whaling ships will not normally disclose the positions of their ships;
- (4) That the provision of a confidential code for reporting the position of ships has, in the past, enabled certain services to obtain meteorological reports from the captains of whaling ships;

AUTHORIZES a deviation from Resolution 37 (CD Washington 1947) for this purpose; and

REQUESTS the President of the Commission for Maritime Meteorology,

- (1) In collaboration with the Secretariat to introduce a scheme on the lines given in the Annex to this Resolution;
- (2) In consultation with the Presidents of Regional Associations I, III and V to submit to the Executive Committee a report on the success of the scheme after it has been in operation for two or three whaling seasons.

ANNEX

Procedure adopted for the collection and distribution of weather messages from whaling ships

(a) Cape Town and Sydney will be designated as the two centres for the collection of weather messages from whaling ships; ships will be given complete freedom in choosing to which of the two centres they

^{*)} Available in English only.

31-1-1955

**** BY CABLE *****

TO MET FALKLANDS

FROM MET PRETORIA

28-1-55

WHALING SHIP BROADCAST NOW 1215 GMT •

ENDS FIGS 1215

OK PSE ??

9996

(7)

Postgeld moet vooruit betsal word. Postege should be prepaid.



UNIE VAN SUID-AFRIKA.

Mold ash, in a antwored in reply please quote Na33/11441/52.



POSKANTOOR, POST OFFICE,

PRETORIA.

2 February, 1955.

THE DIRECTOR,
WEATHER BUREAU,
PRIVATE BAG 97,
PRETORIA.

WHALING SHIP COLLECTIVE BROADCAST.

With reference to your minute No. M.13/1/4/3, dated 25 January, 1955, I have to inform you that the time of the above mentioned transmission was advanced to 1215 gmt with effect from 29 January, 1955.

As requested telephonically, arrangements have been made for the disposal of a daily weather message to H.M.S.A.S. "Transvaal".

POSTMASTER-GENERAL.

Postmaster General, G.P.O., PRETORIA.

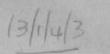
WHALING SHIP COLLECTIVE BROADCAST.

With reference to your minute 33/11441/52 of 2nd February the daily weather message to S.A.S. Transvaal may now be discontinued. The facilities you have afforded for making these broadcasts are much appreciated.

DIRECTOR.

8/2/55

222







No. 53/2145

DEPT. OF INTERIOR, P.O. BOX 1289 K, MELBOURNE, VIC.

20th Jamiary, 1955.

AIR MAIL

The President, W.M.C. Commission for Maritime Meteorology, Meteorological Office, Air Ministry, Heedstone Drive, HARROW, Middlesex. England.

My Dear President,

Before replying to your letter MCP 13/53 of 25th November, 1954, I thought it better to await experience of the results of the action you kindly took on receipt of my letter of the 29th October, 1954, concerning the poor response received from whaling ships during the 1953-54 season.

- 2. So far this season, we have received reports only from 3 Japanese whalers which, as you appreciate, is the same as the response received last season, so we are concerned regarding the efficient fulfilment of the responsibility we undertook for the issue of the Scuthern Ocean inference message without adequate reports for its preparation.
- 3. We are not in a position to know whether there are any whalers operating within the Australian area for collection of ships weather reports; perhaps Dr. Schumenn from the greater number of reports which are apparently collected by Capetown, might be able to advise on this aspect. We are in a particularly difficult position here on this problem because of the impossibility of intercepting in Australia, the South African broadcasts containing the wheling ship reports received at Capetown from ships which might be operating within the Australian sector.
- 4. The President of R.A.V. has suggested to us that we may be able to improve the position by direct approach to the Directors of the Meteorological Services of those countries whose ships undertake whaling operations in the Southern Ocean. We intend taking this action after the results of the current whaling season are known. In the meantime, it is thought that an enquiry from you to Dr. Schumann might result in at least alleviation of the problem during the current season.

With kind regards, Yours sincerely,

> (Sgd.) E.W. Timeke. Director.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE,

AIR MINISTRY,

HEADSTONE DRIVE,

HARROW,

MIDDLESEX.

9 K,

29th January, 1955.

1955.

IMPORTANT

All communications must be addressed to THE DIRECTOR.

In reply to this letter quote

M 10 /53

Your Ref

Telegrams: WEATHER, HARROW Telephone: HARROW 4331 Ext.

Dear Dr. Schumann,

With reference to the attached copy of a letter from Mr. Timeke, you will note that he is again experiencing disappointing results from the whaling ships during the present season. I suppose that one reason he is only receiving reports direct from the Japanese ships may be that those are the only ships which are whaling in his area. I do not think it is the sort of question we could very well discuss by correspondence because I doubt if the individual whaling companies would like us to examine their movements too closely. I think we should assume that if any whaling ships were in the Australian sector they would report direct to Australia. If you have any evidence, however, that whaling ships in the Australian sector are reporting direct to you perhaps you could let Mr. Timcke know.

It seems to me, however, that the most urgent need is to think of some way by which broadcasts of whaling ship messages received at Capetown can be made available to Australia. If you can do anything about this I am sure Mr. Timcke will be very grateful.

President, Maritime Commission

Yours sincerely,

Dr. T.E.W. Schumann, The Director, Weather Bureau, Dept. of Transport,

Private Bag 97, Pretoria,

during the current season.

Union of South Africa.

Copy to: Mr. Timeke

southern ucean, we intend taking this action after the results of the current whaling season are known. In the meantime, it is thought that an enquiry from you to Dr. Schumann might result in at least alleviation of the problem

> With kind regards, Yours sincerely,

> > (Sgd.) E.W. Timeke. Director.

1954, I on you kindly ng the poor

panese whalers ast season, sponsibility ge without

ars operating ts: perhaps a particularly lity of ng the whaling

able to lons in the ///m///// Private Bag 97.

M.13/1/4/3.

11.6-2-1955

AIR MAIL.

The President,
W.M.O. Commission for Maritims Meteorology,
Meteorological Office,
Headstone Drive,
HARROW,
Middlesex,
England.

Dear President,

With reference to your letter MCP 13/53 of 29th January there have not been any whaling ships (excepting the Japanese) operating East of 60°E for some considerable time. Only two ships from which we have been receiving reports have crossed the 90°E Meridian. One of these the Balaena, was in the Australian sector for about four days and reached 100°E and during this period continued to send reports to Cape Town. The other (Kosmos IV) spent about a fortnight in the Australian sector and did not report to us while East of 90°E.

Altogether we have already received more than 3,000 reports and all ships except the Slava and the Olimpic Challenger have reported to this Weather Bureau.

It is most unfortunate that our whaling ship collectives cannot be heard in Australia and Australian broadcasts in South Africa in spite of trials at all available frequencies and times of transmission. I did hope that the HAF link through Mairobi (the use of which has been authorised) was the most practicable solution to the problem of exchanging reports but Mr. Timcke's last advice was that the opening of the link had been delayed due to some of the equipment not being available.

an

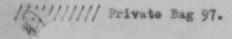
Yours sincerely,

T. SCHUMANN

DIRECTOR.

JAK/LR 11-2-55.





PER LUGPOS
PER LUGPOS

M.13/1/4/3.

796-2-1955

Mr. E.W. Timake, Director, Meteorological Branch, P.O. Box 1289K, MRLBOURNE.

Bear Mr. Timoke,

Commander Frankcom has written and sent me a copy of your letter (No. 53/2145) and for your information I enclose a copy of my reply to him.

With the hope that reception conditions may have improved since last year I may mention that our whaling ship collective broadcasts now begin at 1215 GMT and are made on a frequency of 17165.6 kgs.

When is the R.A.F. Nairobi-Helbourne now expected to be in operation? I think the exchange of reports on this channel will prove far more practicable than any broadcast exchange.

my

Kind regards,

Yours sincerely,

T. SCHUMANN

DIRECTOR.

JAK/LR 11-2-59.

JAK/LR 11-2-55.

W.13/3/4/3.

Pears windowsly,

T. SCHUMANN

19777777 Printed that St.

1.	2.	3.	4.	5.		6.	
Simonstown ⁴)	GYK GYK2 GYK4 GYK5 GYK6 GYK7	90.1 4247 8582 12741 16988 22407	A1,A2. A1,A2. A1,A2. A1,A2. A1,A2.	1015,1800) 1800) 1015, 1800) 1015,1800) 1015,1800) 1015.	1)	WMO. No. 9.	
Walvis Bay	ZSV3	458	A2	0950,1750	1)	WMO. No. 9.	

LIST OF SPECIAL SERVICE STATIONS.

PART 2. STATIONS TRANSMITTING REGULAR METEOROLOGICAL BULLETINS.

UNION OF SOUTH AFRICA AND TERRITORY OF SOUTH-WEST AFRICA.

- 1) Coast forecasts.
- 2) Broadcasting station of the South African Broadcasting Corp.
- 3) From mid-November to mid-March approximately.
- 4) Station controlled by the British Admiralty, London S.W.1.

1.		2. 3.	4.	5.	6.	
	ZSL ZSC5 ZSL4 ZSL6 ZSL7	119.15) 418) 8502) 17228) 22455)	A2	0930	1)	
Cape Town.	ZSL ZSC5 ZSL5 ZSL4 ZSL7	119.15) 418) 12772.5 8502) 22455)	A2	1730	wmo No. 9.	
	ZSP	2163	£A	1030,18485		
	ZSL2 ZSL2 ZSL4 ZSL3	119.15) 4725) 8502)	A2	2200	3) Antarctic); forecast.	
	ZSC7	6467)	A2	0500,1415	3) Whaling ship)	
Cape Town. 2) Brackenfel	-	656 557	A3	1125,2035	1) 2) WMO. No. 9.	
Durban 2)	-	566 692	A3	1125,2035	1) 2) WMO. No. 9.	
Durban	ZSD5 ZSD	432 1665	A2 A3	0950,1705)	1) WMO. No. 9.	
Germiston	ZTG	2868 6597 8862.5	Al	H 27-H 30 H 57-H 60 from 0454- 1554.	Weather messages for aircraft WMO. No. 9.	
Port Elizabeth	ZSQ4 ZSQ	472 1665	A2 A3	0920,1720)	1) WMO. No. 9.	
Pretoria Weather Bureau	ZRO2 ZRO3 ZRO4 ZRO5	7510 13600 1,8252 4013) A1	0700,0745,0 0900,1015,1 1300,1345,1	230, broadcast.	

\$. 75. (83)

Postage should be prepaid.

Telephone



Meld asb. in a antwoord In reply please quote No. 33/66011/50.

OLBRI GERMANGROFF The Director, Weather Bureau, Private Bag 97, PRETORIA.

POSKANTOOR, POST OFFICE,

> PRETORIA. /4 February, 1955.

WEATHER BULLETINS FOR SHIPPING.

With reference to your minute No. M.13/1/4/3, dated 13 December, 1954, it is not known whether the attached copy of information, forwarded to the International Telecommunication Union in September, 1954, was previously supplied to you.

The frequency of 5725 Kcs (ZSL 2) was changed to 4328 Kcs on 1 February, 1955, and will be further changed to another frequency with effect from March, 1955. This new frequency has not, as yet, been selected.

POSTMASPER-GENERAL.

				1554.	
Port Elizabeth	ZSQ4 ZSQ	472 1665	A2 A3	0920,1720) 1020,1820) 1)	WMO. No. 9.
Pretoria Weather Bureau	ZRO2 ZRO3 ZRO4 ZRO5	7510) 13600) 1,8252) 4013)	Ai	0700,0745,0815, 0900,1015,1230, 1300,1345,1430	Sub-continental broadcast. WMO. No. 9.

LIST OF SPECIAL SERVICE STATIONS.

Page 180. Cape Town replace the present particulars by the following:-

new frequency has not, as your work

ZSL4 ZSL4 ZSL5 ZSL6 ZSC5	119.15) 8502 12772.5 17228 418	A2	0930	bruery, 1955.
ZSL ZSL4 ZSL5 ZSL6 ZSC5	119.15) 8502 12772.5 17228 418	A2	1730	Coast forecast
ZSP	2163	A3	1030, 1848)	
ZSL2 ZSL3 ZSL4	119.15) 3741.5 6467 8502	A2	2200	3) Antarctic forecast
ZSC7	17165.5	A2	1215	3) Whaling Ship collective.

POSTHASTER-GERERAL

M13/1/4/3

Vermeld in a antwoord | No. 33/66011/50 In reply quate

ld most coornitheraul word.



UNIE VAN SUID-AFRIKA. UNION OF SOUTH AFRICA.



POSKANTOOR,

PRETORIA.

2 Maart 1955.

Die Direkteur, Weerburo, Privaatsak 97, PRETORIA.

WERELD METEOROLOGIESE ORGANISASIE.

Met verwysing na u diensbrief no. M.13/1/4/3, van 13 Desember 1954 stuur ek hierby 'n afskrif van inligting in verband met weeruitsendings wat vandag aan die Internasionale Telekommunikasie Unie verskaf is.

2 POSMEESTER-GENERAAL.

POSTMISTER-OMERAL-

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= 0 -3-1955

AAN MET PRETORIAM VAN HAWE WEERKUNDIGE BEAMPTE KAAPSAD. X38. 9-3-55.

M13/14/3

a message from the same and the same

the section of the se

Cu 9/3/55

DIE WALVIS SEISOEN EINDIG ONGEVEER 16 DE MAART. EK STEL VOOR DAT U HUL WEERDIENS VIR MINSTENS 1 WEEK NA DAARDIE DATUM AANHOU MET SPESIALE BETREKKING TOT DIE OMGEWINGS WAAR HULLE VAAR. SOMMIGEB SKEPE SAL SEKER OPHOU OM TE RAPPORTEER MAAR OM DIT TE VOORKOM MOET DIE VOLGENDE DEUR U IN HUL BULLETINS OP 14,15 EN 16 DE MAART XMXXXXXXX INGESIT WORD.. ,, WHALERS ARE REQUESTED TO CONTINUE THE TRANSMISSION OF WEATHER REPORTS BETWEEN THE ICESRPT ICEFIELD AND THE EQUATOR ...,

ENDS/NS/90927B

ACK PLS?

ACK MEB FOR MET PTA

10-3-1955

343 82,-)

AAN WEERKANTOOR WINGFIELD VAN WEERBURO , PRETORIA 10-3-55 M 78 .



Bie J & Rour 10/3/55

INDIEN SLANGKOP RADIOSTASIE SIE RPT DIE SINOPTIESE BERIGTE VAN
MARION / EILAND VRA , GEE DIT ASB AAN HULLE STOP WE DIE
WALVISSKOP ABRAHAM LARSEN WIL DIT HE OP SY TERUGREIS . DIE
POSKANTOOR SAL DIE REELINGS VIR DIE VERSENDINGS TREF .
EINDE /KH/ 101042B
ERKEN ASB ???

ERKEN NS VIR WINGS

SPESTALE BETREKKING TOT DIE OMGEWINGS WAAR HULLE VAAR. SOMMIGEB
SKEPE SAL SEKER OPHOU OM TE RAPPORTEER MAAR OM DIT TE VOORKOM
MOET DIE VOLGENDE DEUR U IN HUL BULLETINS OP 14,15 EN 16 DE MAART
XMXXXXXXXX INGESIT WORD..., WHALERS ARE REQUESTED TO CONTINUE THE
TRANSMISSION OF WEATHER REPORTS BETWEEN THE ICESRPT ICEFIELD AND THE
EQUATOR...,

ENDS/NS/90927B

ACK PLS?

ACK MEB FOR MET PTA

WMO Secretariat No. 3302/55/DT/MA/WS

INTERNATIONAL WHALING COMMISSION

Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries Fisheries Department, 3 Whitehall Place, LONDON S.W.1.

Ref. No. M.R. 1956/55/DT/MA/WS

17 February 1955.

Dear Sir,

I have to thank you for your letter of 31st January 1955 and beg to remind you that a copy of your letter of 17th Wovember 1952 as well as a copy of Prof. Mieghem's report of 17th February 1953 was forwarded to all Contracting Governments for their information.

As already explained to you in my letter of 22nd May 1952
wherein I gave you some information regarding the powers of this
Commission, the Commission could not of course make it obligatory
on factory ships to report meteorological observations. There would
therefore be no point in putting this matter on the agenda for the
seventh meeting which is now with the Contracting Governments for
final approval.

I note, however, that in your letter of 31st January you say that "the co-operation of the whaling ships has been encouraging". You no doubt realise that a large number of the 17 Contracting Governments do not engage in whaling at all in the Antarctic. It would be interesting to know therefore how many of the Whaling Companies are not co-operating - if any.

Tours faitfully,

(Signed) A.T.A. Dobson
Secretary to the Commission.

Dr. G. Swoboda, M. M. World Meteorological Organization, 1 Avenue de la Paix, GENEVE.

WORLD METEOROLOGICAL ODGAMISATION SECRETARIAT: GENEVA Switzerland) 1956/55/DT/MA/WS 31 January 1955. Dear Sir,

In our letter to you dated 17 October 1952, we informed you of Resolution 24, which was passed during the third session of the Executive Committee of the World Meteorological Organization. The annex to this resolution describes a scheme by means of which whaling factories, fishing in Antarctic waters, report meteorological observations to collecting centres in the Southern Hemisphere, without disclosing their positions. The information thus gathered is used in preparing weather inferences and forecasts which are broadcast for the use of the whalers.

The operation of the above scheme is now in its third season and I am happy to be able to report that the cooperation of the whaling ships has been encouraging. Moreover, we sincerely believe that these whaling ships which have so far failed to participate in the scheme will do so when they realize the importance attached to the meteorological observations which they can supply during their whaling operations and the fact that their full participation in the WMO scheme will be instrumental in greatly improving the accuracy of the weather inferences and forecasts issued for their own use and protection.

I understand that the Seventh Whaling Conference will open in Moscow on 18 July 1955. This, I believe, might afford an excellent opportunity for discussing the mutual benefits that will accrue from more complete participation by Whaling Factories in the WMO Scheme. I therefore would like to know whether the agenda for the Conference has already been prepared and, if so, whether it contains any items dealing with the possibility of fuller collaboration between Whaling Factories and certain designated Meteorological Services in the Southern Hemisphere.

Yours sincerely,

(Sg.) G. SWOBODA

(Dr. G. Swoboda) Acting Secretary-General.

Mr. A.T.A. Dobson, Secretary Sub. Whaling Commission, Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries, 3, Whitehall Place, LONDON N.W.1, England.

WORLD METEOROLOGICAL ORGANIZATION - ORGANISATION MÉTÉOROLOGIQUE MONDIALE SECRETARIAT: AVENUE DE LA PAIX, CAMPAGNE RIGOT - GENEVE Telegrams/Télégrammes: METEOMOND GENEVE Telephone/Téléphone: 33 51 40 Please address all replies to the Secretary-General. Veuillez adresser votre réponse au Secrétaire général. GENÈVE, 8 March 1955. in reply refer to/Dans la réponse, mentionner BY AIRMAIL No. 4350/55/DT/MA/WS Annexes: In our latter to you desire IV Scholage 1952, we inferred you of Supplier 24, which was provide Septem time third named in all time Bestudies Completes of the Public Harmon's proof Superiorities. the walker to this resolution from the a solution to beauty of extent notion, fishing is whereth matrix house a section Dear Dr. Schumann, I am forwarding herewith copies of a letter addressed by this Secretariat to the Secretary of the International Whaling Commission and of his reply. I believe Mr. Dobson's letter affords another opportunity to attempt to enlist better cooperation from ships whaling in

I believe Mr. Dobson's letter affords another opportunity to attempt to enlist better cooperation from ships whaling in Antarctic waters. I should therefore be grateful if you would send me, at your earliest convenience, a short report on the different whaling companies which have been reporting direct to your Service during the 1954-55 season, together with any evidence of the presence in your sector of whalers which failed to report. I shall then bring this matter to the attention of Mr. Dobson, hoping that suitable action for improved cooperation will then be taken by him.

Yours sincerely,

g. owoods

(G. Swoboda)
Acting Secretary-General.

Dr. T.E.W. Schumann, Weather Bureau, P.O. Box 399, PRETORIA, Union of South Africa.

1 9 -3-1955

Die Hawe Weerkundige Beampte, Posbus 2761, KAAPSTAD.

WEERVERSLAE VAN WALVISSKEPE.

Aangeheg is afskrifte van briewe van die Sekretariaat van WMO aan die Sekretaris van die Internasionale Walvis Kommissie en sy antwoord.

OF THE PERSONAL

Sal u asseblief wir my die gevraagde inligting so spoedig moontlik laat kry.

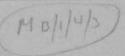
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DIREKTEUR.

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Notarings.

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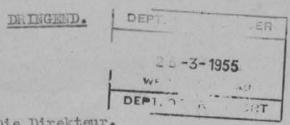


Geliene in a Antwoord to verwys un In Reply Please Quote

m. 13/1/4/3

UNIE VAN SUID-AFRIKA.—UNION OF SOUTH AFRICA.

KANTOOR VAN DIE-OFFICE OF THE



Hawe-weerkantoor, Posbus 2761, KAAPSTAD.

24 Maart 1955

Die Direkteur, Weerburo, Privaat Sak 97, PRETORIA.

WEERRAPPORTE VAN WALVISVAARDERS.

Met verwysing na u M. 13/1/4/3 gedateer 19
Maart 1955, deel ek u mee dat die toestend aangaande weerberigte van die Noorse, Britse en Nederlandse walvisvaarders
baie tevredigend is, en dat ons elke seisch goeie samewerking
van hierdie skepe kry.

Maar in teenstelling ontvang ons glad nie weerrapporte wan nog van die Russiese skip "SIAVA" nog van die Panemaanse skip "OLYMPIC CHALLENGER" nie, alhoewel hulle ons daaglikse bulleteine tot bul beskikking het. So ver ek weet werk hulle elke jaar in die seë suid van die Kaap.

Twee skepe waarvan ons ook niks gekry het nie, is die Japanese Fabriekskepe "MISSHIN MARU" en "TONAN MARU" en hierdie seisoen het ons net 6 weerberigte van die skip "KINJYO MARU" gekry. Maar die rede daarvoor is seker dat hulle oos van die lengtegraad 80°00S werk.

Met betrekking tot die "SLAVA" kan 'n mens niks anders verwag nie. Maar die "OLYMPIC CHALLENGER" behoort ons te help. Alhoewel dit onder die Panamaense vlag vaar, is die offisiere Duits. "SLAVA" en "OLYMPIC CHALLENGER" se tekortkomings behoort om voor die Internasionale Walvis Kommissie voorgelê te word.

Kopie vir die Verantwoordelike Beampte, Weerkantoor, Wingfield. A.B. Crawford
Hawe-weerkundige Beampte.

H. 13/1/4/3

SPECIAL WEATHER FORECAST SUPPLIED TO WHALER DURING ANTARCTIC WHALING SHASON.

Attention: Dr. SCHMIDT(?)

When I visited the BRANSFIELD the other day I met on board the Manager of the Hector Whaling Company (Cape Town) and this gentleman conveyed the best thanks of Captain Virik (Captain of the "BALAENA") for a special extra weather forecast supplied to his ship on one occasion during the whaling season. Not only was the forecast supplied in "amazingly short time" but its accuracy saved the Company much time and money which would have been wasted had not a special forecast been supplied. The information enabled him to avoid storms which were associated with the centre of a depression.

Port Meteorological Officer

die Panamaanse skip "CLYMPIC CHALLENGER" nie, alloewer in ons daaglikse bulleteine tot hul beskikking het. So ver weet werk hulle elke jaar in die seë suid van die Kaap.

Twee skepe waarvan ons ook niks gekry het nie, is die Japanese Fabriekskepe "NISSHIN MARU" en "TONAN MARU" en hierdie seisoen het ons net 6 weerberigte van die skip "KINJYO MARU" gekry. Maar die rede daarvoor is seker dat hulle oos van die lengtegraad 80°00S werk.

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Kopie vir die Verantwoordelike Beampte, Weerkantoor, Wingfield.

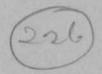
a. B. Crawford

TO MET PRETORIA

FROM PMO CAPE TOWN

X81 22/4/55

FOR ATTENTION MR KING



NUMBER OF REPORTS FROM WHALER AND TANKERS IN SOUTHERN
HEMISPHERE DURING 1954/55 SEASON 5110
WHICH IS AN INCREASE OF ABOUT 36% ON 1953/54 SEASON
FROM MET WINGS
GJV/ 1140B
ACK/MN G FOR PTA

Low Mars

COMMONWEALTH OF AUSTRALIA

In reply quote 53/2145

Meteorological Branch,
Dept. of Interior,
P.O. Box 1289K,
MELBOURNE Vic.

12th April, 1955

The Secretary-General,
World Meteorological Organization,
Avenue de la Paix,
Campagne Rigot,
GENEVA Switzerland

Dear Sir,

Whaling Ship Reports 1954-55 Season

With reference to your 4351/55/DT/MA/WS of 8th March, 1955, I wish to advise that according to an advice received from the Director, Meteorological Services, Union of South Africa apparently only two vessels previously reporting to Cape Town crossed into the Australian Sector. As the periods were only a matter of a few days one ship "Balaena" continued reporting to Cape Town whilst the other, "Kosmos IV" furnished reports to Australia. The only other known "Kosmos IV" furnished reports to Australia. The only other known whalers operating in the Australian Sector were Japanese ships viz. "Tonan Maru" (Nippon Suisan Kaisha Ltd.) and "Nisshin" and "Kinjo Maru" (Taiyo Gyogyo K.K.).

2. The number of reports received increased from 241 in 1953/54 to 355 for 1954/55, being made up as follows -

Tonan Maru Nisshin Maru Kinjo Maru Kosmos IV	71 112 162 10
Total	355

3. It will be noted that the number of reports received, although relatively few, was a marked increase over the number for the previous season. It would appear that there were no whalers operating in the Australian Sector which failed to furnish weather reports to Sydney, the Australian collecting centre.

Yours sincerely,

(sgd)

(J.C.FOLEY)
Acting Director of Meteorology

COMMONWEALTH OF AUSTRALIA.

TELEPHONE: FJ9171.



METEOROLOGICAL BRANCH,
DEPT. OF INTERIOR,
P.O. BOX 1289 K,
MELBOURNE, VIC.

AIR MAIL

20th April, 1955

Director, Weather Bureau, FRETORIA South Africa

13/14/3

Dear Dr.Schumann,

In reference to your letter M.13/1/4/3 of 16th February 1955, I am forwarding herewith for your information a copy of my advice to the Secretary General, W.M.Q. on the co-operation we have received from whaling ships during the 1954/55 season. It does appear now that all ships which were operating in the Australian sector co-operated according to the principles of the whaling ship reporting scheme. The advice contained in your letter M.13/1/4/3 of 11th February 1955 has been very helpful in making this position clear to me.

2. I can appreciate your interest in ascertaining the operational date for the RAAF Nairobi-RAAF Melbourne Circuit. The reason for the delay in this regard has been explained to Mr.King of your Service during his recent visit to Melbourne. We are pressing the matter with RAAF Melbourne with a view to availability of a channel at the earliest possible date.

Yours sincerely,

25 -4-1955
WEATHER BUREAU
DEPT. OF TRANSPORT

(J.C.FOLEY)
Acting Director of Meteorology

Encl.

(sgd)

(J.C.FOLEY)
Acting Director of Meteorology

COMMONWEALTH OF AUSTRALIA.

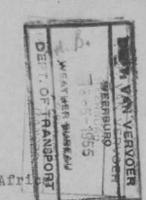
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TRIEFHONE, FJ 9171.

AIR MAIL

The Director,
Weather Bureau,
PRETORIA South Africa

My Dear Colleague,



METEOROLOGICAL BRANCH,
DEPT. OF INTERIOR,
P.O. BOX 1289 K,
MELBOURNE, VIG.

28th April, 1955

13/1/4/3

Whaling Ships Broadcast Ciphers

I omitted to advise you in my letter 53/2145 of 20th April, 1955, in reply to your M.13/1/4/3 that in future whaling seasons, we would like to receive six copies of the ciphers you produce for the encoding of whaling ship positions in broadcast messages. These additional copies are required for issue to the Weather Bureaux in Australia other than Melbourne, which use whaling ship reports in their daily analysis/forecasting programmes.

Yours sincerely,

(J.C.FOLEY)
Acting Director of Meteorology

(sgd)

(J.C.FOLEY)
Acting Director of Meteorology

5

WORLD METEOROLOGICAL ORGANIZATION

COMMISSION FOR MARITIME METEOROLOGY

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE. Air Ministry, Headstone Drive, HARROW (Middlesex). 4 August 1955.

My dear Colleague,

Reports from Whaling Ships

In my circular letter No. 666/55/DT/MA/WS (C.L.-MC/No. 87) of 12 January 1955, which was distributed on my behalf by the WMO Secretariat, I gave a report of the "whaling ship scheme" during the two seasons 1952-1953 and 1953-1954 and drew attention to the desirability of as many whaling ships as possible taking part in this scheme.

I am sure all Members of the World Meteorological Organization are appreciative of the contribution made by whaling ships of your country to this scheme during those two seasons.

Bearing in mind the meteorological importance of this area, I hope that your Meteorological Service will find it practicable to recruit whaling ships in order to play their part in this scheme during this coming season.

I have written separately to Mr. Solotoukhine, seeking the co-operation of the U.S.S.R. whaling vessel "Slava" during this coming season, and am also trying to secure the co-operation of the Panamanian whaling vessel "Olympic Challenger".

If you require further copies of the "position cypher" I suggest you apply direct to Dr. Schumann (South Africa), but if any whaling ships are calling at Cape Town they can undoubtedly be supplied with the cyphers by the Port Meteorological Officer there.

I am, my dear Colleague, Yours sincerely,

The Director, British Meteorological Service

The Director, South African Meteorological Service

The Director, Japanese Meteorological Service

The Director, Netherlands Meteorological Service

The Director, Norwegian Meteorological Service

Copy to: Dr. Schumann (South Africa)

Mr. Dwyer (Australia).

C.E.N. Frankcom Prosident

Commission for Maritime Meteorology

WORLD METEOROLOGICAL ORGANIZATION - ORGANISATION MÉTÉOROLOGIQUE MONDIALE SECRETARIAT: AVENUE DE LA PAIX, CAMPAGNE RIGOT - GENEVE Telephone/1 : 33 51 40 Telegrams/Télégrammes: METEOMOND GENEVE Please addr. ... replies to the Secretary-General. Veuillez adresser votre réponse au Secrétaire général. 4 August 1955. GENÈVE. in raply refer to/Dans in reponse, mentionner METROROLOGICAL OFFICE. No. 12174/55/DT/MA/WS

Dear Sir,

Annexes:

I am forwarding, at the request of the President of the CMM, his circular letter on the subject of the participation of your country in the WMO Whaling Ship Scheme during the 1955 - 1956 whaling season.

Yours faithfully,

(D.A. Davies)

Secretary-General

the street, but if my whaling ships are

Dr. T.E.W. Schumann, Director of Mateorological Service, Weather Bureau, P.O. Box 399, PRETORIA Union of South Africa